The New-York Times.

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THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

Our Forces on the North Side of the Rappahannock.

CAVALRY SKIRMISHING ON MONDAY.

The Enemy Driven to Brandy Station with Severe Loss.

Sharp Musketry Firing in the Vicinity of Rappahannock Station.

No General Engagement up to Yesterday Morning.

Reason of Gen. Meade's Withdrawal from the Rapidan.

A Forage Train Burned at Warrenton by Rebel Sympathizers.

Arrival of Wounded and Prisoners at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

Parties who arrived from the front this morning say there was considerable skirmishing yesterday between the cavalry on either side, and that smart musketry firing was heard yesterday afternoon in the vicinity of Rappahannock Station. It is presumed here, by persons generally well informed, that the movement of Gen. MEADE was, in fact, one previously decided upon, in case of certain contingencies, as is indicated by the sending to the rear, some time since, of certain articles of a cumbrous nature.

One hundred wounded from Gen. KILPATRICK's cavalry division reached here this morning. One hundred and thirty sick, from the same army corps, (the Second,) have also arrived. They were distributed among several of the hospitals.

A number of prisoners of war, captured near Raccoon Ford, on the 10th inst., have reached here from the Army of the Potomac.

It is represented that the fighting thus far has been purely on our side at least, by cavalry and artillery supports of cavalry, the main army not having been engaged at all.

Last night, at Warrenton Junction, some rebel sympathizers set fire to a train of cars containing hay and grain, doing some little damage.

Passengers who arrived here from the front this afternoon, state that yesterday a reconnoitering party of the Sixth corps crossed the Rappahannock, went a short distance beyond, and returned toward night to near Bealton.

Another reconnoitering party skirted up the right bank of the Rappahannock yesterday afternoon, and returned to the vicinity of Rappahannock Station last night.

There was some skirmishing along the lines yesterday, but all was quiet through the night up to a early hour this morning.

The loss in Gen. GREGG's division of cavalry is said to be severe. The Thirteenth and Fourteenth Pennsylvania and Tenth New-York suffering most.

On Sunday night our forces crossed the Rappahannock, and on Monday morning two corps recrossed and drove the enemy to Brandy Station, with a severe loss in killed, wounded and prisoners on the rebel side. They then received an order to fall back, which they did in good order.

Gen. BUFORD, with his cavalry, was on the left, KILPATRICK was in the centre, and GREGG on the right. GREGG and BUFORD succeeded in holding the enemy in check on the right and left until 9 o'clock, when acting under orders they fell back on our main body, the purpose of the movement having been effected.

The crossing by Gen. MEADE to the north side of the Rappahannock was made mainly at Kelly's Ford, and it was effected in admirable order.

Capt. RHODES and Lieuts. FRASTER and YOUNG, of the First Rhode Island cavalry, were seriously wounded.

The *Evening Star* says: "The skillful manœuvre by which Gen. MEADE checkmated his astute adversary, and, without loss of any sort to any appreciable extent, placed himself on the other side of Jordan, and in a position where he preferred to accept battle, seems to have considerably bothered the rebels, who do not seem inclined to fight unless with the Indian-like advantages of a surprise and an ambuscade. The change of position made by our army was effected without the slightest confusion, and the amount of stores destroyed or left behind beyond Culpepper would not make a car-load, all told."

The following officers wounded in the engagement on Sunday, arrived this morning from the Army of the Potomac: Lieut. Col. Crocker, of Gen. Pleasanton's staff, Dr. Fernwood, U. S. A., Lieut. Charles, 6th U. S. Cavalry, and Capt. W. J. Aiken, 6th New-York Cavalry.

SATURDAY'S FIGHT.

Bravery of Kilpatrick's Cavalry—Four Hundred Confederates Taken—Lee's Plans Defeated.

We slip the following particulars from the Washington *Star*, in reference to the fight of last Saturday:

On Saturday the rebel General STUART crossed Robertson's River and captured nearly the whole of the One Hundred and Sixth New-York, who were doing picket duty, but the Fifth Michigan cavalry made a charge, and recaptured most of the prisoners. Soon after, A. P. HILL's corps passed our right flank, and we fell back to James City and held the rebels in check with artillery.

On Sunday morning our whole reconnoitering force commenced falling back toward Culpepper, our rear being covered by artillery. Gen. BUFORD's cavalry fell back, as it happened, faster than KILPATRICK, who brought up the rear, so that the latter was cut off by STUART getting in his front, and on his right and left flanks. A charge was ordered, and Gen. CUSTER's brigade gallantly drove the enemy into a thicket of woods, from which they however rallied in larger numbers, and our cavalry then made a grand charge in their front and flanks, cutting their way through, and joined BUFORD.

Our artillery was brought into play during the day in covering our rear, and with terrible effect. In one instance the rebels charged upon one battery, (M, Second artillery,) when the canoneers mounted their horses, received the charge, and retreated in their guns, and gave the retreating rebs another, killing and wounding many of them.

In this combat our cavalry performed the unprecedented feat of making successful charges simultaneously in three directions.

Gen. KILPATRICK led the charges with reckless gallantry, cutting his way through several platoons of infantry drawn up in the road, in the midst of a fire from artillery on each flank.

On Saturday our loss was but slight, but yesterday, in killed, wounded, and missing, Gen. Kilpatrick lost about 150 men. Capt. Dodge, Acting Major 5th Michigan, was killed; Capt. Oliphant, of the same regiment, was wounded; Capt. Hastings, of the same regiment, is missing, and was last seen a prisoner; Capt. G. M. Deimer, Aid to Gen. Kilpatrick, was slightly wounded; Maj. Paulell, of 1st Michigan, and Lieut. Col. Sawyer, of 1st Vermont, are also slightly wounded.

Yesterday, about 400 prisoners, mostly of Gen. FITZ LEE's division, were brought into headquarters.

At 5 o'clock yesterday there was considerable skirmishing going on between the opposing cavalry and artillery, but it was thought that the enemy would fall back during the night.

About 5 o'clock to-day a train came down from Rappahannock Station, bringing about thirty-two wounded, mostly of the Michigan cavalry.

The report about that MEADE was compelled to destroy a large amount of commissary stores on Saturday, to prevent them from falling into the hands of the enemy, are untrue. Soldiers, when about to leave a camping-ground, will invariably make a bonfire of all the camp rubbish; and then it was that on Saturday night the camping-ground of the army to be vacated presented numerous fires, giving the idea of a pretty extensive conflagration, but, as already stated, very little of value was destroyed, and fifty bales of hay will doubtless cover the extent of our losses.

The idea held out by sensation reports about town to the effect that MEADE is retreating precipitately to Washington under pressure from LEE, following with an immense army, is absurdly erroneous, as those know who are aware how deliberately MEADE is changing his front, to guard against any possible surprise from LEE, should he attempt a flank movement. Late reports from Richmond show that the idea is entertained there that MEADE's army has been depleted to the extent of four army corps, for the reinforcement of ROSECRANS, and it may be that LEE is manœuvering to ascertain if our army is really as weak as reported.

If he is acting upon any supposition of the sort, he may encounter a disagreeable surprise, and find that the Army of the Potomac is quite as effective as when it staggered him at Gettysburgh.

The supposition is that LEE designed moving a force through Thoroughfare Gap, and rumor has it that the enemy has already appeared there; but to this case rumor must be considerably above of the fact, and, in any event, MEADE has the shortest line of march to Manassas, and can readily post himself so as to confront LEE wherever he may make his appearance—if, indeed, the latter is not already taking the back track, finding his plans defeated.

The following is the substance of information brought here by correspondents of the Northern Press:

"Gen. MEADE's army has fallen back to this side of the Rappahannock, followed by LEE's army, which is in great force about half a mile from the southern bank of that river.

The enemy made a feint of moving up the valley on the Southern bank of the Robertson River, and our cavalry, under BUFORD, crossed at Germania Ford and took possession of the earthworks abandoned by them. When our force was all across the enemy came against BUFORD in great force, drove him across the river, without time to destroy the crossing, and pursued him to Rappahannock Station.

KILPATRICK, with a force of cavalry and artillery, which had made a reconnoitering near Madison Court-house, was cut off yesterday afternoon on the road to Culpepper by a portion of EWELL's corps, which was formed across the only road by which he could retreat in twelve ranks, with two regiments on each flank. KILPATRICK was compelled to charge directly into the *cul de sac* there made by the enemy's formation. He led the charge in person, telling his men they must do or die.

The cavalry cut their way through under a concentrated fire such as has hardly been experienced by our troops during the war, and probably his rear, with his artillery, retired through Culpepper. KILPATRICK's loss in killed and wounded amounted to 150.

Gen. MEADE is said to have displayed good generalship in bringing his army back to the line of the Rappahannock. When the enemy made his feint of moving up the valley, MEADE also made a feint of following him in force to attack him in the rear, massing his troops at Raccoon Ford for that purpose.

This drew back LEE's army, so that the intended flanking movement was frustrated.

MEADE has brought off every wagon and all his stores to his new line."

DISASTER TO THE AFRICA.

She Strikes a Reef off Cape Race in a Thick Fog and Springs a Leak—Her Hull and Cargo Badly Damaged—No Lives Lost—Capt. Stone puts into St. Johns for Repairs.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Tuesday, Oct. 13.

The R. M. steamship *Africa*, from Liverpool 3d, *en route* to New-York, struck near Cape Race a 10 o'clock Monday night, and arrived here safely at 2 o'clock this Tuesday afternoon. The vessel is badly damaged.

SECOND DISPATCH.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Tuesday, Oct. 13.

The steamship *Africa*, in a dense fog, struck near Cape Race at 10 o'clock last night. The ship was put about before she struck, but took ground fore, aft, and amidships, and remained on the rocks half an hour. There was a considerable sea on with a southerly wind. The ship was much damaged. The boats were got ready, but not launched. After one hour the ship floated, and the pumps speedily cleared the ship.

Capt. STONE then headed for Halifax, but afterward thought prudent to bear up for here.

The cargo is much damaged. The ship makes a deal of water.

THE WAR IN THE SOUTHWEST.

CAIRO, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

The steamer *Albert Pearce*, from New-Orleans with a large cargo of sugar and molasses, has arrived.

The steamer *Southwestern* was fired into by guerrillas on Friday, a little below Helena.

Fighting is reported on the railroad east of Memphis on the 11th, but the result is unknown.

Gen. A. S. LEE, who was captured at Vicksburgh, had a force between Panola and Holly Springs, and it is understood he commands all the rebel troops in Northern Mississippi.

REYNOLDS, with 1,000 men and six pieces of artillery, had been encamped near New-Albany, on the Tallahatchie River; but has moved back toward Pontotoc. It is understood they are to tear up the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, when JOE JOHNSTON will move into West Tennessee, and make his headquarters at Jackson.

From California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

Money is in brisk demand, speculative investments in mining stock having apparently absorbed considerable capital for the time being.

The receipts of treasure since the sailing of the last steamer reach $2,000,000.

Atlantic currency exchange is nominal at the rate of 39@42 premium on Gold in New-York.

Six hundred and fifty thousand dollars in New-York bills, drawn towards the New Almada purchase, are in the market, somewhat unsettling exchange.

Legal tenders, 69c.@70c.

The rates of passage per steamer to-morrow are: Best first-class cabin rooms, $80; second cabin, $65; steerage, $135.

The Steamer Caledonia.

BOSTON, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

The British steamer *Caledonia*, which went ashore on Cape Cod nearly a year ago, and which was subsequently abandoned and sold as she lay on the beach, was finally floated off this morning, and is now being towed up to the city by the steamer *Charles Pearson*. The wreck was purchased on the beach for $14,000, and the purchasers will make a good thing by the speculation.

Political.

HINGHAMTOWN, N. Y., Tuesday, Oct. 13.

Gen. A. C. RIVES was nominated to-day as Democratic Member for the Ninth District.

FROM CHARLESTON HARBOR.

A Rebel Torpedo Exploded Under the Frigate Ironsides.

Serious Damage Suffered by the Vessel.

What the Charlestonians Say About It.

Fear of a Demonstration by the Rebel Rams.

Inactivity on the Part of the Navy.

The steamship *Continental*, Capt. MARTHMAN, from Charleston Bar Oct. 9, arrived yesterday. Our correspondent sends us the following important dispatch:

Special Correspondence of the New-York Times.

MORRIS ISLAND, Wednesday, S. C., Oct. 7.

On Monday night the camps on Morris and Folly Islands were aroused by the sound of picket firing proceeding from off Cummings' Point. The troops were ordered under arms and every precaution taken to resist a supposed attack of the enemy. It appears the affair was something more serious than an alarm. At 9 P. M. a torpedo was discovered by the naval picket boats stationed off Sullivan's Island floating down the tide toward the fleet, and before it could be checked, came in contact with the frigate *Ironsides*, exploding under her bow and causing serious damage to the vessel—so much so that it is under consideration of Admiral DAHLGREN to send her North for repairs. At the time the affair took place little could be ascertained of what had transpired by parties on shore, and it was only by the report of the musketry off Cummings' Point that even an inkling of a picket skirmish was arrived at. As far as can be learned no lives were lost on either side. The naval picket boats were attacked by the rebels also in boats at about the same time the torpedo was discovered. The *Ironsides* was lying 1,600 yards from Sullivan's Island and pretty well in toward Sumter.

Gen. GILLMORE took a trip to Hilton Head yesterday. He returns to Folly Island to-day.

It is thought the rebels may possibly make a demonstration on the fleet with their rams within a short time. This will doubtless be the case if the *Ironsides* is drawn off for repairs. Three monitors are away from the fleet—for what purpose it does not seem clear—and unless the Admiral keeps a sharp lookout the rebels will gain entire possession of the harbor.

Two "devils," recently towed from the North, are lying off Morris Island. They are intended to be used against the obstructions in the channel.

If it is intended to give the rebels a blow in this vicinity, something must be done immediately. What is wanted is a naval commander, and the sooner Government sends to Charleston Harbor a man fitted for the post, the better it will be for the country.

WHIT.

THE ATTACK ON THE IRONSIDES AND WHY IT FAILED.

From the Richmond Examiner of the 8th.

The report from Charleston is, that an attempt in the main unsuccessful has been made to blow up, with some kind of an infernal machine, the Yankee ship *Ironsides*. The failure is attributed to two causes—an insufficient amount of powder in the machine and its being ignited too near the water's edge. Though the destruction of the vessel was not effected, she may have been seriously damaged. When the torpedo exploded several feet in front of the Yankee gunboat in James River sheathing and planks were torn off, and many of her crew thrown overboard. Similar results may very probably have followed the explosion of the machine alongside the *Ironsides*.

Capt. MARTHMAN, of the *Continental*, makes the following report of the occurrence:

"On the night of the 5th, the rebels sent down a torpedo attached to a raft from the city to the ironclad *Ironsides*, lying at anchor off Fort Moultrie, which exploded under her bows, throwing a great volume of water on board, putting out all the fires killing Ensign HOWARD and wounding two seamen, but doing the vessel no damage. The man who had charge of the torpedo was captured, taken on board the *Ironsides*. The *Ironsides* remained at anchor off the Moultrie House, the monitors doing picket duty off Sumter."

Passengers by the *Continental* report that three of the monitors had been disabled by the recent fire from Moultrie. The monitors were sent to Hilton Head for repairs.

The officers of the navy were daily expecting that Admiral DAHLGREN would be superseded, and FARRAGUT appointed in his place.

THE INJURIES TO THE MONITORS.

A correspondent who has recently visited the monitors under repair at Station Creek, South Carolina, says:

"We first went on board the monitor *Patapsco*. Her turret is indented all round by the heavy projectiles from the rebel forts; but not a single shot penetrated even a single plate of which the turret consists. The smoke-stack, however, is completely shattered. Bolts that passed through have completely curled up the iron forming the smoke stack. From the *Patapsco* we went on board the *Weehawken*, which vessel was being improved by the addition at the bottom of the turret of an iron rim, five inches in thickness, and about fifteen inches deep. This improvement is being made in consequence of a piece of shell having been jammed between the bottom of the turret and the deck, preventing the latter from revolving, when the *Weehawken* was aground, at the time of the bombardment of Fort Moultrie. All the other vessels of the same class are to be furnished with a similar rim. These rims were brought in contrast by the *Onondaga*. The *Weehawken* was not hit so many times as the *Patapsco*, but we were shown a wound on her starboard side caused by a shot from Moultrie, through which the water is still slowly trickling, rendering a frequent recourse to the pump necessary."

Indiana Election.

INDIANAPOLIS, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

Election returns, as far as heard from in this State, for county officers indicate large Union gains. In this city the Union majority is 2,100, a gain of 600. In every county and precinct the reported gains are equally large.

Secretary CHASE is expected to visit this city to morrow.

Newark, N. J., Elections.

NEWARK, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

The Charter Election to-day, resulted in the election of Gen. THEODORE RUTHER, the Democratic candidate for Mayor, by less than 1,000 majority. The Democratic majority last year was about 1,800.

The Unionists have gained several aldermen and School Commissioners.

TWO DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Africa at St. Johns, N. F.

Reception of the News of the Contest at Chickamauga.

Comments of the British Press on the Battles.

Further Advance of 1 1-2 per cent. on the Confederate Loan.

No Confederate Recognition from France.

THE QUESTION OF THE REBEL CRUISERS

Maximilian's Conditions of Accepting the Mexican Throne.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Tuesday, Oct. 13.

The steamship *Africa* left Liverpool at 11½ A. M. of the 3d, and Queenstown the evening of the 4th.

The *Scotia* arrived at Queenstown at 5 A. M. of the 2d, and Liverpool early on the 3d.

The *Adriatic*, from New-York via St. Johns, arrived at Galway on the 4th.

The news by the *Scotia* of the defeat of ROSECRANS created considerable sensation, and caused a rise of five per cent. in the Confederate Loan, but the advance was not fully sustained, and closed about 25 discount.

The *Times* thinks that ROSECRANS was defeated by superior strategy rather than mere fighting, and says it is evident that the Federal troops contested the field, obstinately rallied when broken, and formed again and renewed the engagement repeatedly. They seem to have done all that bravery and determination could effect, but the greater skill of the Confederate Generals in combining the force which made the attack insured them victory.

The *Daily News* says Gen. BRAGG's victory over Gen. ROSECRANS is a striking demonstration of the wisdom of the new military policy of the Confederates in combining their forces to arrest the advance of the Federals. The honors of the battle belong to Gen. BRAGG, but he must do more than he has hitherto done if the Confederate cause is to gain solid advantage from his sword.

The *Herald* looks on it as the most decisive battle fought in the Western States.

The *Morning Post* points to the continuance of the peculiarity of this great war that neither belligerents should be permitted for any protracted period to follow the path of victory.

The *Army and Navy Gazette* attempts to show the dangerous position of ROSECRANS, but suggests that the Federal prospects may be brighter than the telegraph makes out.

As do Charleston, it remarks that the means of attack being superior to the defence, the place must fall.

A letter from Brest, dated Sept. 29, says the *Florida* has finished repairing in the Government dock and gone into the mercantile harbor, where she was refitting. She would go into the Roadstead in about a week, but would not be ready for sea for three weeks or a month. The Federal steamer *Kearsarge* continues at Brest awaiting coals. It is pointed out that twenty-four hours must elapse after the sailing of one vessel before the other be allowed to depart.

The *Great Eastern* had been seized under an Admiralty warrant, by the owners of the ship *Jane*, which vessel she ran down off the Irish coast. There was an improbable rumor that the Cunard Company proposed to purchase the *Great Eastern*, to convey coals to various ports for their vessels. A general meeting of shareholders was held at London on the 3d inst. The position was referred to a committee, with instructions to report in ten days.

Miss RACHEL, the actress, had made the most triumphant *début* at the Adelphi in London.

An inundation of the Nile destroyed part of the railway and would retard the shipment of cotton.

Paris journals continued to applaud the Declaration of Earl RUSSELL, relative to the treaties of 1815, and believe it impossible for other Powers to refrain from expressing their sentiments on the attitude of Russia, in the abrogation of the acts of the Vienna Congress.

The *Press* says: "We believe France and England have decided to consider the treaties of 1815 no longer in force, and consequently have ceased to guarantee the possession of Poland to Russia."

Advices from Warsaw state that all the workmen employed on the official Russian journal in Warsaw have left the printing office. Several persons refused to accept the editorship of the journal.

A fresh proclamation has been issued by the National Military Chief of Warsaw, exhorting the inhabitants to have patience, and declaring that *gens d'armes* will redouble their vigilance. Arrests continue in Warsaw.

The French journals continue to publish fearful accounts of the progress of French intervention in Mexico. FOREY would embark for France Oct. 5.

The Minister of War would issue a circular ordering all soldiers, whose terms of service expired this year, to be immediately struck off the active lists and enrolled in the Reserves.

The Mexican Deputation arrived at Trieste on the 1st, and would be received at the Palace on the 2d.

The Paris Bourse was quiet—Rentes 65f. 95c.

The *Daily News* says American (Federal) securities of nearly all kinds were decidedly weaker on the 2d, owing rather to the rise in New-York exchange than the fall in prices there.

LATEST VIA QUEENSTOWN.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Tuesday, Oct. 13.

The steamship *Africa*, from Liverpool 3d, and Queenstown 4th, arrived here at 2 P. M. to-day, en route for New-York. She brings the following summary of news:

The Confederate loan had advanced one and a half per cent.

The Paris *Siècle* argues that if SEWARD visits Paris with the expectation of procuring the recognition of the South, he will return disappointed. The time for that has passed, if it ever existed. The South, by arming the negroes, shows that its resistance is exhausted.

MAXIMILIAN had answered the Mexican deputation. He was ready to accept the throne on a free, spontaneous expression of the population, and by a guaranty for integrity in the independence of the country.

The Paris Bourse was heavy. Rentes, 65f. 75c.

Financial and Commercial.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, Oct. 3, 1863.

BREADSTUFFS.—RICHARD ATKIN & Co. Richardson, Spence & Co. and others, report:—Flour dull and partially declined 6d.; Wheat steady, but dull; Red Western 9s. 3d. @ 9s. 9d.; Red Southern 9s. 6d. @ 10s. 3d.; White Western, 9s. 9d. @ 10s.; White Southern 9s. @ 9s. 6d.; Corn active, and 3d. higher; Mixed 27s. @ 27s. 3d.

PROVISIONS.—WAKEFIELD, MANN & Co. and GORDON, BRUCE & Co. report:—Beef quiet and steady; Pork steady; Bacon much upward, and is active; Butter still advancing, and the finer qualities are higher; Lard buoyant, and of qualities a trifle higher; Sales at 58s. @ 60s. 6d.; Tallow steady.

PRODUCE.—The *Brokers' Circular* reports: Ashes quiet but steady; Sugar firmer, and 3d. higher; Coffee quiet; Rice steady, and unchanged; Linseed firmer; Linseed Oil firm; Cod Oil heavy.

HAVRE, Friday, Oct. 2.

COTTON.—Sales of the week 7,000 bales; market quiet and firm. New-Orleans *ires ordinaire*, 86c.; do. *bas*, 92c.; stock, 75,000.

LATEST MARKETS VIA QUEENSTOWN.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday Evening, Oct. 3.

COTTON buoyant. Sales the day of the *Africa's* departure, 10,000 bales—of which speculators and exporters took 4,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

The BREADSTUFFS market is quiet and steady. CORN active and tending upward.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

The PROVISION market is quiet. LARD firmer. TALLOW firm.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, Saturday Evening, Oct. 3.

Consols for money, 89¼ @89¾.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.

Illinois Central Shares, 16@14 discount. Erie Shares, 72@74.

PENNSYLVANIA AND OHIO.

THE STATE ELECTIONS YESTERDAY.

Indicated Success of the Union Ticket.

THE RETURNS FROM PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, Oct. 13—Midnight.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

Nothing definite yet, but all the indications are very cheering.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

Scattering returns from Pennsylvania have been received, which when compared with the vote of 1860—when CURTIN had 32,000 majority—show the following result:

Altoona, Blair County—Woodward, 60 majority. A Curtin gain of 113.

Freemansburgh, Northampton County—Woodward, 34 majority. Curtin gain, 2.

Union Township, Schuylkill County—Woodward, 57 majority. A considerable Democratic gain.

Wilkesbarre, Luzerne County—Curtin, 66; Curtin gain over last year, 109.

East Mauch Chunk, Carbon County—Curtin, 11; gain, 22.

Easton and South Easton, Northampton County—Curtin, 145; gain, 54. Bethlehem borough—Woodward, 59; Democratic gain, 15.

Oxford Borough, Chester County, Curtin 22; gain of 28.

East Nottingham, Curtin 2; gain, 42.

Honeywell Borough, Curtin 3; gain, 12.

Lower Oxford, Woodward 99; Curtin gain, 16.

East Coventry, Curtin 102.

Chester and Borough, Delaware County, 594 majority.

The First Ward of Philadelphia gives Curtin 1132 majority—a gain of 441.

Three Wards in Pittsburgh show a gain for Curtin of 375.

GREEN BURG, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

Kingston Borough, Curtin 40 majority—gain 8; Providence Borough, Curtin 98 majority—gain 21; Plymouth Borough and Township, Curtin 109 majority—gain 66; Columbia County, Bloomsburgh, Curtin 87 majority—gain 130.

West Pittston, Luzerne County, Curtin, 67 majority; Hyde Park Borough, Woodward, 16 majority—gain, 18.

Pittston Borough, South Ward, Woodward, 107 majority; Middle Ward, Curtin, 12 majority; North Ward, Woodward, 30 majority; Pittston Township, Woodward, 207 majority.

Scranton, North Ward, Curtin, 220 majority—gain, 190; South Ward, Woodward, 460 majority—gain, 173.

Stroudsburgh, Monroe County, Curtin, 52 majority.

Carbondale City and Township, Woodward, 469 majority—loss, 74.

Montrose, Susquehanna County—Curtin, 161; Bridgewater, Curtin, 1 majority; Brooklyn, Curtin, 189 majority; Franklin, Woodward, 23; Harmony Township, Curtin, 59; Susquehanna Depot, Curtin, 70 majority; Great Bend Borough, Woodward, 17 majority; Township, Curtin, 60 majority.

The 7th Ward gives Curtin 955—gain 160.

The 8th Ward gives Curtin 498—gain 60.

The 9th Ward gives Curtin 145—loss 194.

The 10th Ward gives Curtin 1,229—gain 200.

The 13th Ward gives Curtin 855—gain 90.

The 16th Ward gives Curtin 1,041—gain 200.

The 20th Ward gives Curtin 511—gain 181.

The 24th Ward gives Curtin 397—gain 220.

The 19th Ward gives Woodward 50—Curtain gain 97.

The 21st Ward gives Curtin 177—loss 153.

The 22d Ward gives Curtin 806—gain 73.

The 15th Ward gives Curtin 1,625—gain 350.

The 12th Ward gives Curtin 90—gain 67.

The 11th Ward gives Woodward 416—loss 96.

Saucon Township, Northampton County, gives Woodward 606 majority—a Democratic gain of 173.

Morristown—Curtin, 128 majority—a gain of 324.

Canton, Bradford County—Curtin, 335 majority—gain 60.

Carlisle gives Woodward 253—Democratic gain 111.

Lancaster Township—Curtin 66—gain 44.

Skickshins Borough—Curtin, 6 majority; Union gain, 5. Covington—Curtin, 27 majority.

Pike County—Milford, Woodward, 80 maj.; Westfall, 109 majority; Dingman's, 109; Shohola, 82—all Woodward. Honesdale, Curtin 18; Texas, Woodward 216 majority. Palmyra Township, 224 for Woodward.

Carbon County—Mauch Chunk, Curtin 126; gain, 195.

Lehigh County—Hosendaque, Curtin 17; gain, 16. Allentown Borough—Fifth Ward, Woodward 105 Northampton County—Saucquin, Woodward, 438 majority—Union loss, 173; Williams, Woodward, 86—Democratic gain, 103; Palmer, Woodward, 79 majority—Democratic gain, 34.

Bucks County—Buckingham, Curtin, 264 majority; —gain, 34; New-Britain, Curtin, 47—Democratic gain, 16; Waterford, Curtin, 158.

Fourteenth Ward—Curtin, 893.

Fourth Ward—Woodward, 952.

Twenty-third Ward—Curtin, 414.

Sixth Ward—Woodward, 45.

Second Ward—Curtin, 200.

Third Ward—Woodward, 68.

Juniata County, six districts, Curtin gain 136.

HARRISBURGH, Tuesday, Oct. 13, 1863.

Rathe Township, Lancaster County—Curtin 93 majority (unofficial).

Chambersburgh, North Ward—Curtin 219 majority.

Selingsgrove, Snyder County—Curtin 85 majority; gain, 82.

Harrisburgh City—Woodward 89 majority; Curtin gain, 95.

Middletown Borough—Curtin 40 majority; gain, 65.

Chambersburgh gives Curtin 23.

Lancaster City—Woodward 54 majority; Union gain, 150.

Gettysburgh—Curtin, 95.

The following is the vote of Harrisburgh:

Ward.	Curtin—Majority.	Woodward—Majority.
1	—	87
2	26	—
3	6	—
4	—	32
5	19	—
6	—	59

PHILADELPHIA—Midnight.

The Union men are rejoicing and parading the streets, deeming Mr. Curtin's election certain by a large majority.

PITTSBURGH, Monday, Oct. 12.

In twenty-five districts in Allegany County, Curtin gains 1,057 over 1860. The County will probably give Curtin 6,000 majority.

Beaver County.—New Brighton—Curtin 300 majority.

Erie County.—Erie City gives Curtin 597 majority. His majority in the County will reach 1,000.

Greensburgh.—Curtin's gain 41; St. Clair—Curtin's gain, 34.

Venango County.—Oil City, Curtin 91 majority; gain, 80. Franklin, 42 for Curtin; gain, 91. Rockaker Borough, Curtin, 72 majority.

Butler County.—Eight districts give the Union State ticket 400 majority.

Crawford County.—Given 2,000 majority for Curtin.

Erie City gives 300 majority.

ERIE, PENN., Tuesday, Oct. 13.

Saegertown, Crawford County, Curtin 15. Cambridge, 19 for Woodward. Union, Erie County, Curtin, 164. Girard, Curtin 38. Meadville, Curtin 178. Erie County will give Curtin 2,000 majority. Concord, Curtin 86 majority. Warrenborough, Woodward 28 majority. Fleasant, Warren County, ...

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., Monday, Oct. 12.

Wayne County will probably give Woodward 850 majority.

SUNBURY, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

Boyleston, Bucks County, gives Woodward 1 majority; Oakland, Curtin, 36 majority.

Harmony, 59 for Curtin, Oakland, 29 for Curtin.

Philadelphia City, four wards to hear from, give Curtin 7,333 majority.

WAVERLY, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

Athens Township, Woodward, 20 majority; Athensborough, Curtin, 24; Towanda Borough, Curtin, 94; Litchfield, Curtin, 72; Towanda North, Curtin, 38. Athens Township—Woodward, 30 majority.

Bradford County will give Curtin 3,500 majority.

THE RETURNS FROM OHIO.

CINCINNATI, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

The election passed off quietly throughout the State. A very large vote has been polled. The following returns have been received:

Lebanon, Brough, 465; Vallandigham, 121, a Union gain of 87.

Steubenville, Brough, 750 majority, a gain over Gov. Tod's vote of 225.

Sandusky City, Brough, 365 majority, a gain of 443.

Muskingum County—Brough, 600 majority, a large gain.

Lancaster City—Vallandigham, 16 majority, a Union gain of 151.

Marietta, Brough, 660 majority, a gain of 265.

Erie County—Brough, 1,700 majority, a gain of 1,196.

Cleveland City, Brough, 2,600 majority.

Cuyahoga County—Brough, 5,000 majority.

Mansfield City, Brough 160 majority, a gain of 28.

Elyria, Brough, 375 majority, a gain of 150.

Twenty-eighth regiment, Brough, 197; Vallandigham, none.

Twelfth regiment, Brough, 450; Vallandigham, none.

Twenty-third regiment, Brough, 484; Vallandigham, none.

Col. White's brigade, Brough 1,250, Vallandigham 9.

Dayton City, Brough 267 majority—a gain of 194.

Clark County.—Brough 1,700 majority—a gain of 700.

Clinton County.—Six townships, Brough 1,320 majority—a gain of 265.

PITTSBURGH, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

Lake County.—1,859 majority for Brough, with one township to hear from.

Huron County.—In nine townships Brough gains 594.

Lucas County.—Gives 1,520 Union majority.

Montgomery County.—Gives 200 majority for Brough.

Wood County.—Gives 1,100 majority for Brough.

Portage County.—Franklin Mills, 135 majority for Brough; Warren, 303 majority for Brough; Ravenna, 22 majority for Brough. The indications are that the county has gone 1,400 for Brough.

Trumbull County.—2,500 majority for Brough.

Summit County.—3,050 majority for Brough.

Columbiana County.—Wellsville gives Brough 211 majority—a gain of 105 over last Fall; Salineville, Brough 200 majority.

Portage County.—Atwater, Brough 162 majority Ravenna, Brough 244 majority.

Jefferson County.—Steubenville, Brough 737 majority—a gain of 317.

Montgomery County.—Dayton gives Brough 267 majority—a gain over last year of 194.

Hamilton County.—Returns from Cincinnati indicate that Brough's majority will be from 3,600 to 4,000.

Crawford County.—Bucyrus, Whitestone Township, gives Vallandigham 7 majority.

Muskingum County.—Zanesville, Brough 174 majority; a large gain.

Four townships heard from give 459 gain for Brough.

The County will give Brough 800 majority.

Portage County.—Brough gains in Ravenna, 111; in Rootstown, 90; in Edinburgh, 71, and Palmyra, 48. Wyndham gives 180 majority for Brough.

CINCINNATI, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

Cincinnati gives Brough about 5,000 majority.

In Lucas County, Brough has 1,600 majority.

Wood County—Brough, 1,100 majority.

Washington County—Brough, about 500 majority.

HARRISBURGH, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

The vote of the Ohio soldiers in this city, at headquarters to-day, resulted as follows: 90 votes were cast, of which Brough received 87, Vallandigham 2, and one ticket was erased.

Summit County gives Brough 2,000 majority.

Warren County gives Brough 2,400 majority—gain 640.

Rosa County gives Brough about 400 majority.

Scioto County gives Brough about 450 majority—gain 1,000.

Butler County gives Vallandigham about 1,000 majority.

The 100th regiment gives Brough 475, Vallandigham 18.

The 106th regiment gives Brough 400, Vallandigham 4.

Gilbert's brigade gives Brough 1,500, Vallandigham 22.

Champaign County gives Brough 1,050 majority.

Huron County gives Brough 2,000 majority.

Columbus City gives Vallandigham 223 majority. Union gain, 422.

Columbiana County gives Brough 2,000 majority.

Knox County gives Brough 2,000—gain, 422.

Portage County—Brough, 2,000 majority; gain, 1,500.

Lake County—Brough, 1,900 majority; gain, 450.

Richland County—Vallandigham, 300 majority; Union gain, 500.

Stark County—Brough, 600 majority; gain, 900.

The Vermont Legislature.

MONTPELIER, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

The following elections were made by the Legislature to-day: Justices of the Supreme Court—Luke P. Poland, Asa O. Aldis, John Pierpont, James Barrett, Loyal C. Kelly, and Ashael Peck. Reporter of Supreme Court, Decisions—Wm. G. Shaw, of Burlington. Secretary of State—George W. Bailey, Jr., of Montpelier. These generally are all present incumbents.

Hon. DANIEL NEEDHAM will address both branches of the Legislature, by invitation, in Representative's Hall, this evening, upon the great International Exhibition at Hamburg.

A Lawyer Convicted of Forgery.

BOSTON, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

WILLIAM LOWAN, a young lawyer, of this city, was to-day sent to the House of Correction for three years, for forgery.

The Blockade Runners of Wilmington.

BEAUFORT, N. C., Thursday, Oct. 1, 1863.

Blockade running into Wilmington is as brisk as ever. On the 29th inst. a large sidewheel steamer, apparently deeply laden, steamed directly out from Wilmington, and passing through the squadron and by that little gunboat *Victoria*, which immediately gave chase, but owing to the superior speed of the blockade runner, she soon vanished from view. Blockade running in broad daylight is so frequent an occurrence here that it hardly dispels the monotony of sea life or prevents the officers from getting the blues. The class of vessels stationed here make the blockade a mere abortion and only a scarecrow. Many vessels of this squadron have been condemned, among them the steamer *Victoria*, a small schooner-rigged propeller, whose speed, in favorable weather, is six (6) knots. She was pronounced by a survey of competent officers to be an old rat-trap, use utterly unfit for the duties assigned her, and should she chance to get into an engagement with the enemy would destroy the reputation of the officers and men attached to her. With such vessels stationed here this port will never be closed, and the sooner the Government send fast steamers here, and an enterprising man to control affairs, the better. It is known here that a Confederate privateer is receiving her armament in Wilmington River, and

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—This Day.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—*Part I.*—Over and terminer. *Part II.*—Nos. 2005, 2070, 2072, 2074, 2076, 2078, 2080, 2082, 2084, 2086, 2088, 2090, 2094, 2096, 2098, 2100, 2102, 2104, 2106, 2108. *Part III.*—Nos. 1995, 1998, 1994, 1996, 2070, 2061, 542, 558, 165, 691, 2515, 2512, 2543¾, 2616, 1009, 1619, 1190, 1933, 1652, 2027.

SPECIAL TERM.—No. 21, demurrer calendar: 324, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 323, 324, 325, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332.

SUPREME COURT.—*Part I.*—Nos. 535, 779, 879, 954, 961, 2782, 2807, 2808, 683, 2812, 2813, 2809, 2810, 2811, 2861. *Part II.*—Nos. 696, 696, 696, 1026, 1734, 2018, 1214, 2468, 2468, 2470, 2472, 2474, 2476, 2478, 2480.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Rutenhuber.

Fyfe vs. *Best.*—Motion denied, and stay vacated, without costs to either party.

Before Justice Ingraham.

In the Matter of the Petition of James F. Chamberlain.—Motion granted.

McMillen vs. *Rew* et al.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

Louis Werner vs. *Charles F. W. F. Werner.*—Report confirmed, and judgment of divorce granted.

Mark Gilligan vs. *Sabina Gilligan.*—Report confirmed, and judgment of divorce granted in favor of defendant, and custody of child awarded to her.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Justice Barbour.

Duval vs. *Lynch.*—Motion granted.

Sage vs. *White.*—Motion granted.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Ingraham.

Harriet Hoppe vs. *Henry Hoppe.*—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange.....Oct. 13, 1863.

$1,000 U. S. 6s, 21, Reg.	107¾	50	Pacific R. S. Co.		230
5,000 U. S. 5-20s, '62, Cp.	102¾	50	do.		232¾
2,000 do.	102¾	110	do.		232
10,000 U. S. 6s, '74, Cpn.	98	200	Hudson River R.		132
20,000 Treas. 7-3-10 p. c.		100	do.		132¼
2 Unc. & Ap.	108¾	100	do.		132
9,000 U. S. 6s, 1 yr.	102¾	100	do.		132
2,000 do.	102¾	100	do.	b10	132¾
650 Ill. Cent. Leas.	101¾	100	do.		132¾
4,000 Mich. 6s, '94, c.	69	200	do.		132¾
2,000 Virginia 6s, 6s.	59	200	Harlem R.		13
2,000 Mo. State 6s	67	100	do.		13
1,000 Mo. 6s, int. R. R.		100	do.		13
1,000 do.	62	1100	do.		13
2,000 Cal. St. 7s	102	1000	do.		13
1,000 do.	102¾	1000	do.		13
4,000 San Fra. City 6s, payable in San Fr.	108	1000	do.		13
1,000 c. 6th M. 7s	102¾	200	do.	b10	132¾
8,000 R. 5th M. 6s	110	400	Mich. Cen. R.		128
2,000 Mich. 1 M. 6s	100	200	do.		128¼
1,000 A. & T. H. 2d M.	93¾	1000	M. S. & N. I. R.		69
10,000 Ill. C. 7, Sinn. R.	98	700	do.		69¾
2,000 C. R. I. & P. 1 M.	95	100	do.		69¾
40,000 C. R. I. & P. 2 M.	93	200	do.		69¾
1,000 C. R. I. & P. 3 M.	85	50	do.	b30	69
7,000 Chic. & Mil. 1 F. 7s	115	100	do.	b10	69¾
18,000 P., Ft. W. & C. 2d, 7s	57	50	M. Cen. R. R.		128
20,000 P., F. W. & C. 3d, 7s	39	100	Panama R.		199
2,000 McGregor W. 1st M.	91	100	Ill. Cen. R. R.		127¾
20,000 Ottawa & Ch. Co. 2d	108	50	do.		127¾
21 Manhattan Bank	140¼	200	Clev. & Pitts. R.		91
50 Penn. Coal Co.	300	50	do.		91¾
100 do.	149¼	100	do.		91¾
18 Bank of Commerce	105¾	100	do.		91¾
5 Gaslight Co.	97	100	Cal. & Chic. R.		112
41,000 Amer. Gold	135¾	100	do.		112¼
15,000 do.	135¾	100	do.		112¼
17,000 do.	135¾	100	do.	b10	112¼
23,000 do.	135¼	100	do.		112¼
17,000 do.	135¾	100	Clev. & Tol. R.		119
200 Canton Company	35¾	200	do.		119¼
100 do.	35¾	100	Chi. & N. W.		47
100 do.	35¾	200	do.		47¾
50 do.	35¾	200	do.		47¾
114 Dl. & Hud. Canal Co.	170	200	do.		47¾
100 Cumb. Coal Frd.	39	100	do.		47¾
1100 do.	39¾	100	do.		47¾
100 do.	39¾	100	do.		47¾
400 do.	39¾	100	do.		47¾
800 do.	40	200	Chic. Bur. & Q. R.		126
400 do.	39¾	100	do.		126¼
400 do.	39¾	100	do.		126¼
200 Quicksilv. M. Co.	47	100	do.		126¼
200 do.	34¾	200	Mil. & P. du C. R.		73
200 do.	34	100	do.		73
400 Am. Coal Co.	98	100	do.		72¾
100 Banks Co. Lead Co.	13¾	100	do.		72¾
100 Cold. Am. Tr.	b10 60	100	do.		72
50 do.	29¾	100	Mil. & P. du C. 2d Pr		38
200 do.	29¾	200	Tol. & Wab.		24
150 do.	29¾	200	Tol. & Wab. Pref.		44¾
50 do.	b15 40	100	do.		44
200 N. Y. Cen. R.	126¾	100	do.		44
1100 do.	126¾	100	Pitt. Ft. W. & Chi.		87¾
600 do.	126¾	200	do.		87¾
100 do.	126	200	do.		87¾
100 do.	126	100	do.		87¾
100 do.	b10 126	48	Ft. W. & T. R. R.		61
100 Erie R. Pref.	105¾	100	do.		61
100 do.	105¾	150	do.		61¾
400 Reading R.	122	100	do.		61
100 do.	122¼	100	Alt. & Ter. H. Pref.		64
100 do.	122¼	100	do.		64
100 do.	b10 122¾	100	Chic. & N. W. R.		47
100 do.	122¾	100	do.		47¾
200 Erie Railroad	110¾	100	do.		47¾
100 do.	110¾	50	do.		47
700 do.	110¾	100	Chic. & Alt. R.		93
100 do.	110¾	200	Chic. & R. I. R.		104
100 do.	110¾	400	Mar. & Cin. 1st pref		73
400 do.	b10 110¾	100	do.		73¾
50 do.	s30 110	100	Mich. Cen. 5s pref		72
200 do.	b30 110¾	100	Chic. & N. W. pref.		67¾
50 do.	110	100	Mich. & Mo. R.		37¾

SECOND BOARD.

$50,000 U. S. 6s, 1 yr. c. N.	99¾	1000	Reading R.		122¾
3,000 Mo. State 6s	67¾	500	do.		122¾
25,000 Am. Gold	b3 125	500	do.		122¾
10,000 do.	134¾	200	Mich. Cen. R.		128¾
50 Canton Co.	35	100	do.	b10	128¾
300 Cumb. Coal Pr.	40	50	M. S. & N. I.		69¾
450 do.	39¾	200	do.		69¾
100 do.	b10 40	200	do.		69¾
100 do.	b10 39¾	1500	do.		69
200 do.	s30 39¾	100	M. S. & N. I. G. S.		139
25 Quicksilv. M. Co.	65	650	Ill. Cen. R. Sc.		126¾
200 Cen. Am. Tr. Co.	40	200	Cl. & Pitts. R. x 4 b30		105¾
100 do.	39	1000	do.		105¾
225 N. Y. Cen. R.	126¾	100	do.		105¾
300 do.	126¾	100	Cal. & Chi. R.		112¾
100 do.	126¾	100	do.		112¾
200 do.	s30 126¾	100	do.		112¾
50 do.	126¾	200	Clev. & Tol. R.		119
200 Har. Railroad	132	200	Chi. & R. I. R.		104¾
700 do.	b30 127	400	Mil. & Pr. Du C.		71¾
100 do.	127	100	do.		71¾
100 do.	b10 126¾	200	P., Ft. W. & C.		56¾
610 Erie Railway	109¾	200	do.		56¾
400 do.	109¾	50	do.		56
50 do.	109¾	150	A. & T. H. R.		64¾
100 Erie Rail. Pr.	105	100	A. & T. H. Pr.		84
100 do.	105¾	100	Tol. & Wab. R.		44
1500 Hudson R. R.	132¾	200	Chi. & N. W.		48
100 do.	132¾	100	do.	b10	48¾
100 do.	132	200	do. R.		48¾
100 Harlem R. Pref.	132	200	do.	b10	48
100 do.	132				

PUBLIC BOARD—1 P. M.

100 Cumb. Coal	39¾	100	Harlem R.		134
100 do.	39¾	600	do.		133
100 do.	39¾	200	do.		132
100 do.	39¾	200	Reading R.		122¾
100 do.	b5 39¾	100	do.		122¾
100 do.	39¾	100	do.	b3	122¾
100 Canton Co.	35¾	600	Mich. Cen. R.		128¾
100 do.	b3 35¾	100	M. S. & N. I.		69¾
100 Bucks Co. L. Co.	c 1¾	500	do.		69¾
100 Cen. Am. Tr. Co.	40	100	do.		69¾
100 N. Y. Cen. R.	126¾	200	Clev. & Pitts.		91¾
100 do.	126¾	200	do.		91¾
100 do.	126¾	100	Gal. & Chi. R.		111¾
100 do.	126¾	100	do.		111¾
100 Erie R.	110¾	200	do.		112
100 do.	110¾	600	Chi. & R. I. R.		104¾
1100 do.	110	100	do.		104¾
200 do.	b3 110	100	T., H. & A. Pref.		84¾
100 do.	b3 109¾	100	do.		84¾
100 Erie R. Pref.	105¾	100	Chic. & N. W. R.		47
100 Hudson R. R.	132	400	do.		46¾
200 do.	132	100	do.		46¾
200 do.	132¾	700	Pitts. Ft. W. & C.		56
100 do.	132¾				

PUBLIC BOARD—3½ P. M.

400 Cum. Coal	39	100	Reading R.		122¾
200 do.	b3 39¾	200	do.		122¾
100 do.	39¾	600	Mich. Cen. R.		128¾
100 Can. Am. Transit.	39¾	1100	M. S. & N. I.		69¾
100 do.	40	100	do.	b3	69¾
200 Erie R.	110¾	100	do.		69¾
100 do.	110¾	100	Ill. Cen. R.		126¾
200 do.	110¾	200	Clev. & P. R.		91¾
1100 do.	110¾	100	do.		91¾
100 do.	b3 110¾	200	Gal. & Chi. R.		112¾
100 do.	110¾	100	do.		112¾
100 do.	110¾	100	Chi. & R. I. R.		105¾
100 Hudson R. R.	132	100	do.		105¾
100 do.	132	100	do.		105¾
500 Harlem R.	132	200	Chic. & N. W. R.		48
100 do.	132¾	49	do.		48
400 do.	132¾	50	P., F. W. & C. R.		56

TUESDAY, Oct. 13—P. M.

The Custom-house official tables of the Foreign Trade at the port of New-York for the month of September were completed this afternoon. We are now enabled to bring forward our summary of the Import, Export and Gold movements at and from New-York for nine months of the calendar year 1863, in comparison with the corresponding period in 1862.

The import entries of Foreign Goods at New-York for the month of September, 1863, were:

Dutiable Goods consumption direct	$11,202,635
Dutiable Goods warehoused	3,421,316
Free Goods	786,604
Total entries	$15,421,759
Against September, 1862	16,026,900
Decreased importation	$2,604,900

There was also entered during the month Foreign Specie of the value of $72,231, against $121,310 same month last year. The value of Foreign Goods of the previous importation, withdrawn from the warehouse during the month in $6,942,561, and $3,511,301 more than went into bond of the previous month.

The Export Movement from New-York, in September, 1863, was:

In Domestic Produce	$11,717,[illegible]
Foreign Goods reexported	[illegible]
Gold and Silver	3,450,[illegible]
Total Clearances	$15,622,518
Against September, 1862:	
In Produce	$14,724,922
Foreign Goods	1,340,559
Specie	5,055,910—$19,061,471
Decreased Exportation	$3,[illegible]

We annex the following summary by months of the Trade of the past nine months of the calendar year:

IMPORT OF FOREIGN GOODS AT NEW-YORK.

	1863. From Jan. 1.	vs. 1862. From Jan. 1.
January	15,653,000	12,457,000
February	11,814,000	13,610,000
March	18,807,000	12,831,000
April	17,276,000	12,627,000
May	14,128,000	14,130,000
June	12,829,000	12,275,000
July	15,231,000	20,134,000
August	14,934,000	14,313,000
September	15,422,000	18,027,000
Total 9 months	$136,661,000	$137,511,000
Foreign Specie	1,122,000	946,000

EXPORT OF DOMESTIC PRODUCE FROM NEW-YORK.

	1863. From Jan. 1.	vs. 1862. From Jan. 1.
January	$14,329,000	$12,053,000
February	17,781,000	10,078,000
March	16,138,000	8,985,000
April	11,602,000	8,002,000
May	12,184,000	9,898,000
June	14,780,000	10,049,000
July	15,298,000	14,050,000
August	10,667,000	13,046,000
September	11,710,000	14,735,000
Total 9 months	$126,472,000	$100,836,000
Foreign reexports	4,927,000	6,353,000
Together	$130,398,000	$107,187,000

EXPORT OF SPECIE FROM NEW-YORK.

	1863. From Jan. 1.	vs. 1862. From Jan. 1.
January	4,655,000	2,658,000
February	3,966,000	3,777,000
March	5,585,000	2,471,000
April	1,973,000	4,038,000
May	2,116,000	5,165,000
June	1,368,000	3,868,000
July	5,369,000	5,067,000
August	3,465,000	3,714,000
September	3,480,000	3,086,000
Total 9 months	$32,847,000	$43,844,000

EXPORTS RECAPITULATED—NINE MONTHS.

	1863. From Jan. 1.	vs. 1862. From Jan. 1.
Domestic Produce	$123,477,000	$100,836,000
Foreign Goods reexported	6,921,000	6,351,000
Specie	32,047,000	43,844,000
Total from New-York	$163,245,000	$151,031,000
Increased Export		12,214,000

CUSTOMS REVENUE AT NEW-YORK.

	1863. From Jan. 1.	vs. 1862. From Jan. 1.
January	4,127,000	3,351,657
February	3,590,712	3,565,004
March	4,554,469	4,626,862
April	3,957,197	4,149,952
May	4,873,965	4,397,924
June	3,738,924	4,604,927
July	4,912,718	7,211,817
August	6,332,334	4,762,561
September	7,270,543	5,239,945
Total 9 months	$42,358,660	$42,261,930

DELIVERIES OF CALIFORNIA GOLD AT NEW-YORK.

1863. From Jan. 1.		1862. From Jan. 1.	
Jan. 2	$1,271,788	Jan. 4	$710,842
Jan. 19	657,849	Jan. 14	895,923
Jan. 26	491,483	Jan. 28	897,767
Feb. 2	306,500	Feb. 3	856,000
Feb. 13	366,036	Feb. 14	614,146
Feb. 27	285,244	Feb. 25	769,646
March 7	1,283,561	March 6	679,071
March 18	249,514	March 18	677,068
April 4	200,737	March 28	436,306
April 14	217,601	April 3	586,527
April 25	256,684	April 19	617,279
May 6	205,957	April 23	629,611
May 16	306,163	May 5	623,158
May 24	284,821	May 14	484,019
June 6	319,069	May 22	604,652
June 14	304,027	May 31	377,911
June 26	187,005	June 3	553,055
July 5	251,947	June 16	352,518
July 15	194,490	June 22	612,461
July 26	270,009	June 30	391,016
Aug. 5	294,918	July 7	641,458
Aug. 13	313,464	July 15	441,179
Aug. 26	223,000	July 27	878,434
Sept. 6	278,643	Aug. 4	564,422
Sept. 14	193,584	Aug. 20	21,165
Sept. 26	277,651	Aug. 24	1,084,611
Total 9 mos.	$9,445,229	Sept. 3	819,718
		Sept. 16	934,415
		Sept. 25	887,779
		Total 9 mos.	$18,605,987

There was a further advance of 3 ⅌ cent. to-day in Gold and Exchange. The sales of the former were under great speculative excitement in the Gold Exchange Room, early in the morning, from 153@154 ⅌ cent. The orders at the regular Stock Exchange Board carried up the price to 154¾ ⅌ cent. Soon after the outside sales were made up to 156 ⅌ cent., but only for a few minutes, the market falling back to 154¼@¼ ⅌ cent. At the Second Board the sales were at 155@154¾ ⅌ cent., from which they subsequently receded on the Street to 153@153¾ ⅌ cent. The transactions of the day were large. In addition to the demand at the close of last *week for remittance to Europe, which, of itself* made a strong market, the *specula*tors for the rise have the advantage of a considerable *Short* interest made between 145@147 ⅌ cent., which has to be covered at the going rates, and also the advantage of sundry adverse military rumors today from Virginia and East Tennessee. The Custom-house demand for Gold has partially fallen off this week, and the importers, who were willing to remit on an Exchange of 155@160 ⅌ cent. on London, are disposed to hold up at 169½@170 ⅌ cent., the rate corresponding with the price of Gold to-day.

There was a buoyant temper to the Share list early in the day, and an additional rise of ¼@1 ⅌ cent. on nearly all the Railways, while among the miscellaneous Shares, Cumberland Coal went up 5 ⅌ cent., and heavy sales made at 40@41 ⅌ cent. The general advance in prices induced a large business at the First Board, but soon after the adjournment the bidding was not equal to the pressure to sell, and at the Second Board prices fell back to the figures of yesterday afternoon, and were even, in some instances, lower. There was a serious break in the price of Harlem Common Stock, equal at one time to 13@14 ⅌ cent. The Stock opened at 137 ⅌ cent., but soon fell to 133; then rallied to 134, and so quickly fell again on the Street to 123@124. At the Second Board the sales were at 126@128 ⅌ cent. The sales of Cleveland and Pittsburgh were generally at firm prices throughout the day, the Stock being an exception to the prevailing heaviness at the Second Board.

At 4 o'clock the following prices were made as compared with Monday afternoon; the general market leaving off unsettled and lower on most descriptions:

	Mon.	Tues.		Mon.	Tues.
Gold Coin	154¼	153	Harlem Pref.	135	133
U. S. 6s, 1881	106½	106¼	Mich. Central	128¼	128¼
N. Y. Central	126	125	Mich. Southern	69¾	69¾
Erie	110	109¾	Mich. Southern N.	72	72
Erie Preferred	105¾	105	Illinois Cen.	127¼	126¾
Hudson	132¾	132	Pittsburgh	107¾	*104¾
Pacific Mail	232	232	Fort Wayne	87¾	88
Harlem	134¼	124¼	Ft. Wayne Guar.	80	80
Cumberland	38½	38	Galena	111¾	112¾
Treas. Coupons	99¾	99¾	Reading	123¼	122¾
Toledo	119¾	119	Quicksilver	67¾	66
Northwest	46¾	46	Chicago and A.	67	67

*Ex Dividend.

The market for Money moves with much steadiness at 6@7 ⅌ cent. The Banks and Treasury Office hold to-day $36,000,000 United States Notes and nearly as much more in Gold and Silver. The division of the former is nearly equal, say $18,700,000 United States currency in Bank, and $20,300,000 in the Treasury Office. The Assistant Treasurer is authorized to offer to call upon the Banks for another $3,000,000 installment on the late negotiation. His receipts to-day for the Popular Loan were $1,106,000. The subscriptions to the Loan with Messrs. FIRE & HATCH, to-day, were $442,000; LIVERMORE, CLEWS & Co., $200,000, and at the Treasury Office direct, $250,000.

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares:

New-York	120	Bank of N. America	135
Manhattan	140¾	Hanover	103¾
Mechanics'	100	Irving	95
Union	117	Metropolitan	116¾
America	123	Citizens'	104
City	145	People's	102
North River	105	Nassau	103
Traders'	110	Shoe & Leather	100
Butchers & Drovers'	125	Continental	97
State of New-York	105	St. Nicholas	100
Commerce	105¾	Marine	157
Mechan. Bank's As.	100	Commonwealth	109
Ocean	92	New-York County	126
Am. Exchange	110	Imp. and Traders'	165
Chatham	99	Park	123
Bank of the Repub.	108		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s	109	Mich. S. & N. I. S. F.	87
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Real Est.	102¾	Ill. Central, '75	119¾
N. Y. Cen. 6s, sinking	108	Al. & T. H. 2ds	80
N. Y. Cen. 7s '64	103	Al. & T. H. 2ds pref.	80¾
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76	116¾	Al. & T. H. 3d, Inc.	57¾
N. Y. Cen. 7s, Con. '76	115	Chi. & N. W. S. F.	106
Erie B. Sinks, '85	112	Chi. & N. W. Sinking Fd.	95
Erie thirds, '85	112	Chi. & N. W. Rec. R.	97
Erie fourths, '90	108¾	Chi. & N. W. Int.	79¾
Erie fifths, 1871	105	Tol. & Wab. Seconds	55
Buf. N. Y. & E. first, '82	109	M. & P. du C. first	100
Ind. B. thirds, '75	126	Gal. & Chic. Extd.	112
Jer. first, '80 & '73	112	Chi. & R. I. Inc.	106
Harlem seconds, '64	108¾	Clev. & Tol. S. F.	112
Harlem sinking fd.	100	Pitts. Ft. W. & C. 1st	116
Michigan C. '69 & '72	115	Pitts. Ft. W. & C. 2d	105
Mich. C. new 1st, '83	119	Pitts. Ft. W. & C. 3d	86¾
Chi. B. & Q. first	120	Clev. & Pitts. 4th	86
Michigan S. seconds	106¾	Chic. & Alton Income	86

The following is a statement of coal transported on the Delaware and Hudson Canal:

	For the week ending Oct. 10.	For the Season.
Delaware and Hudson Canal Co.	28,435	620,637
Pennsylvania Coal Co.	22,822	509,645
Total tons	51,257	1,130,279
For the same period last year:		
Delaware and Hudson Canal Co.	22,325	440,996
Pennsylvania Coal Co.	23,523	445,757
Total tons	45,848	886,743

The quantity of flour, wheat, corn and barley, left at tide-water during the first week in October, by the New-York State Canals, in the years 1862 and 1863, was as follows:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Barley, bush.
1863	43,100	1,361,000	926,700	60,000
1862	44,800	800,600	423,400	481,700
Inc.	11,500	Dec. 533,500	Dec. 496,700	Inc. 419,400

The aggregate quantity of the same articles left at tide-water from the commencement of navigation to the 7th of October inclusive, during the years 1863 and 1862, was as follows:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Barley, bush.
1863	679,200	22,562,300	18,968,100	452,000
1862	694,900	19,017,000	16,925,500	635,700
Dec.	15,700	Dec. 3,545,400	Inc. 2,042,600	Inc. 204,100

A new Bank, with a capital of $200,000, called the Hopp Bank of Albany, has been established at the State Capital; JAMES HENDRICK, President, and W. A. YOUNG, Cashier.

The Great Western (Marine) Insurance Company of New-York announce that they have established branch offices in London and Liverpool, where risks will be taken on shipments to and from all parts of the world on the same terms as those of first-class companies in England. This new undertaking commends itself to the attention of our shipping houses.

The week's exports of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods (exclusive of Specie) were to the value of $3,229,554, against the extraordinarily heavy exports to the value of $4,444,362 same week last year, and $2,277,997 the corresponding week of 1861.

The aggregates of the Philadelphia Banks at the last weekly statements show the following changes, as compared with last week:

Increase of Loans	$867,086
Increase of Specie	12,[illegible]
Increase of Circulation	277,940
Decrease of Deposits	89,655
Increase of United States Notes	23,[illegible]

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF THE PHILADELPHIA BANKS.

Banks.	Loans.	Specie.	Deposits.	Circulation.
Philadelphia	$9,177,000	$546,000	$3,239,000	$108,000
North America	2,[illegible]	5,[illegible]	4,[illegible]	283,000
Farmers & Mech.	3,304,130	849,704	5,413,052	88,130
Commercial	2,183,000	190,000	1,334,000	37,000
Mechanics'	2,916,000	229,700	1,820,000	122,000
N. Liberties	1,036,000	223,000	1,114,000	36,000
Southwark	1,278,045	105,820	1,522,000	16,300
Kensington	1,231,104	125,000	1,371,000	146,000
Penn Township	1,176,000	115,000	1,000,000	44,130
Western	2,173,886	214,324	2,197,000	40,420
Man. & Mech.	1,008,625	144,740	1,300,700	278,000
Commerce	885,730	122,190	922,324	30,870
Girard	2,024,312	252,000	2,022,420	46,145
Tradesmen's	1,000,000	90,000	1,000,000	30,000
Consolidation	1,051,943	109,045	641,300	203,000
City	1,292,984	108,104	678,083	201,400
Commonwealth	686,650	79,001	521,740	156,004
Corn Exchange	1,360,000	95,000	1,102,000	60,000
Union	627,000	80,000	696,000	236,000
First National	853,500		146,000	
Total, Oct. 12	39,848,434	4,232,881	32,898,582	2,160,314
Total, Oct. 5	38,786,348	4,227,881	32,808,644	2,183,000

The Sub-Treasury receipts to-day were $2,585,777, including $160,000 for Customs; payments, $2,914,654; balance this afternoon, $29,438,788.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, Oct. 13, 1863—5 P. M.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been: 7,884 bbls. Ashes, 10,954 bbls. Flour, 2,000 bbls. and 210 bags Corn Meal, 143,323 bush. Wheat, 55,943 bush. Corn, 176 bush. Rye, 65,000 bush. Barley, 65,940 bush. Oats, 2,934 bush. Malt, 1,247 pkgs. Provisions, and 1,159 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Are in demand, and quoted firm, including Pots, at $7 50@$7 62½, and Pearls at $9 ⅌ 100 lbs.

BEESWAX—Western Yellow is in fair request, at 40c.@42c. ⅌ lb.

CANDLES—Continue in moderate demand, at rising prices. Adamantine, 21c.@22c.; plain Sperm, 35c.; patent do., 40c. ⅌ lb.

CHEMICALS—Are in fair demand, at buoyant prices.

COFFEE—Has been in limited request, but held with much firmness, including Java, at 30c.@32c.; Ceylon, 33¾c.@34c.; Rio, 30¾c.@33½c.; Laguayra and Maracaibo, 32c.@34¾c.; St. Domingo, 27c.@28c. ⅌ lb. Stock of all kinds, 68,200 packages, including, according to Messrs. WM. SCOTT & SON, 1,500 mats Java, 5,017 bags Rio and Santos, 5,548 bags Ceylon, and 2,420 bags of other kinds. Stock of Rio, here, 50,017 bags; in Baltimore, 1,500 bags; total of Rio, in the country, 52,417 bags.

COPPER—The inquiry is mainly for Refined Ingot, which is buoyant at 32¾c.@35c. ⅌ lb.

COTTON—Is in good request at advancing prices. Middlings, 91c.@92c. ⅌ lb. Sales and receipts, since our last, 1,400 bales.

DYEWOODS—Fustic and Logwood are salable and firm. Other kinds are in very limited demand.

FEATHERS—Have been in more request at rising rates. Good to prime Live Geese, 80c. ⅌ lb.

FOREIGN LIQUORS—Continue in good demand at full prices.

FRUIT—A fair inquiry exists for the principal kinds, including new Layer Raisins at $4 50@$4 55; boxes do. do. at $2@$2 25 ⅌ box; Currants, partly to arrive, 10c.@15¾c. ⅌ lb.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour was quite freely purchased to-day for shipment, home use and on speculation, at a rise of 15c.@25c. ⅌ bbl., but the market was depressed at the close. Sales since our last, 22,000 bbls., including Unsound, at $4 50@$5 75; Superfine State and Western, at $5 50@$5 85; good to choice extra State at $5 90@$6 85, chiefly at $5 95@$6 05; round-hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $6 70@$7 ⅌ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$5 50	@$5 85
Extra State	6 00	@ 6 05
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	5 75	@ 5 95
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g brds.	6 70	@ 7 00
Extra Ohio, trade brands	7 00	@ 8 50
Extra Genesee	6 75	@ 8 50
Inferior to Choice Extra Missouri	5 75	@10 00

Southern Flour is in good request at firmer prices. Sales since our last, 1,300 bbls., at $4 50@$7 40 for poor to good something, at $5 60@$5 75 for fancy to choice extra brands, ⅌ bbl. Canadian Flour is much firmer. Sales, 1,300 bbls. Extra, at $5 10@$5 ⅌ bbl. Rye Flour continues in demand at $5 00@$5 10 for superfine, ⅌ bbl., price, 500 bbls. Corn Meal is in good request at $4 75 for Jersey; $5 10 for Marsh's Calcutta; $5 10@$5 15 for Fairfax, and $5 50@$5 75 for Brandywine, ⅌ bbl. Sales, 150 bbls. also, 50 puncheons Brandywine, at $22 50, cash.

GRAIN—Wheat continues quite briskly, at a further advance of 2c.@3c. ⅌ bushel, but quiet and heavy at the close. Sales since our last, 236,000 bushels, part to arrive, including: White Western at $1 30@$1 70; Amber Western at $1 40@$1 50, the latter an extreme rate; Red Western at $1 30@$1 37; Amber do., at $1 35; Amber Iowa and Wisconsin at $1 30@$1 40; Milwaukee Club at $1 20@$1 28; Chicago Spring at $1 24@$1 24; choice Red do., at $1 30@$1 32; White Canadian at $1 37; Amber

HELP WANTED.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A SITUATION.

A Young man, natural born American, desirous of a situation in a Dry Goods Jobbing House, or Wholesale Dry Goods Store, in the City of New-York, or Brooklyn. Is well acquainted with the Dry Goods business, and can give the best of references. Address, stating salary, &c., to "Y. Z." Box 1,000 Post-office.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK, WASHER AND IRONER, in a small family, a few miles from the City; one who is accustomed to and prefers the country. Call early at No. 48 8th-st., between 10 and 2 o'clock. Wages $14 a month.

AGENTS WANTED.—CALL AND EXAMINE, or send for a circular, which will be sent free by mail, for 30 cents, that is, 30 cents; usefully needed by every person. By E. L. WOLCOTT, Nassau, 170 Chatham-st., New-York.

A BOOK-KEEPER.—BOOK-KEEPER WANTED, in an American dry goods commission house, at moderate salary. A single man of experience may apply, with references, through Box No. 200 Post-office.

A LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—Wanted, a Protestant woman, as lady's maid and seamstress; must be a good dressmaker and operate on a machine. Apply, with testimonials, at No. 327 6th-st.

A COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—AN experienced Protestant man, of good character, who is competent to the above, may apply at No. 102 Bowery, from 10 to 4 o'clock.

A COACHMAN.—WANTED A COACHMAN. None need apply but those able to give the best City references. No. 310 4th-av., between 8 and 9 A. M.

COOPERS WANTED—CAPABLE OF HEADING up and trimming fine barrels. Apply at the office of the New-York Steam Sugar Refining Company, corner Scott and Montgomery sts., New-York.

TO HATTERS.—WANTED, WET BLOCKERS; also, two silk or wool hat cutters. Apply at No. 17 Broadway.

A BOY WANTED, TO TEND A RETAIL store, must be between 14 and 16 years, reside in the city, and come well recommended. Apply at 96 and 98 Chambers-st.

BOY WANTED—IN A MERCANTILE HOUSE; he must be acquainted with figures and reside with his parents. Apply at No. 13 Gold-st.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN TO WORK AT THE country. One that has some knowledge of the business may address T. E., Box No. 126 Times Office.

WANTED—A SCOTCHMAN OR GERMAN, WHO is experienced in vegetable gardening and the care of a horse and cow, to go on Staten Island. Inquire at the advertising desk, Times Office.

WANTED—ALL WHO ARE NOT PAID FOR their labor or goods to call on Lawyer R. M. PECKHAM, No. 8 Chambers-st. Advice free. Divorces obtained privately.

MUSICAL.

CHICKERING & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANO FORTES, No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unattained by any other makers.

Mr. PERGOLESI'S concert use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO FORTE has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.

STEINWAY & SONS'

GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Fair, in London, 1862.

The principal reason why the Steinway Pianos are superior to all others, is, that the firm is composed of five practical piano-forte makers, (father and four sons,) who invented their own improvements, and under whose personal supervision every part of the instrument is manufactured. Warerooms, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., New-York.

RAVEN & BACON,

Manufacturers of Grand and Square Piano-fortes, Warerooms No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, New-York. The long experience and the many facilities we possess enable us to produce instruments unsurpassed by any other establishment. Our personal attention is given to the construction, improvement and introduction of essential changes that may be required to make a perfect piano-forte. Purchasers are invited to call and examine our large assortment of pianos, which we are now offering on favorable terms. Descriptive circulars sent by mail.

HAINES BROTHERS,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS.

WAREROOMS

No. 333 Broadway.

PECK'S OVAL PIANOS.

Harmonic new scale, which have been so much admired at the Academy of Music, and are superior in power and brilliancy of tone to any pianos now known. They may be had of the manufacturer,

J. H. PECK, No. 629 Broadway.

NEW VOCAL MUSIC.—"LAND OF THE Brave and Free," Rev. G. S. Flamley. "Your Portrait is too Small for Me," comic song, Patrick. "I Will Wait at the Gate for Thee," E. Holden. "We Parted with a Cheerful Smile," M. Keller. "One by One the Stars at Evening," "The Flowers Bloom in Linden Vale," S. Lover. "The Morning is Dawning," H. R. Island. "There is a Beautiful World," "Shall We Meet Beyond the River?" "The Angels are Hovering Near," "The Year of Love," "How Gently on the Twisted Heart," Mrs. Parkhurst; "Kindly Words and Smiling Faces," J. H. Rosner; "For the Dear Old Flag I Die," Oh, why am I so Happy?" S. C. Foster; "Stolen Bells," Chas. Oz. Lowry. 25 cents each, mailed free. A pianist in attendance to try new music.

HORACE WATERS, Publisher, No. 481 Broadway.

AT HORACE WATERS'S, NO. 481 BROADWAY.—Pianos, Melodeons, Harmoniums and Musical Instruments of every description, at the very lowest cash prices. The Horace Waters Pianos and Melodeons are made of the very best materials, warranted for five years, and guaranteed to give entire satisfaction. New and second-hand Pianos, Melodeons, and Cabinet Organs to rent; monthly payments received for the same. A large assortment of second-hand Pianos very low. Pianos and Melodeons tuned, repaired, varnished, moved and shipped. HORACE WATERS, Agent, No. 481 Broadway.

MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS.—One to twelve stops; prices $60 to $500. A year in successful use in every climate. Testimony of Hallecks, Bristows, Scott-Siddons, Strakosch, Thalberg, Gottschalk, Satter, and hundreds of the most eminent artists and organists of leading cities to the great superiority of these instruments, and the superiority to all others of their class for solo playing and public use. Also, Melodeons from $60 to $175 each. Illustrated Catalogues sent free. Warerooms Nos. 5 and 7 Mercer-st., New-York. Address MASON BROTHERS.

NEW MUSIC PUBLISHED BY WILLIAM HALL & SON, No. 543 Broadway, New-York: "Mazurka Caprice," dedicated to Wm. Gilpin, and "Doll of Beauty Serenade," dedicated to Brignoli, by E. M. Gottschalk. Price 25 cents each. "I Cannot Go, My Boy," and "Kiss Me as of Old," by Mattie; song by "Rollin Howard, Bryants' Minstrels," composed by G. S. Holder. Price 25 cents each.

PRINCE & CO'S MELODEONS AND SCHOOL ORGANS.—The subscribers, agent for the sale of these celebrated instruments, has removed to No. 103 Bleecker-st., where he will offer wholesale new and second-hand, for sale or wholesale or monthly rent. Sheet Music and Music Books at wholesale and retail.

E. T. GORDON, Music Publisher.

CALENBERG & VAUPEL'S

NEW, IMPROVED

Overstring Grand and Square PIANOS are now considered by the best judges to be superior to any other made in this country. Warerooms, No. 491 Broadway, two years at Warerooms No. 101 Bleecker-st., corner of Greene-st., second block west of Broadway.

A MAGNIFICENT 7-OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE FOR SALE.—At the modern improvements; over-strung base; full iron frame, made to order, and fully guaranteed; cost $800, for $300, including stool and cover. Inquire at No. 45 West 16th-st., between 5th and 6th ave.

MUSIC AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.—Sent by mail or express, free of charge, on receipt of price. Address MILLER'S OLD MUSIC STORE, No. 929 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE AT LOW PRICE—NEW, strong and well-made piano, with all the latest improvements and style, of 7½ and sweet tone and well finished, at No. 41 Lispenard-st., near Broadway.

MRS. JOSEPH MONDS, FROM MONTREAL, begs to inform her friends and the public in general, that she has established herself in New-York for the purpose of giving instruction on the piano. For further particulars, apply at Mrs. MONDS' residence, No. 128 Waverley-place, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 1 P. M. References furnished.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MANUFACTORY OF THE MOLIANLAMP, NO. 208 GREENWICH-ST.

Office, No. 3 Cortlandt-st. (basement).

This lamp was awarded the silver medal at the late Fair of the American Institute. It burns Petroleum and Kerosene Oil without chimney, smell or smoke, the air being supplied to the flame by a blower driven by clock-work.

Clock and music box springs to order.

Watches, pianos, &c., of all sizes, turned and set.

Lathes of small work manufactured, and

Clock work, Presses, dies and stamps.

Tools for watchmakers, jewelers, &c.

WEDDING CARDS.

French Note Paper, Sealed and Stamped, Silver Plated, etc., at Wedding, not Broadway, on Dutch-st. Engraving by mail, send 3c. stamp.

ADOPTED FROM BIRTH.—ANY PARTY OF good character, desirous of adopting a child as above, can learn of an excellent opportunity in direct, by addressing E. WOOD, Box 2,000 Post-office.

REMOVAL.—DR. WM. H. HAY HAS REMOVED from 25 Bond-st. to 2 Clarendon-pl., No. 10 Place, near Broadway.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR HAY, STRAW AND GRAIN.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, FORAGE DEPARTMENT, Seventh-st. Wharf, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 15, 1863.

Written proposals will be received for HAY, STRAW, OATS and CORN for the use of this depot, to be delivered at the railroad depot, or at any of the Government wharves in this city.

The proposals to be addressed to the undersigned, and they should state the quantity and grade of each article offered, and the price and the time of delivery.

Proposals will be received for five thousand (5,000) bushels of Corn or Oats, and fifty (50) tons of Hay or Straw, and upward, unless it should be for the interest of the Government to contract for a less amount.

All grain to be put up in good sacks, of about 200 lb. bushels each, which are to be furnished at the cost of the contractor.

The Hay and Straw to be accurately baled.

All Grain and Hay offered to be subject to a rigid inspection by the Government Inspector.

Contracts will be awarded from time to time to the lowest responsible bidder, as the interest of the service may require. Good security will be required for the faithful fulfillment of any contract made under this advertisement.

Payment to be made at the convenience of the contract.

S. L. BROWN, Captain and A. Q. M. U. S. A.

OFFICE OF THE STONE COMMISSIONER, No. 27 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, October 10, 1863.

TO CONTRACTORS.—PROPOSALS INCLOSED in a sealed envelope, indorsed with the title of the work, and with name of the bidder written thereon, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock, A. M., TUESDAY, October 20, 1863:

For repairing and grading Sixty-second-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

For repairing and grading Seventy-second-street, between Eighth-avenue and Broadway.

Curb, gutter and flagging Eighty-ninth-street, between Third and Fifth avenues.

Curb, gutter and flagging Seventy-fourth-street, between Second and Third avenues.

Curb, gutter and flagging Sixteenth-street, from Avenue D to East River.

For regulating, grading, curb, gutter and flagging Seventy-first-street, from Eighth-avenue to Broadway.

For regulating, grading, curb, gutter and flagging One Hundred and Twenty-seventh-street, from Second to Third-avenue.

For regulating, grading, curb, gutter and flagging Fifty-seventh-street, from Seventh to Eighth-avenue.

For regulating, grading, curb, gutter and flagging Fifty-ninth-street, from First-avenue to East River.

For regulating, grading, curb, gutter and flagging One Hundred and Twenty-second-street, from Third to Fourth-avenue.

For regulating, grading, curb, gutter and flagging One Hundred and Thirty-second-street, from Fifth to Seventh-avenue.

For regulating, grading, curb, gutter and flagging Fifty-ninth-street, from Third to Fourth-avenue.

For regulating, grading, curb, gutter and flagging Fifty-ninth-street, from Second to Third-avenue.

New house for Hose Company No. 11.

New house for Hose Company No. 37.

New house for Hose Company No. 41.

New house for Engine Company No. 26.

Alterations and additions to house of Engine Company No. 42.

Alterations and additions to house of Hose Company No. 47.

Dredging slip foot of Thirteenth-street, North River.

Dredging slip between Piers Nos. 30 and 31, North River.

Dredging slip between Piers Nos. 43 and 44, North River.

Blank forms of proposals, together with the specifications and agreements, can be obtained at this office.—Dated Street Department, New-York, Oct. 9, 1863.

CHARLES G. CORNELL, Street Commissioner.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE, No. 4 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 19, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned until 4 o'clock P. M. on FRIDAY, the 16th of October, for furnishing, for issue to the United States Army, DESSICATED POTATOES, for twelve months, beginning Jan. 1, 1864, at the rate of twenty-five thousand pounds per month.

The Dessicated Potatoes must be manufactured exclusively from sound potatoes of the best varieties, and without admixture of any other ingredients, must be in all particulars sound and entirely free from onions; and must be ground fine and packed in air-tight tin or zinc-lined containing sixty pounds of them, to be packed in strong, well-made and strapped wooden boxes, (two in each,) with gain-hoop and hardwood sides, like sample package to be seen at this office.

Under the expectation that a better article will be manufactured and furnished than any heretofore received, no standard sample of Dessicated Potatoes is referred to, but each proposer is required to furnish a sample of not less than three hundred and sixty pounds of his own manufacture, packed as above.

Proposers will state where their manufactories are located, and will briefly describe their mode of dessication.

The deliveries are to be made monthly, and free of expense to the United States, at the Subsistence Storehouse, No. 4 State-street, New-York, or at such other point in New-York as may be designated by the proper authority. All samples sent in, which are sound and of good quality, will be paid for at the price at which the contract shall be awarded.

Each bid must contain the written guarantee of two responsible persons, (whose ability to respond in bonds to the amount of *ten thousand dollars* must be certified to by the United States District-Attorney, or other proper officer,) setting forth that they will become security for the faithful performance of any contract which shall be awarded to the party for the above bid, in case the party shall fail to execute the contract, we will give our bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars that the contract shall be duly filled."

Payment will be made by the paymaster in such funds as may be furnished by the United States.

A. B. EATON, Colonel and A. C. G. S.

ORDNANCE OFFICE, WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Oct. 7, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 M. on the 20th of the current month of October, for 100,000 sets of infantry accoutrements, caliber 58, to be delivered in the following quantities, at the undermentioned arsenals, viz:

20,000 sets at the New-York Arsenal, Governors Island.

20,000 sets at the Frankford Arsenal, Bridesburgh, Penn.

20,000 sets at the Allegheny Arsenal, Pittsburgh, Penn.

20,000 at the St. Louis Arsenal, St. Louis, Mo.

20,000 sets at the United States Armory, Springfield, Mass.

These accoutrements are to be made in strict conformity with the regulation patterns, which can be seen at either of the above-named arsenals, and they are to be subject to inspection at the arsenal where delivered before being received for the Government; none to be accepted or paid for buttonsh as are answered on inspection. The belts to be of *grained leather*, and all the stock to be the best oak tanned. The shoulder belt will be included in the set.

Deliveries must be made in lots of not less than 1,000 sets per week for all contracts of 10,000 sets or under; and not less than 2,000 sets per week on all contracts for over 10,000 sets; the first delivery to be made within fifteen days from date of contract. Failure to deliver at a specified time will subject the contractor to a forfeiture of the amount to be delivered at that time. The accoutrements must be boxed in the usual manner; the boxes to be charged at cost, to be determined by the inspector.

Bidders will state explicitly the arsenal or arsenals where they propose to deliver, and the number of sets they propose to deliver at each place, if for more than one.

No bids will be considered from parties other than regular manufacturers of the article, and such as are known in the department to be fully competent to execute, in their own shops, the work proposed for. Each party obtaining a contract will be required to enter into bonds, with approved sureties, for its faithful fulfillment.

The department reserves to itself the right to reject any or all bids, if not deemed satisfactory.

Proposals will be addressed to "Brigadier-General George D. Ramsay, Chief of Ordnance, Washington," and will be indorsed "Proposals for Infantry Accoutrements."

GEO. D. RAMSAY, Brigadier-General, Chief of Ordnance.

CAVALRY BUREAU, OFFICE OF THE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER, WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 15, 1863.

PROPOSALS FOR HORSES.—PROPOSALS are solicited and will be received at this office for the furnishing of good cavalry horses to be delivered at Pittsburgh, Penn., Philadelphia, Washington City, Syracuse, N. Y., or Indianapolis, Ind.

Proposals will be considered for the furnishing of horses in lots of not less than twenty five (25). The horses to be from fifteen (15) to sixteen (16) hands high, five (5) to nine (9) years old, well broken to the saddle, compactly built, in good flesh, and free from all defects.

The ability of the bidder to fulfill his agreement must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, whose signatures must be attested by a civil magistrate.

The responsibility of the guarantors must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court, or of the United States District Attorney.

Proposals must be addressed to Lieut.-Col. C. C. SAWTELLE, Chief Quartermaster, Cavalry Bureau, and be indorsed on the envelope "Proposals for Horses".

C. C. SAWTELLE, Lieutenant-Colonel and Chief Quartermaster, Cavalry Bureau.

ALBANY RAILWAY.—NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed proposals will be received until THURSDAY, Oct. 15, next, at noon, for the construction of Section-house, 2, 3, and part of 9 of a Street Railway, in paved streets of the City of Albany, being about 8½ miles equivalent single track. To be laid with plate rail, 45 pounds per yard, on timber sills and ties, and to be completed on or before the 30th day of December, 1863. Specifications and Plans may be examined at the Office of the Chief Engineer. Each offer must be accompanied by a written guarantee, signed by one or more responsible parties, that in case of its acceptance the party proposing will enter into contract for the work with good and sufficient sureties, when required, in a penal sum of not less than the amount of contract. The Company reserve the right to accept either or neither of the proposals made.

Proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for Albany Railway," and directed to SAMUEL McELROY, Chief Engineer, No. 69 North Pearl-st., Albany, N. Y.

N. B.—The above work is the commencement of the entire line, to be built within a few months.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, No. 3 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 3, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 3 o'clock P. M. on Thursday next, the 15th instant, for supplying fifteen hundred cords, full measure, of good merchantable oak, or other hard wood equal to oak; to be well seasoned and fit for use, and to be delivered and piled on the wharves nearest to the respective places in this harbor, or its vicinity, at which it may be required for immediate use. Bids will be considered for the whole or any part (not less than one hundred cords) of the quantity required. Persons making offers which may be accepted, will be required to give security for the faithful performance of any contract which may be made with them, and are requested to mention the names of such persons in their offers.

All orders should be indorsed "Proposals for Wood," and addressed to STEWART VAN VLIET, Major and Quartermaster, U. S. A.

WEDDING BOUQUETS AND FUNERAL WREATHS PRESERVED.

Hair of deceased persons artistically arranged. LEAVES AND FLOWERS SKELETONIZED. SPECIMENS CAN BE SEEN AT 48 Greenwich-st.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME COUNTER, 20 FEET long, nearly new and painted, will be sold cheap. Apply at No. 69 William-st.

DRY GOODS.

DRY GOODS AT RETAIL.

STRANG & ADRIANCE,

No. 255 Broadway,

Between Leonard and Franklin sts., New-York,

HAVE NOW OPEN

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF NEW FALL DRESS GOODS,

consisting of

BLACK, PLAIN AND FANCY SILKS,

in great variety.

MERINOS,

OTTOMANS,

ALPACCAS,

EMPRESS CLOTHS,

PLAIN and FIGURED POPLINS,

WOOL PLAINS,

ALL OF WHICH WILL BE OFFERED AT VERY LOW PRICES.

RICH SILKS.

IMPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE RETAIL TRADE PER STEAMER CHINA, AND WILL BE OPENED ON MONDAY,

MOIRE ANTIQUE,

MAGNIFICENT QUALITY,

in all the new and most desirable shades.

PLAIN AND BROCHE TAFFETAS,

RICH AND ELEGANT FOR EVENING DRESSES.

BUYERS WILL FIND THESE GOODS WORTHY OF THEIR ATTENTION.

—ALSO—

BLACK, PLAIN AND FANCY SILKS,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

STRANG & ADRIANCE,

No. 255 Broadway.

QUILTS AND TABLE COVERS.

We shall open on MONDAY, Oct. 12, an unusually large and very complete stock of

QUILTS,

in every size, quality and price.

Embroidered, Printed, Bordered and Embossed.

TABLE AND PIANO COVERS,

SHIRTINGS, SHEETINGS and TABLE DAMASKS,

AT RETAIL.

Stock large and cheap.

PATON & CO., No. 341 Broadway.

CLOAKS AND SACQUES.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT NOW OPEN.

STRANG & ADRIANCE, No. 255 Broadway.

SCARLET AND BLUE CLOTHS.

ONE BALE JUST RECEIVED, and will be OPENED on MONDAY, Oct. 12.

STRANG & ADRIANCE, No. 255 Broadway.

KID GLOVES.

A NEW BRAND,

THE EMPRESS GLOVE,

FOR LADIES.

Fine, Soft, Elastic, equal to any in market.

$1 a pair.

RICHARD GREEN,

No. 375 Canal-st., corner Laurens.

HOSIERY AND UNDERGARMENTS

FOR FALL AND WINTER.

LADIES', GENTLEMEN'S and CHILDREN'S COTTON,

MERINO and LAMBSWOOL,

IN GREAT VARIETY and at LOW PRICES.

RICH'D GREEN,

No. 375 Canal-st., corner Laurens.

SHIRTS.

GENTLEMENS' FINE DRESS SHIRTS.

MADE TO MEASURE AT

$3 to EACH.

A PERFECT FIT AND FIRST-CLASS WORK.

NEGLIGE SHIRTS,

COLLARS,

CRAVATS,

SCARFS,

SUSPENDERS,

GLOVES, &c.

RICHARD GREEN,

No. 375 CANAL-STREET.

R. H. MACY

is now opening

SHAWLS! SHAWLS! SHAWLS!

1,000 SHAWLS,

LONG AND SQUARE,

ALL THE DESIRABLE STYLES,

500 BROCHE SHAWLS!

STRIPED and FIGURED SQUARE and LONG, from $3 to $25.

300 CASHMERE LONG SHAWLS, at very low prices, which we will sell cheaper than any other house in the City.

BALMORAL SKIRTS!

1,000 BALMORAL SKIRTS, FOR $2 50.

Half a dollar under the regular price.

7,000 BALMORAL SKIRTS, FOR $2 75.

Seventy-five cents under the regular price.

1,000 BALMORAL SKIRTS FOR $3.

One dollar under the regular price.

Also, a splendid stock of

ALEXANDRA BALMORALS,

New Styles, of our own importation.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR.

Stock now complete. Goods made to order in this Department.

500 Dozen LADIES' FRENCH CORSETS,

best quality, now opening at the low price of $1 25 a pair.

HOSIERY.

Now opening a full and desirable stock of LAMBSWOOL AND MERINO HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR,

for Ladies, Misses and Children.

FLEECY-LINED GLOVES,

SILK GLOVES,

LISLE GLOVES,

MERINO GLOVES,

CLOTH GLOVES,

from the French and English manufacturers, viz:

NUBIAS, HOODS, SONTAGS, SCARFS, &c., &c.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

A full stock of Gent's Fleecy-lined and Cloth Gloves.

A full line of Gent's Cotton, Merino and Woolen Socks.

A full stock of Gent's Merino and Lambswool Undervest.

A full line of Gent's Cravats and Scarfs, all styles.

A full stock of

GENTLEMEN'S KID GLOVES.

Best quality at $1 25 a pair, equal to any Gloves in the City.

EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.

Now opening,

1,000 doz. Gent's Colored Border Linen Handkerchiefs, for 37c.

1,000 doz. Gent's Hemmed Linen Handkerchiefs, for 37c., very fine goods.

2,000 doz. Ladies' Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, for 12c. a dozen, the best value we have ever sold for the money.

Full line of broad and narrow Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, for Ladies, Gents and Children. Also,

EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS.

KID GLOVES!

NOW OPENING,

1,000 Dozen LADIES' FRENCH KID GLOVES,

Full colors, at 62 c a pair.

NO BETTER QUALITY IN THIS CITY.

GENT'S KID GLOVES, best quality, at 62 c. 75 c a pair.

R. H. MACY, Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av.,

two doors below 14th-st.

CURTAINS.

New Styles.	Lace Curtains.	Window Shades.	Linen.	Lace.	Linen Lace.	Muslin.	Brocatelle.	Damask.	Terry Cloth.	Jacquard.	Cretonne.	Cord and Tassel.	Other Trimmings.

G. L. & J. B. KELTY, No. 339 Broadway, N. Y.

WINDOW SHADES

Gold.	Orange.	White.	Blue.	Green.	Green Stripe.	Buff.	Buff Stripe.	Pink.	Pink Stripe.	Lavender.	Lavender Stripe.	Slate.	Slate Stripe.

G. L. & J. B. KELTY, No. 339 Broadway.

FASHIONABLE DRESS GOODS.

NOW OPEN.

A large stock of

ALL THE FASHIONABLE STYLES AND COLORS, in French Merinos, Empress Cloths, Broche and Striped Synglines, Ottomans, Broche Velours, Alpacas, De-bourgs, Crepes, Plain and Figured Poplins, Wool Plaids.

ALSO,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF DRESS GOODS, at 25c., 37½c., 50c., 62½c., 75c., and 87½c. per yard.

ALSO,

MOURNING DRESS GOODS IN GREAT VARIETY OF STYLES.

W. E. PEYTON, No. 374 Bowery.

AT DEPERCEVAL'S, NO. 637 BROADWAY, All kinds of Children's Cloaks, Riding Hoods, Dresses, Blankets, Socks, Corsets, Chemises, Infants' Wraps, Aprons, Bibs, Baskets, &c. Ladies' Embroidered Chemises and Night Gowns, Velvet Ladies' robes, Infants' Robes, Gents' Linen Handkerchiefs, in initials and coats of arms, embroidered on handkerchiefs, table linen, made to order. Stamping for embroidery and working embroidery neatly. Hoping for short attendance. Lace Collars all kinds cheap.

DRY GOODS.

SOMEBODY'S LUGGAGE

THE MYSTERY

UNVEILED.

The community that has been so wonderfully excited for the past few days to know whose that

SOMEBODY'S LUGGAGE

was, and what it consisted of, will be relieved from further emotions on learning that MACKENZIE, the notorious

CLOAK AND MANTILLA DESIGNER

lately arrived from Paris, with an extravagant assortment of

VELVET,

SILK,

CLOTH,

AND

MOHAIR WOOL CLOAKS,

MANTILLAS,

SACQUES

AND

OPERA CIRCULARS,

Made and trimmed in the most magnificent style, for

LADIES',

AND

MISSES'

CHILDREN'S WEAR.

Mr. GEORGE CAREY, knowing the shrewdness and tact required in selecting rare and unique Goods for this market, dispatched Mackenzie on the mission to PARIS, LONDON and LYONS, and to insure a speedy and safe transit for the valuables, labeled them

SOMEBODY'S LUGGAGE.

The whole thing is now fairly out—Mr. Mackenzie's Luggage—but Mr. Carey's Goods will be displayed to the Lady visitors on

THURSDAY, OCT. 15, 1863.

This grand display of French and English Novelties will eclipse any assortment for

STYLE, BEAUTY OF FINISH, AND FINENESS OF TEXTURE

that has ever been exhibited in this metropolis.

The day and occasion calls for the immediate attention of ladies in search of elegant goods for Fall and Winter wear.

UNITED STATES CLOAK AND MANTILLA STORE,

NOS. 304 AND 306 CANAL-STREET.

GEO. CAREY, Proprietor.

W. B. MACKENZIE, Superintendent.

N. B.—The Trade not invited, as all must be sold at RETAIL ONLY.

R. H. MACY

is now opening

All the new styles of LADIES' SILK SCARFS!

All qualities of FUSHEE and THREAD VEILS!

Full stock of REAL LACES!

Full stock of IMITATION LACES!

BARBES, COIFFURES, LACE SHAWLS, MANTILLAS, &c., &c., &c.

A job lot of

5,000 YARDS CAMBRIC NEEDLE-WORKED FLOUNCING

is now offering, from 3c. a yard to $3 50 a yard.

They cost a whole month's work.

THE CHEAPEST LOT WE EVER OFFERED!

Job lot of

Cambric Needle-worked Bands, Collars, Sets, and Sheetings Veils,

AT VERY LOW PRICES!

Infants' Waists and Dresses, and a fine stock of Cambric Edgings and Insertings!

WHITE GOODS AND FLANNELS!

All qualities of

BOOK, SWISS, NAINSOOK, PLAID AND STRIPED MUSLINS!

All qualities of

FLANNELS FROM THE BEST MANUFACTURERS.

JOB LOTS IN TOWELS!

JOB LOTS IN FINE SCOTCH DIAPERS!

JOB LOTS IN BROKEN AND FIGURED SWISS MUSLIN!

A full assortment of NOTTINGHAM LACES, TIDIES, &c.

Job lots of

EMBROIDERED CURTAIN MUSLINS.

Full line of

LACE CURTAINS, NEW AND ELEGANT DESIGNS!

VESTIBULE LACES OF ALL STYLES!

YANKEE NOTIONS!

Full stock of Braids, Round Cotton, Silk Tapes, Combs, Brushes, Perfumery, &c., &c.

RIBBONS AND MILLINERY GOODS!

BEST QUALITY HAT RIBBONS,

ALL THE DESIRABLE SHADES.

All the widths and colors of the

SCOTCH PLAID RIBBONS!

NOW SO FASHIONABLE!

Full stock of

BEST QUALITY BLACK VELVET RIBBONS!

VELVET RIBBONS WITH COLORED EDGES!

BONNET SATINS AND SILKS!

TRIMMING RIBBONS!

FROM AUCTION.

500 Cartons FALL COLORS FANCY HAT RIBBONS, 2c., 2½ c., and 3c. a yard.

BUGLE GIMPS AND SKIRT BRAIDS

OSTRICH FEATHERS AND PLUMES DE COQUE, for TRIMMING MISSES' and CHILDREN'S HATS.

Finest quality of

PARIS FLOWERS, BRIDAL WREATHS, STRAW BONNETS, BUCHES, MISSES' and CHILDREN'S FELT HATS, of all styles, for Fall wear.

KID GLOVES!

NOW OPENING,

1,000 Dozen LADIES' FRENCH KID GLOVES,

Full colors.

NO BETTER QUALITY IN THIS CITY.

ALSO GENT'S KID GLOVES, best quality.

R. H. MACY, Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av.,

two doors below 14th-st.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!! SHAWLS!!!

We are now offering

A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT OF

PARIS AND VIENNA BROCHE LONG AND SQUARE SHAWLS.

All Wool Long and Square plaid Shawls; also,

A LARGE STOCK OF FANCY WOOL SHAWLS.

STELLA SHAWLS, MOURNING SHAWLS.

all of which will be offered at the very lowest market price, for cash, at wholesale and retail.

W. K. PEYTON,

No. 374 BOWERY, near Houston-st.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.

BLANKETS, FLANNELS,

TABLE-DAMASKS, LINENS,

SHIRTING AND SHEETING MUSLINS,

TOWELS, NAPKINS, CRASHES,

CLOTH AND CASSIMERES FOR BOYS' WEAR,

PRINTS AND GINGHAMS.

Our stock of the above goods is very large, and being purchased early in the season, is much under the present market value.

W. K. PEYTON, No. 374 Bowery.

CLOAKS! CLOAKS! CLOAKS!

GRAND OPENING OF

FALL AND WINTER GARMENTS,

IN ALL THE LEADING STYLES,

IMPORTED FOR SEASON.

WATERPROOF CIRCULARS, at $5, $6 50, and $7.

BLACK BEAVER CLOTH CLOAKS, at $8, $9, $10, AND UPWARD.

Ladies will save from three to five dollars by purchasing their cloaks at our house.

Also,

A LARGE STOCK OF CLOAKING CLOTHS AND BEAVERS,

the same goods as we manufacture. Sizing to any extra order, so as not to spot or shrink in wearing.

W. K. PEYTON, No. 374 Bowery.

BALMORAL SKIRTS! BALMORAL SKIRTS!!

ALL THE LATEST NOVELTIES IMPORTED, in BRITISH, FRENCH, SAXONY, SWISS and AMERICAN goods, in ladies', misses, and children's sizes, at all prices, from $1 75 up to $5 each.

Ladies will find a magnificent assortment to choose from.

W. K. PEYTON, No. 374 Bowery.

BLACK SILKS! BLACK SILKS!!

CONTINUATION OF OUR

GREAT SALE OF

CHEAP BLACK SILKS,

OIL-BOILED SILKS at 6c. 6d., 7c., 8c., 9c., and 10c. per yard.

Also, from Auction,

ELEGANT PLAID and STRIPED SILKS, at 75c. per yard, worth from $1 to $1 25.

W. K. PEYTON, No. 374 Bowery.

DRESS TRIMMINGS.—NEW STYLES IN purple trimmings, ornaments, velvet ribbons, braids and trimming ribbons, alpaca, and embroidery buttons, cords and glossy tassels; also a great variety of plain and embroidered handkerchiefs, collars and cuffs, very cheap. N. BLAIN, the largest, cheapest and best assorted stock of small wares, 50 Bowery, hairpins and fancy goods in the City! French kid gloves, only 84; sundry wanted, less than any other store, in large or small quantities, at BLAIN'S, No. 50 and 52 Bowery, near 4th-st., east side.

DRY GOODS.

FLANNELS & BLANKETS.

We shall be prepared on MONDAY, Oct. 12, to exhibit all the most popular varieties of

FLANNELS,

IN

SHAKER,

HALLANDVALE,

SWANSKIN,

REAL WELSH,

IMITATION WELSH,

SILK WARP.

UNSHRINKABLE PATENT, (Warranted.)

In great variety of widths and qualities. Manufactured and imported expressly for our

RETAIL TRADE.

PATON & CO., No. 341 Broadway.

SOLOMON & HART,

No. 369 Broadway,

UPHOLSTERERS, PAPER HANGERS AND INTERIOR DECORATORS,

are receiving by every steamer,

NEW STYLES LACE CURTAINS,

SATINS, BROCATELS,

COTELINES, BORDERED REPS and DELAINES,

PIANO AND TABLE COVERS, all colors and sizes.

Also, PLUSHES, MOQUETTES, LASTINGS, and every description of

FURNITURE COVERINGS AND PAPER HANGINGS.

They would call the particular attention of parties furnishing, to their

STOCK OF THE ABOVE GOODS,

which contains a large assortment of

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS.

SOLOMON & HART,

No. 369 Broadway.

STAPLE STOCK OF DRY GOODS FOR Sale at No. 105 Broadway.

INSTRUCTION.

GREY LOCK INSTITUTE.

For boys, South Williamstown, Berkshire Co., Mass. The twenty-fourth semi-annual session will commence Nov. 4. Thirty pupils. Terms $300 per annum. For circulars, address

BENJ. F. MILLS, A. M., Principal.

YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE.

For making boys intelligent, healthy, Christian MEN. Address BENJAMIN MASON, Box No. 200 Yonkers, N. Y.

THE RIVERDALE INSTITUTE,

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

AT RIVERDALE ON THE HUDSON,

Will commence its first term on MONDAY, 19th October, under the recitation of Rev. WM. C. LEVERETT, M. A., now of Newport, R. I.

The fact that this institution is founded by the Trustees for the superior education of their own daughters, and not for pecuniary gains, offers more than ordinary guarantee that the patronage of the establishment will be turned solely to the advantage of the pupils.

The buildings of the Institute are on spacious and elevated grounds, and are being fitted with all the modern improvements which can add to the health and comfort of the occupants. The schoolrooms, dormitories, &c., are large and well ventilated, and furnished and lighted by gas. The location is picturesque, salubrious, and retired; distance from New-York City 14 miles; or half an hour's ride from 30th-st. Station of the Hudson River Railroad.

REFERENCE BY PERMISSION TO

Rt. Rev. H. Potter, D.D., LL.D., New-York.

Rt. Rev. T. M. Clark, D.D., Rhode Island.

Rt. Rev. Geo. Burgess, D.D., Maine.

Rt. Rev. J. Williams, Connecticut.

Rev. A. Anthon, D.D., New-York.

Rev. A. L. Cummins, D.D., New-York.

Rev. D. R. Brewer, Yonkers, N. Y.

Further references, circulars, &c., by application to B.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1863.

AMUSEMENTS this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Ione; or, The Last Days of Pompeii.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Sioux and Winnebago Indians—Giant Boy, Moving Wax Figures, &c., all hours—Dramatic Performances, Ghost, &c., at 2 and 7½ o'clock P. M.

WALLACK'S—Rosedale; or, The Rifle Ball.

WIBLO'S GARDEN—Gabriel; or, The Jewish Mother.

WINTER GARDEN—Rip Blas.

ALHAMBRA PAVILION—The Bedouin Arabs.

PARK THEATRE—(Brooklyn)—John of Paris—Morning Call.

GEO. CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS—(No. 585 Broadway.)

OLYMPIC—The Two Bonnycastles—Brewster and Sleepers.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

There was further skirmishing on Monday on the north bank of the Rappahannock, from which it is evident that the rebel advance is up to the line of the river. Meade's army, as announced by us yesterday, is now north of the Rappahannock, but this movement was decided upon some time ago in event of threatening demonstrations on the part of Lee. It is represented that the fighting thus far has been purely on our side at least by cavalry, and by artillery supports, the main army not having been engaged. The loss in Gregg's cavalry division is said to be severe, the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Pennsylvania and Tenth New-York suffering most.

Our correspondent at Morris Island, S. C., advises us of serious damage having been suffered by the frigate *New Ironsides*, on the night of the 6th inst., by the explosion of a rebel torpedo. The *Ironsides* was anchored at the time off Fort Moultrie, and the infernal contrivance was set adrift from the upper end of Sullivan Island, whence it floated rapidly down on the ebb tide, and struck her before she could be removed after its discovery. The explosion is described as having been terrific, dashing the water in a heavy volume on the deck, and putting out all the fires. Our correspondent states the damage to have been so great that Admiral Dahlgren has it under advisement whether to send the vessel North for repairs. Unfortunately an officer was killed by the explosion, and two seamen wounded. Our picket boats were attacked also about the time the torpedo was discovered. Three monitors were reported to be absent at Hilton Head, and this disablement to the *Ironsides* will probably result in a postponement of the attack which was said to be fixed for last Sunday.

FROM EUROPE.

The arrival of the steamship *Africa* at St. Johns, N. F., from Liverpool on the 3d inst., puts us in possession of two days later news from Europe. The English Press comments freely on the recent great battles in Georgia, those which are ever willing to hail disaster to the Union arms regarding them as great victories for the rebels. The London *Daily News*, one of the staunchest friends of the North, while commending Meade's policy of concentration, by which alone he has been enabled to check Rosecrans, still insists that he must effect much more ere he can be said to have achieved any solid and lasting advantage. From France the news is still unfavorable for Southern recognition. The Paris *Siècle*, an influential leading journal, intimates that if the rebel Commissioner Stephens comes to Paris expecting to procure the recognition of the South, he will meet with great disappointment, since the period for that event, if it ever existed, has passed by. The Confederates, in arming their negroes, acknowledge that their means of resistance are exhausted. The Archduke Maximilian has replied to the Mexican deputation, who have waited upon him with a formal offer of the throne, that he is willing to accept it, if tendered by a free, spontaneous and genuine expression of the people of Mexico, coupled with some guarantee for the integrity and independence of that country. In the Liverpool market, Cotton was buoyant, Breadstuffs steady, and Provisions quiet. Consols 93¾@93¾. The Confederate loan had advanced 1½ ⅌ cent.

The Cunard steamship *Africa* struck on a reef off Cape Race at 10 o'clock on Monday night last, during a thick fog, and remained aground half an hour. The sea was running high at the time, causing the ship to labor badly, and she sprung a leak, which made it necessary for Capt. Brown to put into St. Johns, N. F., for repairs. The cargo, as well as the vessel, is greatly damaged.

GENERAL NEWS.

Though there was nothing definite as to the result of the elections yesterday in Ohio and Pennsylvania up to the time of our going to press, yet the indications promised a success for the Union candidates. The returns from Pennsylvania almost all show slight Republican gains over the vote of last year, and in Ohio, so far as heard from, the gains are still more marked.

Rumors were prevalent yesterday that Gov. Seymour had at length struck the long-meditated blow of removing the Police Commissioners—Ex-Sheriff John Kelsy and Ex-Senator Wm. McMurray being confidently named as the successors of Messrs. Acton and Acting Commissioner E. F. Purdy. This, if done, will be in disregard of the protest entered against such action by the two representatives of the City of New-York in the State Democratic Central Committee, and must be charged to the advice of Messrs. D. B. St. John, Sandford E. Church, and the other candidates on the Democratic State ticket, who have been clamorous for such action ever since their nomination.

The Board of Supervisors yesterday received a communication from the Corporation Counsel giving the opinion, in answer to a resolution of inquiry, that the County is not responsible to the holders of mortgages on real estate destroyed during the riot, but is responsible to holders of mortgages on personal estate. The Comptroller reported that of the $5,520,956 69 appropriated during the year on County account, warrants had been drawn for $2,756,764 56 up to Oct. 1, leaving a balance of $2,744,192 13. The Board of Estimate and Apportionment, under the Police act, reported their estimates of police expenses for 1864 as follows: General expenses $47,100; New-York force, $1,760,520 61; additions to and alterations and repairs of station-houses in New-York, $7,000; Brooklyn force, $712,000. The Board adjourned to next Tuesday, at 3 o'clock P. M.

Yesterday, Deputy Provost-Marshal-General Ncomby, in pursuance of instructions from Washington, issued orders to the Boards of Enrollment of the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Districts to prepare at once for a reenrollment. These are the Districts to the enrollments and quotas of which Gov. Seymour made objections. Only 50 per cent. of the quotas claimed was drawn, the balance to await a reinrolment.

The brig *Harvest Queen*, Capt. Hollis, arrived yesterday morning, from Bermuda, after a passage of seven days. Capt. Hollis reports that the bark *Meg Merrilies*, Capt. Dyer, before reported in distress at St. Georges, sailed from Algoa Bay for New-York on the 23d of July, with a cargo of wool. Had fair weather until the 11th of September, then experienced a tremendous hurricane; ship hove to thirteen hours under a small piece of sail, lashed to the weather mizzen rigging. A high cross-sea struck the ship, and broke on board, washing away all the crew, three of whom were drowned—Antonio Francisco, the cook, Henry Roberts, a seaman, and Alfred Cure, a boy. After pumping all night had five and a half feet in the well. The male and mizzen-mast being gone, got up a jury-mast, and arrived at Bermuda Sept. 30.

Advices from San Domingo to the 10th ult. have been received at Boston, by the arrival of the schooner *Freeman*. The rebellion is reported to have terminated in the entire success of the Spanish troops. The island is reported to be unhealthy, several of the *Freeman's* crew having died of yellow fever.

In the Court of Oyer and Terminer, James Galvin, *indicted for arson, was found guilty of arson in the third degree, and sentenced to four years' hard labor in the State Prison.*

Thomas McGeehey, indicted for riot, and who pleaded guilty to the indictment, was sentenced to the Penitentiary for two months.

There was much excitement in the Gold Market yesterday forenoon. Sales as high as 155@156 per cent., closing at 152@152¾ per cent. Exchange on London 169½@170 per cent. Stocks buoyant in the forenoon, but dull at the close of the dealings, after losing most of the decline made at the First Board. The demand continues active for the Popular Loan. Sales yesterday in this market $1,106,000.

An active business was reported in Breadstuffs yesterday, which generally advanced early in the day, but closed quite heavily. The Provision trade was unusually brisk, especially in the line of Pork and Lard, which were much dearer. Whisky was dull, and closed decidedly lower. Cotton moderately active, at rising prices. Hay, Hops, Leather, Metals, Salt, Spices, Tallow, Wool and Tobacco were selling freely. Sugars were in fair request. Teas were more sought after. The Freight market was very quiet.

The Live Stock markets are supplied with 5,547 bullocks, 657 calves, 16,221 sheep and lambs, and 22,465 hogs. These numbers, though seemingly large, were barely enough to supply the demand, at advanced rates, and business was lively in each department. The weather has been all that stock men could desire, and speculators drove a thrifty trade, buying at old and selling at advanced prices....Beef cattle were in good demand, and sold ½c. higher than last week, a few of the best at 11c. ⅌ lb, estimated dressed weight, but generally at 10c.@10½c. for fat cattle, and 8c.@9c. for medium to fair steers, with a large number of very poor animals at 7c. The market averaged over 8½c., and the 4,234 at Forty-fourth-street were all sold....Sheep are selling well at an advance of near 25c. ⅌ head, fat lots bringing 5½c., and fair Sheep 5¼c. ⅌ lb. Lambs are worth 7c.@7½c. ⅌ lb....Live Hogs have advanced ½c.@¾c. ⅌ lb., and all but poor trash are selling rapidly. Fat corn hogs command 5½c., and still fed 5¼c. ⅌ lb.

Gen. McClellan and the Pennsylvania Election.

Gen. McClellan, who was so slow in the military field, is rather faster in the political. We have at last a dash from him—a regular slap-dash. At his retreat in New Jersey, he learns from "a reliable gentleman" that there is danger that the Copperhead line will not come up to the scratch; and he no sooner hears of it than he speeds, as he never sped before, to the rescue. The lightning could not outstrip him; or, if it did, it was only to carry the message that Gen. McClellan was *only a little behind, and that "he regards the election of Judge Woodward, as Governor of Pennsylvania, to be called for by the interests of the nation."* The tidings reached Philadelphia just as the sun was descending beyond the Schuylkill—thirteen hours and three-quarters, by the best watches, before the opening of the fight. The shades of night, we understand, were used, to the best purpose, in working the dirt. The engagement commenced with sunrise, and lasted through the day, with terrible effect, we hear, upon the followers of Judge Woodward. They are routed, it is said, horse, foot and dragoons. Gen. McClellan, it is expected, will reach the field in person to-morrow.

It is, indeed, somewhat singular that Gen. McClellan, who has been so stoical regarding his military credit, should be so exceedingly sensitive concerning his political repute. He submits unmoved to the severest, and, if we are to believe his friends, the falsest statements concerning his military career, without making a sign; yet it is no sooner given out that he is in favor of the reelection of a Governor who is a friend of the Administration, than he is off like a shot to put down the lie. It would seem that the General can stand anything but the suspicion that he has parted company with the Copperheads. It is manifestly an object of prime concern with him to keep himself identified, as completely as possible, with the men who are not warring against the rebels, but quarreling with the constituted authorities of the Government. Of all the score or two of Major-Generals of the United States, in service and out of service, there probably is not another one, who, whatever his former political associations, would have treated as a slander to be publicly repelled, a story that he was for sustaining the Executive which gave him his commission. Maj.-Gen. McClellan has this peculiar distinction. Whether it be owing to resentment at his displacement from the command of the Army of the Potomac, or to an ambition of being made, as has been talked of, an Anti-Administration candidate for the Presidency, we shall offer no conjecture. His motives are known only to himself. But we do say that it is not conduct which would become a true soldier in his peculiar position.

Gen. McClellan, in his letter, represents himself as bound to favor Judge Woodward by "the principles of humanity and civilization," respect for "private rights and property," and fidelity to the great objects of the war, which he specifies to be "the restoration of the unity of the nation, the preservation of the Constitution, and the supremacy *of the laws of the country." Now, if this* means anything, it means that the Administration of President Lincoln is unfaithful to those principles and objects. If he thus believes, we should like to know when the conviction first dawned upon him? Was it before or was it after Nov. 5, 1862, on which day he received an order from President Lincoln to turn over his command to Maj.-Gen. Burnside? If it was before, what words are strong enough fitly to reprobate the man who would lend himself to the official carrying out of a policy which he saw was hostile to civilization, to humanity, to private rights, to the laws, to the Constitution, to the Union. If his enlightment did not come until after that date, why was it so long delayed? The preliminary Emancipation Proclamation had been issued many weeks previous; the Confiscation bills, and the bills against the rendition of fugitive slaves, had been passed months previous; and summary arrests of disloyal persons had been made from the beginning of the war. In respect to those arrests, Gen. McClellan had himself, more than a year previous, not only cheerfully but zealously engaged in the boldest and the most questionable act of the kind that has ever been performed even up to this day—we mean the arrest of the members of the Maryland Legislature. It appears from official correspondence, just published, that Maj.-Gen. McClellan wrote from Washington to Maj.-Gen. Banks, in Baltimore, *to "arrest the whole party, and be* sure that none escape," and took occasion to enforce his directions with the declaration that "if this be successfully carried out, it will go far toward breaking the backbone of the rebellion." Now, if Gen. McClellan was so long in attaining his present perceptions of "private rights," and the "rights of property," and "the supremacy of the laws," and "the principles of humanity," and all that, how are we to account for it? Was it from mental dullness of apprehension? Was it from sluggishness of the moral sense? Was there anything in his being unhorsed and sent to Trenton that would naturally sharpen his faculties?

Really, we think there is much here that requires explanation. No fair-minded man can help wondering that during the fifteen months Gen. McClellan was in high command, he should, without one word of protest or complaint, have been so forward to serve the Executive in its complete development of a policy; and that yet, during the eleven months he has been out of command, he should have sought to make that policy a justification for his turning against the Executive and attaching himself to its worst enemies. There is no possible escape from the conclusion that there is some strange deficiency here, either in mind or in heart; that there was not the understanding seasonably to comprehend the policy of the President when it was plain to everybody, or not the moral resolution to separate from that policy. This dilemma is complete in itself, even allowing the perfect honesty of his present language, and that it was not dictated either by overweening ambition or low-lived resentment.

The letter, as a political venture, has failed wretchedly. With all its specious phrases, and all the fancied prestige of the name attached to it, it has not saved Judge Woodward from an inglorious defeat. Gen. McClellan has thus openly joined the side of faction in the very hour when the people were bracing themselves to overwhelm it with patriotic indignation. He has gratuitously linked himself to the fortunes of a party which was just about to be prostrated never to rise again. He seems to be persecuted by an evil fate in politics as in war. There is no help for him. His case is hopeless.

Our Political System—Its Advantages and Dangers.

De Tocqueville was the first to call attention to the enormous gain to humanity that would result from the success of the political experiment which we were making on this continent, from the single fact that it would accustom great and powerful communities to submit their differences to judicial arbitrament, and would make it a point of honor with them to abide by legal precedents, instead of resorting to the sword. To know what this Federal system of ours, if it can only be perpetuated, will save the inhabitants of this continent in money and bloodshed, we have only to study the history of Europe during the last six centuries. We do not mean to say that it is probable that, without the Union, we should have here a faithful repetition of all the horrors through which Europe has passed since the Crusades, because the advance of civilization and the stronger hold of the precepts of Christianity on men of all classes, would give our wars a tinge of gentleness and humanity by which those of the Old World were not marked until our day. But we should have among us in full activity the very cause which has led to all European wars since the close of the Fourteenth century—the fears of the smaller States of the predominance of the larger ones, expressed in the struggles on behalf of what is so well known as "the balance of power." Once cut the States loose from each other, or cut the Union up into several Confederacies, and you call into play the very passions to which the world owed the Thirty Years' War, the wars between Louis XIV, and William III., the war of Marlborough, the war of 1756, and the wars of the French Empire. You rouse between each political community the spirit of hostile rivalry; the love of domination among the strong, and the fear of conquest and oppression among the weak. The larger States would find in their strength and resources a justification for seeking to extend their territory; the smaller ones would find in their weakness a fair excuse for entering into combinations for self-defence, and even in seeking safety in foreign alliances. There would be incessant intrigue, jealousy, and recrimination, and, as a general consequence, incessant hostilities, or—what is almost as fatal to prosperity—incessant fears of hostilities. *Any arrangement which saves* all this, let its imperfections be what they may, is certainly worth all the sacrifices which any one generation can make for it.

The fact that the establishment of the Southern Confederacy would be the first step in a process which would result in leaving us precisely in the condition of European nations, with our "balance of power" to maintain, has of course been the strongest reason in the minds of most people for wishing to resist it now till the last extremity. There are some, however, at home, and among the friends of the North in Europe a very large number, who are for letting the South go now, in the belief that the North will be sure to absorb it at a later period, when weakened by internal dissensions and by the canker of Slavery. If there ever was any force in this argument, it has lost it all by the French invasion of Mexico. The intrigue which is now going on in Paris for the recognition of the Confederacy, for the purpose of furnishing a buffer to stand between the United States and the new Empire, is a direct and formal introduction on this continent of the great European apple of discord. Louis Napoleon, if he recognizes the South or intervenes in its favor, will do so on behalf of "the balance of power;" and the South, in seeking his alliance, has the very same object in view. Both of them wish by combining their strength to keep the United States in check.

Suppose the scheme to succeed, and the field that is opened up on this continent for diplomatic intrigue and military adventure far surpasses any that has ever greeted the eyes of European politicians. In Europe the differences of race, and language, and religion, and ignorance, the immobility of the mass of the people, and ages of non-intercourse, have sharply defined the limits of the various nationalities, and surrounded the work of annexation or absorption with enormous difficulties—as the first Napoleon found to his cost. But here there are still States or States to be created in a pathless wilderness, and by a population singularly devoid of strong local attachments, and singularly alive to the excitements of change and novelty. To a man who loves to create political combinations, carve out new States and shape national destinies, there could not be a more tempting field than the great Southwest, just as it is; and the greatest schemer of the age has his eye upon it, and his foot in it, and if we let the busy brains of the South enter into his service, we venture to predict a series of intrigues, complications, wars and disturbances on this continent, the history of which will make Rhymer's *Foders* seem light reading, and make our posterity wonder that even the great negro question should ever have been thought heavy or tiresome. And we may fancy with what ardor the philanthropist of the twenty-first century would go forth to his labors, in the presence of the fact that the greatest, most promising attempt ever made to secure human happiness by political institutions had ended in producing in the New World a repetition on a gigantic scale of the strifes and jealousies which time out of memory have filled the Old one with blood and tears.

Our City Democracy.

There is insurrection in Mozart Hall—insurrection in Tammany. The Faubourg St. Antoine of the Democratic party is arming itself against the Faubourg St. Germain, and of the issue there can be no doubt. The snobs of the St. Germain will go to the wall. The working, voting, victory-winning masses of the party have never yet been defeated. Already the tocsins are pealing from every political steeple, and barricades are being made of City railroad cars across all the main avenues leading to power and place.

On two or three main points connected with local politics, the great masses of the Democracy are united with a zeal and unanimity never before witnessed. The disgraceful coalition based on an equal division of the spoils, will be overthrown. The independence of the Judiciary will be maintained, and Judges of good character shall not be punished at the bidding of individual corruptionists whom they may have offended. The "close corporation" system of party management, now in vogue, will be broken down, and the honors and rewards of the party thrown open to the competition of industry, energy and talent.

So vast is the disaffection amongst the rank and file, both of Mozart and Tammany, that "machine" nominations this Fall are already quoted below par, and will soon be entirely out of the market. Numerous and powerful leaders are organizing the people in all the wards and districts, and with a coalition of the forces thus called into coherent existence, there can be no such word as fail. All new parties are honest and put forward good men. It is upon the old and decaying "machines," that the fungus-growth of corruption and lobby-agency is developed.

The new men are seeking power and position, and are, therefore, willing to offer inducements and make concessions to the people. The old parties, rioting in ill-gotten plunder, follow the beaten track which in calmer times has so often led them to success. They are like gorged hyenas, mumbling the "bones" already in their possession, and grumbling at whatever tends to disturb their digestion. Their cry to the new men is: "Let us alone; let us gorge; let us sleep; let us grow fat. Your plans of reform only puzzle and distract us. We have our City Railroad shares; we have our other jobs; we are growing rich, and are well satisfied. Honest and independent Judges are an unmitigated nuisance. We want men that we can use; men that we can approach in cases that touch our pockets. We want men who are human in their little frailties. Men like ——, but you know their names."

To all this the new men answer: "These are revolutionary times. While matters jogged along easily, the people did not meddle much in politics. They allowed the 'machines' to control them, and voted at the *bidding of certain recognized party leaders.* But now everything is different. All orders and ranks of men have been compelled to think. We examine your claim to leadership and find it not merely an imposture, but a swindle. Your power is based on corrupt combinations made with men whom you pretend to oppose. Your prominence has only been manifested in schemes of spoliation and lobby practice. You are in no sense leaders of the people; and we spurn your commands, satisfied that no good motive prompts them."

To speak by name of the various prominent Democrats who have thrown themselves, heart and soul, into these new reformatory movements, would be invidious if only a few were mentioned, and would occupy columns if all the names were recited. Suffice it to say that the very best men of the Democracy are zealous champions on the popular side; and that they profess their entire willingness to act in harmony with all organizations actuated by a desire to secure good men as candidates at the forthcoming November and December elections. When rogues band themselves together for vile purposes, it is the duty of honest men to drop all minor differences and organize to defeat them. With prudence governing and concentrating the various opposition elements next month, the Tammany-Mozart coalition for the spoils may be overthrown with perfect ease. This coalition has rankling within itself distrust, suspicion, *mutual hatred and jealousies. It is only held together* by that powerful ligament, a hope of securing the spoils; and with this hope once destroyed, or even weakened, as is being done now, by an active and widespread organization of insurrection amongst the rank and file of the party, the unholy alliance will dissolve itself into thin air, and disappear amidst the execrations of the people. The "bayonets" have long since "learned to think." It is now the turn for the "ballots" to do their share of independent brain-work.

The Recorder.—Recorder Hoffman, as our readers were informed yesterday, was renominated to his present office by the Union County Convention on Monday night. As he will also receive the nomination of Tammany, there is no doubt of his election. This is a deserved honor to one of the ablest Judges and most upright men connected with our judiciary. His course during the riot trials gave him a wide reputation, but it was only consistent with his established character, and with all his past career. It has been in contemplation by our citizens for some time to present him with some testimonial of their appreciation of his services; but the best testimonial to him, and the most creditable to the City, would be a unanimous reelection to the office he has graced by his virtues, abilities and learning. It is also a credit to the Union Convention that they nominated a gentleman, who, while so deserving on general grounds, is and has been an adherent of the Democratic Party.

Rebel Victories.—The Richmond *Examiner* is very anxious to know why the innumerable victories won by the rebels have all been barren. The victories "end with comparative lists of killed and wounded, and with an inventory of captures; there is no territory regained, no enemy dispatched; it is thought sufficient to have accomplished the death of several thousand Yankees and the taking of a certain number of small arms, colors, and other trash of the battle-field." We should think the rebels would begin to doubt *the reality of their victories*; for our "*defeats*" have ended in "territory regained"—*as witness the carrying of our arms from* Northern Kentucky to Northern Georgia—from Cairo to the Belize; our "defeats" have ended in "dispatching armies"—as witness the Vicksburgh army of Pemberton, the army of Johnston, the army of Price, and others. The reason why Confederate victories have been barren is that most of them have *not* been victories.

THE NATIONAL FINANCES.

Copperheads and their Prophecies—Comparative Lightness of the Government Expenditures—Anxiety of Foreigners to Invest in United States Bonds.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

Washington, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

The National debt is far less in amount than the enemies of the Government hoped it would be on the 1st of October. They had prophesied that we would owe three thousand millions of dollars before the end of the second year of the war. Government enters upon the third year of the war, with a debt of only twelve hundred and twenty-two millions seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars. The increase of this debt, hereafter, will be moderate, the Government being abundantly supplied with muskets, cannon and clothing.

In a speech last night at Armory Hospital, the accomplished Register of the Treasury, Hon. L. E. Chittenden, said that, while Northern Copperheads were predicting bankruptcy and ruin in our monetary affairs, foreign capitalists were only too anxious to invest in government securities. Yesterday $250,000 worth of United States bonds were issued to foreign brokers, and Government has money now on hand with which to pay the entire army for the month of November, which money was furnished by foreign capitalists.

Admiral Milne at Washington.

Washington, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

Admiral Milne and suite and Lord Lyons, attended by the Secretary of State, and with an escort under Gen. Heintzelman, yesterday made a tour along the fortifications on the south side of the Potomac. They visited the Contraband camp, and informed themselves of the principles upon which it is conducted. They witnessed also a drill of the colored regiments.

The distinguished party also visited the convalescent camp, and carefully examined all its excellent arrangements. A fine collation was given them by the officers in charge of the convalescents. Admiral Milne left town last night, having won the highest respect and esteem, as it is understood, of the President and all the authorities of the Government.

From San Domingo.

Boston, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

The schooner *Freeman*, from San Domingo City, Sept. 19, at this port, brings intelligence that the San Domingo rebellion is over. When the vessel arrived at that port there was much excitement, and there had been fighting at Porta au Platte. The Spanish troops were finally completely successful, and at the latter place the insurgents were put down, and quiet had been restored. It was quite unhealthy at San Domingo. Several of the crew of the *Freeman* died on the passage, and Capt. Cass stopped at Provincetown in feeble health.

The *China* and Anglia Outward Bound.

St. Johns, N. F., Monday, Oct. 12.

The steamship *China*, from New-York for Liverpool, passed Cape Race at 9 A. M. of Sunday. News from New-York to Saturday evening was put on board.

The steamship *Anglia*, from Boston, left here at 1 o'clock Sunday morning, for Galway. She did not come into the harbor, and a number of packages of important and much needed material for the Newfoundland Telegraph line were carried to Galway.

Amusements.

Hunigal—At the Academy of Music, "Ione, or the last days of Pompeii" will be given this evening with the original cast, including Bergon, Sulzer, Mazzoleni, Bellini, Black, and others. This opera was the great success of last season, and will undoubtedly draw an immense audience.

To-morrow, (Thursday,) Rigoletto will be given at the Brooklyn Academy of Music.

The Park Theatre, (Brooklyn.)—After a week's successful run, Mr. Harrison has withdrawn the charming play of "The Pride of the Market," in which Miss Irving and Mr. Lennox have won golden honors and popular favor. To-night, "John of Paris," will be given with a good cast, Mr. Lennox playing the leading role. The Theatre is doing well, its cozy nature being well filled, and its business increasing to the liberality and good taste of the management deserve.

FROM PARIS.

The Confederate Cause in France Falling—Maximilian and Mexico—Odell and Napoleon—The Czar and his Slavs—Prospection of Hayti to Recognize the Confederacy—Illness of a French Origin—The Alabama—The Polish Question.

Paris, Tuesday, Sept. 29, 1863.

The condition of the Confederate cause in England is having its effect in France. Already the occasion organic talk less about French intervention. The affair of Mexico excites for France a different interest in America from that of England; but the example of England in all that relates to America is none the less powerful in its influence on French policy. Then there is the old question of national jealousy, which makes each one fear at every step to provoke the hostility of the other. So that between these various causes you may consider that the question of intervention is not only dead as a possible policy of the Government, but dead even as a question of newspaper discussion.

Nevertheless, the French Government is urging the Grand Duke Maximilian to accept the throne of Mexico, exactly as if the American Union were broken up and powerless. This day the Mexican Committee arrive at the residence of the Grand Duke to offer him the throne, and the Grand Duke, as I have already said, will, in accordance with Napoleon's instructions, accept, adding certain conditions which will give time for a further reconnoissance of the position. It is said, however, that the Grand Duke is disposed to trust a little to luck in this doubtful enterprise; and that he has great confidence in his own power of gaining the suffrages and the good-will of the Mexican people, one of the nations with whom, as a sovereign, he will be brought into communication. It is scarcely possible that the Grand Duke will go to Mexico under the flag of defiance; he will rather go, if he goes at all, under the flag of conciliation, hoping by his good qualities of head and heart, and unfailable diplomacy, to control the diverse elements which compose Mexican Empire, and to disarm the hostility of the people of the United States. This is in fact the state of the case as we understand it here at this moment, and we do not expect that any change will be made by the terms in which the Prince is going to reply to the Mexican Committee.

The Secessionists pretend to build high hopes on the one or more interviews Mr. Slidell has been enabled to obtain with the Emperor at Biarritz. But the reports of the late artillery practice at Charleston, and the descriptions of the new armored frigates which the National Government is launching, it is said, have seriously marred the schemes which at first seemed to these two gentlemen so easy of realization. There is evidence that the Government people have awakened all at once to the fact that the Americans are leaving them far behind in the art of war, and that the greatest excitement prevails among military and naval men on the subject. While they are in this mood they will not dream of interfering in American affairs.

The expedition of Gen. Banks to Texas provokes comments of various kinds. In general the writers in the Press affect to regard it with indifference, but they do not yet claim that the expedition is a violation of their rights.

The reported project of arming the slaves in the South has given rise to the rumor that as soon as the Confederate Government decides upon emancipating Slavery, Hayti will come forward to recognize the Confederacy! It is thus that the French, in their ignorance of the true sentiments of the Southern people on the subject of emancipation, pour coals of fire on the heads of their friends.

La France publishes a report that President Juarez is in Washington, but only publishes it in order to contradict the statement made by another paper, that he had been received by Mr. Lincoln. The *France* declares that "Mr. Lincoln would know better than to receive him!" In order that you may not be surprised at this singular piece of bluster, I ought to state that this is the paper which some time ago declared that it was the pride of France to have abolished the absurd doctrine of Monroe, and that if the Americans did not like French intervention in Mexico, all they had to do was to resent it and they would find their fleets blown out of the water in a week! The thing is quite in the style of the paper and therefore ceases to be offensive.

A Court of Bordeaux has decided that the Confederate steamer *Alabama* is a corsair, and one of the claimants against the *Florida*, says in a note in the journals, that he can prove every point taken in the decision in the Bordeaux Court against the *Florida*. He is, therefore, pushing his case against the latter vessel and hopes to see her also declared a pirate. It is not anticipated, however, that the Government will go back in its decision that she is a man-of-war, and, therefore, exempt from seizure.

The Ministerial papers deny the statement which comes from the United States to the effect that the Republics of America are forming a league against European aggression. We have been anxiously looking for *La France* to declare that they know better!

Nobody seems to know at this moment where the Polish question is. The best authorities, however, now assert that there is to be no reply to Russia's last note, but they do not tell us what they are going to do with the insult which thus far remains quietly in their pockets. They will probably settle down on Lord John Russell's formula. Yes, Russia has been very saucy, and it is very wrong of her to talk as she does!

MALAKOFF.

LATER FROM NEW-ORLEANS.

Arrival at the Balize of the Steamer Star of the South.

United States steamer *Star of the South*, Woodruff, from New-Orleans, Oct. 4, 9 P. M., and Southwest Pass 5th, 9 A. M., arrived at this port today, with United States mails and $40,000 in specie. Passed in the Mississippi River bound-up steamers *Empire City* and *McClellan*. Oct. 8, 20 miles south from Jupiter Island Lighthouse, passed a propeller bound south; 10th inst., lat. 28° 40', lon. 73° 50', spoke bark *E. A. Allen*, ten days out from Fort Jefferson, (Tortugas,) bound to New-York. On the 6th instant, Henry C. Burr, of the One Hundred and Thirty-third New-York regiment, and a resident of New-York City, died of inflammation of the bowels, and was buried at sea. The *Star* experienced winds from the north to northeast since leaving Cape Florida, and strong north from Hatteras, with heavy N. E. swell.

Our files contain no news whatever.

Arrival of a Rebel Steamer at Halifax.

Halifax, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

The rebel steamer *R. E. Lee*, six days from *Wilmington direct, arrived here this morning* with about 30 passengers on board. She was chased by a Federal blockader, and has a shot hole in her.

The Court of Appeals.

Albany, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

In the Court of Appeals, Oct. 13, 1863, day calendar for Wednesday, Oct. 14—Nos. 187, 188, 189, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 199 and 199½.

A Card.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Sir: I learn, for the first time, from your journal of this morning that my name is used by some of my friends as a candidate for the State Legislature. Will you permit me to state that, while I appreciate very highly this mark of their confidence, I could not accept such a nomination if it should be tendered to me.

I trust it is unnecessary for me to add that I shall very cordially support any candidate whom the Union men of the district may select, without regard to divisions which over-zealous or mischievous partisans may seek to create.

Your obedient servant,

HENRY J. RAYMOND.

New-York, Oct. 13, 1863.

Launch of the Manhattan.—The Ericsson battery *Manhattan* will be launched from Secor's yard, in Jersey City, this (Wednesday) morning, at 10 o'clock. The yard will be open to the public.

LEGAL POLITICS.

The election of Judges HILTON and BOSWORTH is checkmated, so far as Probability can make it. The Judgeship of the Common Pleas has been handed over to the Mozart faction, in which, amongst the leaders, Judge HILTON has no friends. Judge BOSWORTH's place on the bench is now in dispute between City Judge McCUNN and a Mr. CARDOZO, who is pressed by one section of the Mozart leaders, aided and abetted by Mr. Alderman FARLEY, of the Tammany wing. Surrogate TUCKER is in more danger than his friends seem aware of. By uniting with Brother Ben WOOD against FERNANDO, on the nomination of John McCOOL for Register, he has incurred the enmity of Sheriff LYNCH, Mr. MAT. GOODSPEED, Mr. BEN. RAY and others of that ilk, who were in favor of Mr. TOM. HER. FURBER for the office. Mr. JOHN DECKER, Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, is thus thrown out of the two regularly accredited organizations; and must run for Register as the candidate of the "New-York," "Jeffersonian," and all the allied sore-heads of the Democratic party. He is a strong man; and with ten thousand firemen and exempts behind him, or Mr. JOHN S. GILES, (also a possible sore-head candidate for this office,) his competition may become formidable, and will certainly give strength to whatever ticket he may run upon. The revolt of Sheriff LYNCH and Mr. MAT. GOODSPEED is believed to indicate the hostility of Judge BARNARD and Comptroller BRENNAN to Mr. TUCKER's reelection as Surrogate—Sheriff LYNCH and GOODSPEED both being in favor of Mr. BEN. JONES, Judge BARNARD's brother-in-law, for the office. Under the coalition as made, City Inspector BOOLE has a clear track for Mayor, so far as the united action of Mozart and Tammany can secure it. This is the chief point in which the City Railroad men of Tammany have been heavily defeated—the non-success of Mr. S. B. GARVIN for Judge WHITE's place being another sore discouragement. There may yet be some slip between BOOLE's cup and his lip. His enemies are active, and his agency in securing a yearly revenue of $300,000 to the City in the Harlem-Broadway Railroad will not lightly be forgiven, and can never be forgotten. The "Tammany self-elect had everything "arranged" at Albany to secure this grant to themselves, without one cent of compensation to the City for the injury to be thus inflicted upon our most beautiful thoroughfare. Mr. BOOLE suddenly put in his oar and settled, that, if any rail-track was to be laid in Broadway, the City should receive a yearly revenue equal to many millions bonus, for the privilege,—the probabilities being that the rival claims thus created will keep Broadway out of the clutches of any City railroad managers, either "Harlem" or "Peter Goose," for many long years to come.

Mozart General Committee.

A special meeting of the above Committee was held last evening at its headquarters, Mozart Hall. After roll-call the call for the meeting was read by the Secretary. Mr. F. KREBS, one of the signers of the call, then explained the object of the meeting. He said that as the Contraband Committee had so far fulfilled its duties to the satisfaction of the Democratic party, he moved that the Committee adjourn. Which motion was lost. Hon. FERDINAND WOOD denounced the tone of the call for the meeting, and offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That having full confidence in the Contraband Committee heretofore appointed by the General Committee, we are willing to entrust it with all the powers delegated to it, and shall affirm its actions and the measures it may make.

Upon the ayes and noes being called, there were found to be 102 ayes and 3 noes. The Committee then adjourned.

The McKeon Democracy.

COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

The County Convention of the McKeon Democracy met last evening at their rooms in the St. Clair Hotel, corner Broadway and Eighth-street, for the purpose of making County nominations. Dr. WILLIAM MURPHY, of the Seventeenth Ward, was called to the Chair and made permanent Chairman of the organization. GEORGE WEBER, of the Ninth Ward, and HENRY ROONE, of the Twelfth Ward, were elected permanent Secretaries.

After each person not a delegate to the Convention had been excluded from the room, the Convention proceeded at once to the nominations for Register and Supervisor.

PHILIP W. ENGE, JOHN McCOOL, THOMAS H. FERRIS, JOHN S. GILES, ROBERT BARCLAY and ALBERT H. LOCKWOOD were nominated for Register. After the third ballot, PHILIP W. ENGE, having received two-thirds the votes of the members present, was declared unanimously the choice of the Convention.

The Convention then went into nomination for Supervisor. The prominent candidates were FERDINAND E. BURNS, PATRICK DAVIS, DAVID SAYER and WM. F. BUSSEY. Upon the second ballot, FERDINAND E. BURNS was declared unanimously nominated for the Chair having, upon motion, appointed five persons to confer with the candidates, adjourned.

Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN DEMOCRATIC CITY CONVENTION—NOMINATION OF MAYOR AND STREET COMMISSIONER.—The Brooklyn Democratic City Convention met at the "Senate," in Fulton-street, yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, and effected a temporary organization by selecting Mr. WM. B. FAHRS as Chairman. The list of delegates was then called, and it was found that 14 out of the 20 Wards were contested. The entire time until 6 o'clock P. M. was occupied in deciding between the contestants. At length, all those entitled being admitted, Mr. WM. E. LANCE was elected permanent Chairman. An informal ballot was taken for Mayor with the following result:

Benjamin Prince	42
Martin Kalpfleisch	6
David M. Talmage	9

A question having been raised on a report that Mr. KALPFLEISCH did not intend to abide by the decision of the Convention, a Committee of Five were appointed to wait upon him, and also upon Mr. PRINCE. After an absence of half an hour, the Committee returned and reported that Mr. PRINCE had expressed his determination to abide by the decision of the Convention under any circumstances. The Committee were unable to find Mr. KALPFLEISCH. The report was accepted, and on motion, Mr. BENJAMIN PRINCE was declared to be the Democratic candidate for Mayor, by acclamation. There was not a dissenting voice.

An informal ballot was then taken for a candidate for Street Commissioner, resulting as follows:

Thomas H. Murphy	21
Farrell Ward	14
Jarvis Whitson	14

A formal ballot was dispensed with, and Mr. MURPHY was declared the unanimous nominee of the Convention, by acclamation.

DEMOCRATIC JUDICIAL CONVENTION.

The Brooklyn Democratic Judicial Convention for the nomination of Justices of the Peace, was held at the "Capitol" in Jerusalem street, yesterday afternoon. Mr. THOMAS H. FARRS presided. After calling the Delegates, a ballot was taken for Justice of the Third District, which resulted in the nomination of Mr. MICHAEL WALSH by the following vote:

Michael Walsh	41
John R. Wilde	12
Chas. S. Wiley	7

Mr. JOHN H. CORCHAN was then nominated for Justice of the Fourth District. He was chosen by acclamation and the Convention adjourned.

Movements of Troops.

ALBANY, Tuesday, Oct. 13.

Orders have been received to forward to New-York all the volunteer troops in the State.

The McClellan cavalry, 1,200 strong, left here yesterday afternoon.

Billiards.

Is PHELAN yet able to vanquish SEXBRITER, is a mooted question, which can be answered by the result of the contest between them, at the Tivoli Gentlemen, at Irving Hall, this afternoon. Of course, Sexbriter is in his best play, as he has been weeks training for his trial with KAVANAGH for the championship, while PHELAN has only played an occasional game; yet good judges are of the opinion that the Prince of Billiards will come out first best. Several other first-class players are in the programme for this afternoon, when it is expected the ladies will be present in force, to see the crowning championship game.

KAVANAGH, contends with TIERNAY, and among the other attractions will be a match game of billiards by Messrs. DION and BOUTON. Nearly all the finest men in town had entered, and from appearances the tournament will be a brilliant success.

A New Perfumery for the Handkerchief.
Extract of the

Night Blooming Cereus.
Night Blooming Cereus.
Night Blooming Cereus.
Night Blooming Cereus.
Night Blooming Cereus.
Night Blooming Cereus.
Night Blooming Cereus.

A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from which it takes its name. Manufactured only by PHALON & SON.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.
Sold by Druggists generally.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu
Cures Diabetes.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu
Cures Gravel, Brick-dust Deposits.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu
Cures Irritation of the Bladder.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu
Cures Inflammation of the Kidneys.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu
Cures Catarrh of the Bladder.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu
Cures Diseases Arising From Exposure or Imprudence.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu
Cures Nervous Diseases and Prostration of the System.

From whatever cause originating, and whether existing in either sex.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu
Is safe and pleasant in Taste and Odor. Diseases of these organs require the aid of a Diuretic.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu
Is the Great Diuretic.

Strengthening, Blood Purifying and Invigorating.
Certificates from well-known persons in all parts of the country, in book form, giving the full description, the cause and the mode of treatment, will be forwarded on receipt of 4 three-cent postage-stamps.
It is a book of 100 pages.
Price of medicine $1 per bottle, or six for $5. Delivered to any address.
Direct letters to
HELMBOLD'S Medical Depot, No. 104 South 10th-st., Philadelphia.
Sold by Druggists generally.
Beware of Counterfeits.
Ask for HELMBOLD'S. Take no other.

Men of Gotham, listen to me, while I speak a truth unto ye. Have ye heard of WHITE, the Hatter—WHITE, the famous Broadway Hatter? Of his Fall styles that attract all of his soft tiles that you need so? and of all his varied stock, that can nowhere else be got? Gotham ladies, also listen; I've a truth for you in season. WHITE has Furs to suit you all, if you only think to call At No. 216 Broadway.

More Triumphs—The New Lock-Stitch Machine just produced by Grover & Baker for manufacturers' and tailors' use, received the first premium at the late Pennsylvania State Fair, over the Wheeler & Wilson, Singer and other leading machines, as the best machine for manufacturing purposes.

Gold Pens—THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST, AT A. MORTON'S, No. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, New-York.

Herring's Patent
"IRON CLADS!"
ANOTHER FIRE AT BUFFALO.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 9, 1863.

Messrs. Herring & Co.:

GENTS: On the 15th of September, 1863, my Grain Elevator and Office were destroyed by fire. I had in my office one of your Patent Champion Safes, which contained my books, papers and money. The safe was subjected to a most severe heat for about thirty hours. After cooling it from the ruins and opening it, I found the contents declared, everything being as legible and as useful for reference as any of my old books, the only injury being to the corners of the books, which came off, probably from the action of the steam. I would recommend to those wishing a genuine Fire-Proof Safe to purchase one of your "Iron Clads."

Yours, Respectfully,
CHARLES W. EVANS.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE-PROOF SAFES.
The most Perfect and Reliable Security now made.
HERRING'S NEW PATENT BANKERS' SAFES, with Herring & Floyd's Patent Crystallized Iron, the only material which will effectually resist the burglar's drill.
HERRING & CO.,
No. 251 Broadway, cor. Murray-st., New-York.
FARRELL, HERRING & CO.,
No. 629 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.
HERRING & CO.,
No. 40 Clark-st., Chicago.

"A Cold in the Head," and Headache, incipient cough and sore throat, are relieved in a few minutes. The worst forms of Catarrh and Bronchitis permanently cured, when every other prescription has failed. Weak eyes and hearing always benefited, and, as a sure preventive against Catarrh and Consumption, there is no such safe, certain, pleasant and easily-applied remedy in the world as the celebrated
"DURNO'S CATARRH SNUFF."
Sold wholesale by DEMAS B. BARNES & CO., No. 263 Broadway, and by all Druggists.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.
The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and genuine. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

The Celebrated Craig Microscopes is sent by mail, prepaid, for $5 25, or with six beautiful mounted objects for $8. Address the Sole Agents, HENRY CRAIG, No. 626 Broadway, New-York; or call and examine. A liberal discount to the trade.

Defiance Fire and Burglar-proof Safes.—Also, SIDEBOARDS and PARLOR SAFES, for silver plate, &c., at No. 69 Murray-st., corner of Gulliver-st.
ROBERT M. PATRICK.

Sewing-machines to Rent.
And for Sale—New.
Y. W. WICKES, Jr., No. 458 Broadway,
Corner of Broome-st., up stairs.

Bogle's Bryerian Fluid Restores and dresses hair. BOGLE'S Electric Hair Dye, best in use. Try. Be convinced. Sold everywhere.
W. BOGLE, Boston.

Gold Pens.
FOLEY'S Celebrated "Bank" and extra fine GOLD PENS AND PENCILS.
Store and Factory No. 189 Broadway.

Corns, Bunions, Inverted Nails, Enlarged Joints, and all diseases of the feet, cured without pain or inconvenience to the patient, by Dr. ZACHARIE, Surgeon Chiropodist, No. 708 Broadway.

The Palmer Arm and Leg.—B. FRANK PALMER, inventor and patentee, Astor-place, (ground floor) N. Y.; Office Philadelphia and Boston. Only house of Palmer & Co. Avoid imposition by calling on the inventor.

Trusses, &c.—B. RHB & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, suspensory bandages, silk elastic stockings for varicose veins, shoulder braces, &c. A lady attendant.

For the Hair, Barry's Tricopherous.—The best and cheapest article. Sold by all Druggists.

MARRIED.

AIKMAN—BOOKSTOW.—On Tuesday, Oct. 13, in Middle Dutch Church, New-York, by Rev. Robert Aikman, of Ellenbush, N. J., to MARY J. BOOKSTOW, of Brooklyn, and FANNIE M. EMBASSES, of New-York.

COWDREY—DEVYER.—On Tuesday, Oct. 13, by Rev. Dr. John M. Krebs, Dr WITT C. COWDREY and Miss MARY DEVYER. No cards.

CALKIN—DAVIES.—On Tuesday, Oct. 13, by Rev. Charles Jerdon, JUDSON H. CALKIN and SARAH A., daughter of John Davies, Esq., all of this City. No cards.

☞ Ulster County papers please copy.

HILL—SMITH.—In this City, on Thursday, Oct. 8, by Rev. F. E. Lawrence, as the Choir Gallery Congregation, EDWARD HILL and HARRIET SMITH, both of New-Brunswick, N. J.

HEISTER—WEBB.—At the Stuyvesant-place M. E. Church, on Tuesday, Oct. 13, by Rev. W. A. Browning, assisted by Rev. George W. Woodruff, EDWARD HEISTER and MARY WEBB, daughter of the late Samuel Webb, all of Brooklyn. No cards.

TITUS—CUNNINGHAM.—In Jersey City, on Sunday, Oct. 11, by Rev. John Milton Holmes, ANDREW E. TITUS, Jr., and JENNIE, daughter of Joseph Cunningham, Esq., of Trenton, N. J.

DIED.

ABBEY.—In Watkins, N. Y., on Wednesday, Oct. 7, Mr. DAVID ABBEY, in the 86th year of his age.

BALDWIN.—On Tuesday, Oct. 13, BOARDMAN BALDWIN, aged 34 years.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 52 2d-av., on Thursday afternoon, Oct. 15, at 2 o'clock.

CRAFT.—In Glen Cove, L. I., on Friday, Oct. 9, HENRIETTA E., infant child of Milton C. and Electa S. Craft.

EIGHER.—On Monday, Oct. 12, WILLIAM EIGHER, in the 71st year of his age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, Oct. 14, at 2 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, South Bergen, N. J.

FOCHAY.—On Tuesday, Oct. 13, THOMAS FOCHAY, in the 74th year of his age.

His relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Thursday, Oct. 15, at 1 o'clock, at the Methodist Episcopal Church, Mamaroneck. Trains leave 26th-st. at 11 o'clock.

HUNTER.—On Monday morning, Oct. 12, Mrs. MARY E. HUNTER, daughter of the late Samuel Leavitt, Esq.

The funeral will take place at her late residence, No. 108 West 23d-st., on Thursday afternoon, Oct. 15, at 3 o'clock.

MCCONNEHAY.—On Tuesday, Oct. 13, at No. 249 Chrystie-st., JOHN MCCONNEHAY, aged 15 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday afternoon, Oct. 16, at 1 o'clock, from the late residence of deceased, as above.

PLATT.—On Tuesday, Oct. 13, Mrs. MARGARETTA PLATT, aged, daughter of Peter D. Collins, and widow of the late Thomas Platt.

Notice of funeral to-morrow.

SIDLEY.—In Greenwich, L. I., on Monday, Oct. 12, Mrs. ELIZABETH SIDLEY, aged 78 years.

The funeral will take place at her late residence, at 1 o'clock, on Wednesday, Oct. 14, to which the friends of the family are invited, without further notice.

STRATTON.—In Bridgeton, N. J., on Tuesday, Oct. 7, MARY LOUISA, daughter of Rev. Joseph E. Stratton, of Natchez, Miss., in the 19th year of her age.

TAIT.—On Tuesday, Oct. 13, JAMES S. LIBBEY, youngest son of John J. and Mary J. Tait, aged 10 years, 10 months and 27 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully requested to attend his funeral, at 2 o'clock P. M., on Wednesday, Oct. 14, from No. 32 Carmine-st.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S KENTUCKY AND MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES.

KENTUCKY, CLASS CIL.—Oct. 12, 1863.
49, 36, 20, 56, 3, 1, 26, 25, 10, 27, 4.

KENTUCKY, CLASS CIII.—Oct. 13, 1863.
61, 60, 3, 27, 53, 44, 35, 57, 15, 42, 39, 76, 23, 19, 11, 39.

Circulars sent free of charge, by addressing either to
MURRAY, EDDY & CO.,
Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.
Thirty per cent premiums paid on prizes; information furnished; highest price paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st.

R. R. R.
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.
Should be used in all cases where pain is experienced. All diseases give due warning of their approach, by pain, and if the Relief is used when pain is felt, the disease will be broken up. Diphtheria, Influenza, Cold, Fevers of all kinds, can be prevented by the use of the Ready Relief. If seized with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Pain or Weakness in the Back, Strains, Sprains, Cramps, Spasms, and all other pains, are immediately relieved by RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. In sudden attacks of Croup, Diphtheria, Influenza, the Ready Relief is a quick and positive cure. In these diseases delays are dangerous. If the Relief is used a cure will be perfected. Price 25 cents per bottle.
Sold by RADWAY & CO., No. 87 Maiden-lane, corner of Gold-st., and by Druggists generally.

FLANNEL TRAVELING SHIRTS.
EXTRA HEAVY
CASSIMERE TRAVELING SHIRTS,
A VERY SUPERIOR ARTICLE, by
DEVLIN & CO.,
BROADWAY, corner of Grand-st.
BROADWAY, corner of Warren-st.

WE HAVE OPENED OUR ESTABLISHMENT
FOR RETAILING
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
LOCKSMITHS' and
BELL-HANGERS' MATERIALS,
MANUFACTURERS' SUPPLIES,
CABINET TRIMMINGS,
CUTLERY
PATTERSON BROTHERS, Importers,
No. 277 Park-row.
Illustrated catalogues furnished on application.

CHANDELIERS AND GAS FIXTURES.
A fine variety of
NEW PATTERNS by the BEST MAKERS,
ALSO,
SOME NEW STYLES of our own manufacture.
E. V. RAUGHWOUT & CO.,
Nos. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway, cor. Broome-st.

A 1 FURNITURE.
$100,000 WORTH OF FURNITURE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
BY DEGRAAF & TAYLOR,
No. 675 BOWERY.
Offer their entire stock at lower rates than any other establishment in the City
FOR CASH.
Consisting of
ROSEWOOD PARLOR AND CHAMBER FURNITURE,
In Brocatel, Damask and Reps,
MAHOGANY, WALNUT AND IMITATION FURNITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
All goods warranted as represented.

FURNITURE
OF NEW DESIGNS AND SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP, all of my own manufacture, which I will sell at wholesale or retail, at very low prices for CASH.
In the stock will be found
ROSEWOOD AND WALNUT PARLOR AND BEDROOM SUITES
of new and beautiful styles, which for good taste in design cannot be surpassed.
Call and examine my assortment before purchasing elsewhere. FREDERICK KRUTENA,
Nos. 96 and 98 East Houston-st.,
Between Bowery and 2d-av.

LUCE'S SEAMANSHIP.
SEAMANSHIP: Compiled from various authorities, and illustrated with numerous original and selected designs, for the use of the United States Naval Academy. By S. B. LUCE, Lieutenant-Commander U. S. N. In two parts. A new and greatly improved edition in one large octavo volume. Price $10.
Just published by D. VAN NOSTRAND,
No. 192 Broadway, New-York.

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SOLICITORS OF AMERICAN AND FOREIGN
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Specimen copies of the paper FREE.

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MEDICAL USE!
GUINNESS' DUBLIN PORTER,
OSBORNE'S PURE JUICE PORT,
GENUINE COGNAC BRANDY,
AND OLD NECTAR BOURBON,
For sale in any quantity, by
G. S. MENDUM,
No. 69 Cortlandt-st.,
Corner Broadway.

DR. SWAYNE'S
COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY.
Thousands of cases of Pulmonary Disease, which have baffled every expedient of human skill, have been permanently cured by this old standard remedy.
To prove this assertion, we have certificates of cures so extraordinary that they almost seem to feel incredulous of their truth. No remedy has ever been offered that can compare with this great original Wild Cherry Compound for curing
SEVERE COUGHS, BLOOD-SPITTING,
ASTHMA, WHOOPING COUGH,
BRONCHITIS, WEAK NERVES,
CONSUMPTION, LIVER COMPLAINT,
SORE THROAT, PAINS, SIDE, BREAST, &c.,
and all cases of a scrofulous character. The use is sure to bring health and returning vigor to the weak and languid frame. Thirty years' experience, and the testimony from all sections of the world, is sufficient proof of its wonderful curative properties. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE & SON, No. 1 North 6th-st., Philadelphia. Sold by D. S. BARNES & CO., No. 263 Broadway, New-York.

NOTICE—SACRIFICE—DARDONVILLE GAS FIXTURES.—I would call the attention of housekeepers and the trade generally to my stock of imported FRENCH GAS FIXTURES, CLOCKS, FINE BRONZES, &c., all of which stock I will offer for sale during the balance of this month, in order to close the branch of my business by Nov. 1, as and after which date the balance of stock remaining I will sell at auction, by E. H. Lynde & Co., of which sale due notice will be given by the Press. My reputation as an old establishment, I trust, is a sufficient guarantee that the business will be transacted with good faith; my terms are cash, and my goods to be positive and peremptory. H. DARDONVILLE, No. 625 Broadway, next to H. Mallard.

GRAND OPENING OF ENGLISH CARPETING, from the most celebrated manufacturers: English Royal Velvet and Brussels Carpeting; also, a large assortment of Three-ply and Ingrain Carpets, Rugs, Mats, Matting, Table and Piano Covers, Window Shades; Oil-cloths, 1 to 8 yards wide; Drugget, 4 yards wide, at greatly reduced prices. Be particular and look for the large Golden Eagle. HIRAM ANDERSON,
No. 59 Bowery.

DISTILLED DEW FOR THE COMPLEXION is the most delightful and elegant toilet preparation in the world. It removes tan, freckles, pimples and discolorations, and imparts to the skin the natural whiteness and clearness of youthful blood and delicacy so universally admired. Contains no chalk or powder. Sold by druggists generally. D. B. GRIFFIN, General Agent, No. 116 Broadway.

EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., EDITOR OF the Scalpel, and Operating and Consulting Surgeon, No. 43 6th-av. Office consultations on the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera. Rupture, piles, varicocele, and fistula radically cured without the knife or ligature. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 evenings. Consultation free.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY CLASSES, 1863-4—New Spanish, French and German $4; Spanish $5 per quarter; for persons not members, $1 additional. Special classes for ladies in the afternoon; also other classes as usual. Apply at the Library, Astor-place.

GUNS.—DOUBLE AND SINGLE VINE LAMINated steel barrel guns, pocket, sporting, &c., breech-loading rifles, revolvers, fowling-pieces, &c. Smith & Wesson's pistols. Colt's pistols, all kinds. Pocket Cutlery, Razors, Razor-strops, &c. For sale by A. W. Spies & Co., No. 181 Broadway.

DEAFNESS,
IMPAIRED SIGHT,
NOISES IN THE HEAD,
CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS
IN THE
THROAT,
CHRONIC CATARRH,
CATARRH OF THE TYMPANIC MUCOUS MEMBRANE, OBSTRUCTION OF THE EUSTACHIAN TUBE, CURED.
CROSS-EYE STRAIGHTENED IN ONE MINUTE.
And every disease of the Eye and Ear requiring either medical or surgical aid, attended to
BY
DR. VON EISENBERG,
Author of "Surgical and Practical Observations on the Diseases of the Ear, with the New Mode of Treatment," at his office,
NO. 816
BROADWAY.

AGAIN NEW TESTIMONY.

READ.

HARLEM, July 22, 1863.

I have been deaf for over TWENTY-FIVE YEARS, and Dr. VON EISENBERG operated on both of my ears without the slightest pain—a thing that I could not believe could be done. I now hear well, and feel as I never felt for the last twenty years. The dexterity and skill with which the operation was performed evince the highest practical ability. I hear *perfectly*. It is now over a month since the operation, and I continue to feel as well as ever.

WILLIAM LIDDLE,
Harlem, 126th-st., between 2d and 3d ave.

CATARRH CURED.

NEW-YORK, Aug. 20, 1863.

I have been suffering for the last three years from a severe Catarrh, with a continual dullness in my head, a tightness across my chest, a weight over my eyes, which were weak, watery and very painful. My nostrils were continually obstructed with a pouring of fluid. I have had frequent sneezing, hoarseness of my voice, generally attended with spitting, often with a fullness of my throat, together with a soreness and a dropping. Dr. VON EISENBERG has cured me of all these disagreeable sufferings. I now feel a new life. The treatment of Dr. VON EISENBERG is as skillful as it is successful; it is impossible to overrate the benefit I have received at his hands. I heartily recommend any one suffering like myself to place themselves under Dr. VON EISENBERG's care, with a certainty of being speedily cured. I give this with gratitude and pleasure. I cannot forbear again saying that my voice, which was hoarse and thick when I applied to Dr. VON EISENBERG, is now clear and good; indeed, I feel absolutely saluted.

JAMES LITTLE,
No. 265 11th-st., New-York.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 3.

I have been suffering for years past from a severe Catarrh, with a great heaviness over my eyes, with a severe depression, great uneasiness, and pain in my head, great difficulty in breathing, and a continual accumulation in my nostrils, which gave me restless nights for several years. I have consulted several physicians, who pronounced me to be consumptive. What I suffered for so long a time is indescribable. My system was entirely disarranged and greatly debilitated. I not only felt weak, but I had a cloud continually before my eyes, and my ears were so affected that I was threatened with a total loss of hearing. I must say, I think, I was guided by Providence to come to Dr. VON EISENBERG, who not only cured me of my Catarrh by removing an astonishing quantity of disagreeable matter from my head, but he restored me to perfect health, a blessing I have not enjoyed for many years. Now I enjoy a good night's rest, and pursue my business with comfort. I must acknowledge that Dr. VON EISENBERG's mild and scientific treatment for Catarrh deserves the highest commendation, as the principle which directs his system of curing Catarrh is such as to render success certain.

JAMES FURLONG, No. 355 2d-av.

NO. 128 ALLEN-ST., NEW-YORK, Feb. 9, 1863.

I have been completely deaf in one ear, and partially so in the other, for above seventeen years, with a dangerous discharge from both ears, combined with continual rumbling noises in the head, for which I have been treated by a most eminent practitioner in the City without the slightest relief.

I consulted Dr. VON EISENBERG, but I must candidly say that I had no faith in his success when I did so. It is, therefore, due to Dr. VON EISENBERG to acknowledge that I am entirely cured; also, that he displayed that skill and knowledge which have procured for him such an extensive reputation. As I have had an opportunity of comparing his mode of treatment with that of others, I can truly state that it is not only superior, but the principles which direct his mode of restoring the hearing are, in my opinion, certain. JOHN TAYLOR.

NEW-YORK, July 18, 1863.

This certifies that my mother has been for some time afflicted with partial deafness, suffering from pain, and rumbling noises in the head, together with other indications of a total loss of hearing. Dr. VON EISENBERG removed from her ears a great quantity of matter, together with congealed blood, relieving her instantaneously and all without pain. It is with grateful thanks that I give this testimony to his skill.

GARROLL J. POST, No. 28 South-st.

SIGHT RESTORED.

JUNE 25, 1863.

My daughter brought me to Dr. VON EISENBERG almost completely blind in both eyes. I could not bear the pain from the light. I am completely cured by Dr. VON EISENBERG, and called now to express my gratitude to the Doctor for his skill and unremitting attention, by which I recovered one of the most precious senses to me after being deprived of it for four years. It is only due to Dr. VON EISENBERG to state that I have tried several physicians in vain. I shall be happy to bear personal testimony to Dr. VON EISENBERG's unrivaled success to any lady or gentleman who will call on me.

HUGH GILLON,
No. 78 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

CHRONIC CATARRH CURED.

READ.

NEW-YORK, March 28, 1863.

"This is to certify, that I have suffered from very severe CHRONIC CATARRH, with a dull heaviness in the head. I felt my voice completely stopped up accompanied by continual soreness of the throat, the chills stealing over me with occasional hot flashes, a great tightness of the chest and pain, so much so, that every one thought it was consumption. Having heard of the great cures performed by Dr. VON EISENBERG, I consulted him with but little hope of a cure. I am now happy to be enabled to add my testimonial to the great number already in the Doctor's possession, as to his scientific and successful mode of treatment, as he has shown in my case that skill and knowledge which have procured for him such an extensive reputation. As I have had an opportunity of comparing his mode of treatment with that of others, I can truly state that it is not only superior, but the principles which direct his mode of restoring the hearing are, in my opinion, certain. JOHN TAYLOR."

FREDERICK WEBER, No. 220 4th-st.

DR. VON EISENBERG'S OFFICE
NO. 816 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

From the army hospital—the bloody battle field—the mansion of the rich and humble cabin of the poor—from the office and the sacred desk—from the mountain top, distant valleys and far-off islands of the ocean—from every nook and corner of the civilized world—is pouring in the evidence of the astonishing effects of DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS. Thousands upon thousands of letters like the following may be seen at our office.

KENOSHA, Wis., Sept. 16, 1863.

* * * I have been in the army hospitals fourteen months—speechless and nearly dead. At Alton, Ill., they gave me a bottle of Plantation Bitters. * * * Three bottles restored my speech and cured me. * * *
C. H. PLAUTE.

SOUTH WARSAW, Ohio, July 28, 1863.

* * * One young man, who had been sick and out of the house for two years with Scrofula and Erysipelas, after paying the doctors over $100 without benefit, has been cured by ten bottles of your Bitters. * * *
EDWARD WOUNALL.

The following is from the Manager of the Union Home School for the Children of Volunteers:

HAVERSERS, MANSION, 57th-st.,
NEW-YORK, Aug. 3, 1863.

DR. DRAKE: Your wonderful Plantation Bitters have been given to some of our little children suffering from weakness and weak lungs with most happy effect. One little girl, in particular, with pains in the head, loss of appetite, and daily wasting consumption, on whom all medical skill had been exhausted, has been entirely restored. We commenced with but a teaspoonful of Bitters a day. Her appetite increased; strength and health followed. * * *

Respectfully, MRS. C. M. DEVOE.

* * * I owe much to you, for I really believe the Plantation Bitters have saved my life.
Rev. W. H. WAGGONER, Madrid, N. Y.

* * * Then will send me two bottles more of thy Plantation Bitters. My wife has been greatly benefited by their use. Thy friend,
ASA CURRIN, Philadelphia, Penn.

* * * I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and had to abandon preaching. * * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me.
Rev. J. S. CATHORN, Rochester, N. Y.

* * * Send us twenty-four dozen more of your Plantation Bitters, the popularity of which due daily increasing with the guests of our house.
SYKES, CHADWICK & CO.,
Proprietors of Willard's Hotel, Washington, D. C.

* * * I have given the Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our disabled soldiers with the most astonishing effect. G. W. D. ANDREWS,
Superintendent Soldiers' Home, Cincinnati, Ohio.

* * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of liver complaint, of which I was laid up prostrate and had to abandon my business.
H. B. KINGSBRY, Cleveland, Ohio.

* * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of a derangement of the kidneys and urinary organs that had distressed me for years. It acts like a charm.
C. C. MOORE,
Agent for Colgate & Co., No. 254 Broadway.

&c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

The Plantation Bitters make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are extolled nature's great restorer. They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya Bark, Wintergreen, Sassafras, Roots, Herbs, &c., all preserved in perfectly pure St. Croix Rum.

S. T.—1860.—X.

Persons of sedentary habits troubled with weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid liver, constipation, &c., deserve to suffer if they will not try them.

They are recommended by the highest medical authorities, and are warranted to produce an immediate beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure and harmless.

NOTICE.—Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters in bulk or by the gallon, is a swindler and impostor. We only put it up in our log-cabin bottles. Beware of bottles refilled with intoxicating detestable stuff, for which several persons are already in prison. See that every bottle has our United States Stamp over the cork, and signature on steel plate side labels.

Sold by respectable dealers throughout the habitable globe. F. H. DRAKE & CO.,
No. 308 Broadway, N. Y.

THE SUBSCRIBERS BEG LEAVE TO inform our friends in this City and elsewhere, that we have leased a store at No. 23 William-st., between Exchange-place and Beaver-st., where they will find a choice assortment of BRANDIES, SHERRY, PORT and MADEIRA WINES; also, CLARET, HOCK, CURAÇOA, ABSYNTH, VERMOUTH, &c., &c.; OLIVE OILS, SARDINES, ENGLISH SAUCES, MUSTARD, (French and English,) BOURBON and RYE WHISKY of pure quality.

We shall keep supplied with the finest HAVANA CIGARS, CHEWING and SMOKING TOBACCO. We have on the way from California a large supply of wines from two of the best vineyards in the valley of Sonoma.

All of the above goods we will sell at reasonable prices, and the quality will be guaranteed.

Soliciting a share of your patronage we are,
Yours respectfully,
VAN SANDT & ALLEN.

ROGERS & RAYMOND'S
NEW EUROPEAN STYLES
of every description of
FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING
ARE NOW READY.
The special peculiarities of their stock are
ENDLESS VARIETY,
THE LATEST NOVELTIES,
THE CHOICEST MATERIALS,
SPECIALTIES IN BUSINESS CLOTHING,
THE NEWEST PROMENADE FASHIONS,
PARIS AND LONDON DRESS STYLES.
All at the same reasonable rates. No deviation from the marked figures.
ROGERS & RAYMOND.
Nos. 121, 123 and 125 Fulton-st. and 344 Broadway.

THE GRAEFENBERG COMPANY'S MEDICAL INSTITUTION
Has been removed from No. 2 Bond-st. to
No. 139 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK.
(*Near corner of Fulton.*)
Over the wholesale drug-store of A. B. SANDS & CO.

The celebrated Graefenberg Uterine Catholicon, and all of the Graefenberg Family Medicines are sold, wholesale and retail, as above.

Dr. J. F. BRIDGE, one Resident Physician, will consult with his friends and patients at No. 139 WILLIAM-ST., from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

☞ CAUTION.—BEWARE OF ANY OTHER UTERINE CATHOLICON. USE NOTH

FINANCIAL.

FIVE-TWENTY BONDS.
OFFICE OF FISK & HATCH,
NO. 10 WALL-ST.

We recommend our own delivery the FIVE-TWENTY BONDS as rapidly that we shall hereafter be prepared to fill orders without the delay heretofore experienced.

We shall endeavor to keep a supply of all denominations on hand for immediate delivery.

We also buy and sell at market rates:
U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED BONDS of 1881.
U. S. 7-30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. ONE YEAR CERTIFICATES.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' AND ORDNANCE VOUCHERS, and all GOVERNMENT issues.

BANKS, SAVINGS BANKS and Investors will find it prepared at all times to furnish desirable lots of these Securities in large or small amounts.

DEPOSITS received and COLLECTIONS made on favorable terms. STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD bought and sold on commission.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS and DEALERS
in GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
NO. 10 WALL-ST.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,
NO. 40 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
DEALERS IN
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
AND GOLD.

Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Brokers' Board on commission. Mercantile collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK,
GOVERNMENT AGENCY
THE NATIONAL LOAN.

WALL-STREET, NEW-YORK, October, 1863.

This Bank has been appointed a Government Agent for the sale and distribution of United States 5-20 Bonds, and is now ready to receive orders for the subscriptions for the same in Bonds to bearer, of the denominations of $50, $100, $500 and $1,000, or in Certificates of Registered Bonds, in the name of the applicant.

These Bonds will be furnished at par, interest to commence on the day we receive the money, and a commission of one-eighth of one per cent. will be allowed to Banks, Bankers, Savings' Banks and dealers in Government Securities.

The Government is now able to supply Bonds with very little delay, but for the greater convenience of the public we have already arranged for a good and full supply of Coupon Bonds, of the several denominations, for immediate delivery.

This Bank will also deal largely in all classes of Government Securities, and will, at all times, buy or sell them at very favorable rates.

Accounts opened with this Bank will receive the greatest care and attention, and interest will be allowed on the balance in cases specially agreed upon.

Our connexions with all accessible points in the United States and Canadas, enables us to receive collections, Domestic and Foreign Exchange, &c., on as advantageous terms as any other institution in the country.

SAM'L C. THOMPSON, President.
JAMES GURNEY, Cashier.

AGENCY FOR THE SALE OF
U. S. FIVE-TWENTY BONDS.
Office of
PARKE & BOWDOIN,
No. 75 Wall-st., corner of Pearl-st.

U. S. 5-20 G PER CENT. BONDS

in all denominations constantly on hand, and ready for immediate delivery, at PAR and Interest. To Brokers and Bankers the usual commission allowed.

Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on commission at the Brokers' Board. Mercantile Paper and Loans negotiated.

NOTICE.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.

Two thousand shares of the Capital Stock of the Union Pacific Railroad Company having been surrendered, and ten per cent. thereof paid, the Treasurer of said Company is ready to receive the subscribers to the Stock of said Company, for the election of Directors thereof, will be held at the office of said Company, No. 54 William-st., in the City of New-York, on the 20th day of October next, at noon.

WM. B. OGDEN, President.

HENRY V. POOR, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 25, 1863.

SIMONSON & BROWN

offer their services at the Board of Brokers, for the purchase or sale of Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold.

No. 20½ EXCHANGE-PLACE.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS
FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY
AND ABROAD.

PROCLAMATION.—BY VIRTUE OF AND IN accordance with the provisions of an act of the Legislature of the State of Illinois, entitled "An act in relation to the payment of the principal and interest of the State debt, approved Feb. 22, 1855," I, RICHARD YATES, Governor of the State of Illinois, do hereby notify all whom it may concern, that on the fifteenth day of November, A. D., 1863, at the American Exchange Bank in the City of New-York, I will pay the Bonds of the State of Illinois, hereinafter particularly designated; in this proclamation, and by virtue thereof is authorized, said law, I do further notify all whom it may concern, that the interest upon such and all of said bonds will cease from the time of payment specified in this notice, viz., from the said fifteenth day of November, A. D., 1863, to wit: Bonds issued under the provisions of the subsidiary act, entitled "Refunding Stock Coupon Bonds of one thousand dollars each, dated July 1, 1859, due or payable 1860. Bonds No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, issued to Hall Wilson, attorney; No. 9, issued to W. A. J. Van Duzer; Nos. 10, 11, 12, 13, issued to Jesse K. Dubois, auditor; Nos. 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, issued to J. Bunn, attorney; Nos. 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, issued to Jesse K. Dubois, auditor; Nos. 36, 37, 38, issued to Ketchum, Son & Co.; Nos. 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, issued to W. H. Marshall; Nos. 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, issued to H. Crawford; Nos. 51, 52, 53, issued to Jesse K. Dubois, attorney; No. 60, issued to J. Bunn, attorney; Nos. 61, 62, 63, issued to Jesse K. Dubois, attorney; Nos. 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, issued to E. F. Leonard, attorney.

In Witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be hereunto affixed, at Springfield, this 28th day of September, 1863.

RICHARD YATES, Governor.

By the Governor:
O. M. HATCH, Secretary of State.

PROPOSALS FOR $500,000 VOLUNTEERS' FAMILY AID FUND BONDS, NO. SEVEN.—Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's office, until Saturday, Oct. 31, 1863, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the purchase, at not less than their par value, of the whole or any part of the same, of five hundred thousand dollars of "Volunteers' Soldiers' Family Aid Fund Bonds, No. 7," authorized by an ordinance of the Corporation, passed Oct. 6, 1863, and an act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, passed March 6, 1863.

The said bonds will bear interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on the first day of May and November in each year, and the principal will be redeemed Nov. 1, 1871.

The proposals will state the amount of bonds desired, and the price for one hundred dollars thereof, and the proposals must be sealed, and addressed to the Comptroller with the Chamberlain of the City, within five days after the opening of the bids, the sums awarded to them respectively.

On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the Chamberlain for the deposit of the purchase, the purchaser will be entitled to receive bonds for equal amounts of the par value as above, bearing interest from the dates of payments.

Each proposition should be sealed, and addressed "Proposals for Volunteers' Soldiers' Family Aid Fund Bonds, No. 7," and inclosed in a second envelope addressed to the Comptroller.

The right is reserved to reject any or all of the bids, if the interest of the Corporation require it.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, Oct. 12, 1863.

OFFICE OF LAVERGNE, CLEWS & CO.,
AGENTS FOR THE U. S. FIVE-TWENTY LOAN,
No. 51 Wall-st., corner of Nassau-st.

READY FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY,
FIVE-TWENTY SIX PER CENT. BONDS in all denominations at par; a commission allowed to banks, brokers and others purchasing for resale.

U. S. { Bonds of all issues, Six per cent. Certificates of indebtedness, 15-15 Treasury-Notes, Quartermasters' checks and vouchers, and American gold purchased and for sale by

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
Bankers and Dealers in U. S. Securities.

OFFICE OF THE THIRD-AVENUE RAILROAD CO.,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 10, 1863.

NOTICE.—THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE THIRD-AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY are hereby notified that the annual election for thirteen Trustees, will be held at the office of said Company, on Tuesday, the 13th day of November next, between 10 and 11 o'clock, a. m., in the City of New-York, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of November next.

The polls will be open from 9 to 4 P. M.

SAMUEL S. ISAACS, Secretary.

NOTICE.—A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of Harlem and S. D. N. Company, will be held at the Company's Office, Yonkers, Westchester County, N. Y., on WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of November, from 11 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of hearing a report of this year's proceedings and for electing a new Board of Directors.

C. L. DASHWOOD, Sec'y.

NOTICE.—SAINT MARY'S FALLS SHIP CANAL COMPANY.—This Company hereby give notice that a Mission of most of their bonds, with the view of closing up the concern, the outstanding bonds of the Company will be paid on presentation at No. 41 City Exchange, Boston, before Nov. 1, 1863, by J. W. BROOKS.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY.—Coupons on the Bonds of this Company will be paid on presentation at the office of

McANDREW & WADE, No. 12 Pine-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.—In sums of $5,000 and upwards, on Real Estate, in the City of New-York, to the amount of $8,000 to $100,000. Apply to WARD McLEAN, (late Field & McLean,) No. 9 Pine-st., second floor.

STOCKS, BONDS AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
Bought and sold at Board of Brokers,
By A. S. HEMINWAY & CO.,
No. 30 Exchange-place.

FOR SALE—STOCK OF THE WESTERN UNION Telegraph Company.
Stock of the Equitable Insurance Company.
VERMILYE & CO., No. 44 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO.,
BANKERS, NO. 44 WALL-ST.,
Will continue to furnish
U. S. FIVE-TWENTY BONDS,
as long as issued by the Government, at par and interest.

To Banks and Bankers the usual Commission allowed.

The Department at Washington having filled all back orders for these Bonds, we are now prepared to furnish them without the delay heretofore experienced.

6 PER CENT. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
7-30 TREASURY NOTES.
6 PER CENT COUPON BONDS, of 1881.
For sale at market rates.

The Coupons for November interest on Five-Twenty Bonds received, and credited at Market rate of Gold.

VERMILYE & CO.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE PARK BANK.—On Saturday, the 26th day of September, 1863:

RESOURCES.

1. Loans and discounts	$6,354,595 79
2. Overdrafts	562 62
3. Due from Banks	204,313 69
4. Due from the Directors of the Bank	
5. Real estate	226,264 49
6. Specie	2,004,262 29
7. Cash Items, viz.: mostly checks on other Banks in Exchange	81,621 15
8. Gentlemen of Deposit, U. S. Temporary Loan	2,128,603 03
9. Stocks: $240,500 New-York and $500,000 United States in Dep.	740,600 00
10. United States Demand Notes	1,414,297 00
11. Loss and expense account	34,850 00
Total	$13,217,045 79

LIABILITIES.

1. Capital	$2,500,000 00
2. Circulation registered	$450,000 00
Circulation not registered	
Total	$450,000 00
Less notes on hand	243,220 00
3. Profits	181,469 02
4. Due to Banks	849,187 42
5. Due to individuals and corporations other than Banks and depositors	1,671,240 49
6. Due depositors, on demand	126,622 07
7. Amount due, not included under either of the above heads, Unpaid Dividends	4,729,435 79
Amount due Treasury of the United States	2,920 000
	207,567 10
Total	$14,417,045 79

State of New-York, County of New-York ss: WILLIAM H. Rogers, President, and James L. Wright, Cashier, of the Park Bank, a banking association located and doing business at New-York, in said county, being duly and severally sworn, each for himself saith, that the foregoing is an exact and true statement of the condition of said Bank, before the transaction of any business on the morning of Saturday, the 26th day of September, 1863, in respect to each and every of the items and particulars above specified, according to the best of his knowledge and belief; and that the business of said Bank has been and is transacted at the location aforesaid.

W. H. ROGERS, President.
J. L. WRIGHT, Cashier.

Severally subscribed and sworn by both deponents, the 9th day of October, 1863, before me.

W. M. MARVIN,
Notary Public for the County of New-York.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE SHOE AND LEATHER BANK, on Saturday, the 26th day of September, 1863:

RESOURCES.

1. Indebtedness Certificates and U. S. 6s, 5-20s, 7-30, Treasury notes, U. S. Certificates and 1 per cents	$2,499,137 76
2. Loans and Discounts	1,236,535 76
3. Overdrafts	
4. Due from Banks	139,464 66
5. Due from Directors of the Bank	
6. Due from Brokers	206,000
7. Real Estate	100,000 17
8. Specie	216,271 60
9. Cash Items, viz.: Checks and Bank notes received on deposit the day previous	427,547 00
10. Stocks—New-York State	263,000 00
Promissory and U. S. 7-30 notes and indebtedness certificated	
11. Bonds and mortgages	
12. United States demand notes	355,000 00
13. Bills of suspended Banks	
14. Loss and expense account	14,000 61
Total	$5,357,340 55

LIABILITIES.

1. Capital	$1,500,000 00
2. Circulation registered	$450,000
Circulation not registered	
Total—less notes on hand	107,000 — $343,000 00
3. Profits	176,204 28
4. Due to Banks	317,081 95
5. Due to individuals and corporations other than Banks and depositors	
6. Due Treasurer of the State of New-York	2,240,518 24
7. Due depositors on demand	
8. Amount due, not included under either of the above heads	141,855 00
9. Due Treasurer of the United States	407,102 00
Total	$5,357,340 55

State of New-York, County of New-York, ss: A. V. Stout, President, and Wm. A. Kissam, Cashier, of the Shoe and Leather Bank, a Banking Association located and doing business in New-York, in said County, being duly and severally sworn, each for himself saith, that the foregoing is in all respects a true statement of the condition of said Bank, before the transaction of any business on the morning of Saturday, the 26th day of September, 1863, in respect to each and every of the items and particulars above specified, according to the best of his knowledge and belief; and that the business of said Bank has been and is transacted at the location aforesaid.

A. V. STOUT, President.
W. A. KISSAM, Cashier.

Severally subscribed and sworn by both deponents, the 12th day of October, 1863.

W. H. BARNES, Commissioner of Deeds.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE CHATHAM BANK, on SATURDAY, the twenty-sixth day of September, 1863:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$721,704 56
Overdrafts	897 32
Due from Banks	48,721 44
Due from the Directors of the Bank	220,962 29
Due from Brokers	126,000 00
Real Estate	4,666 62
Specie	83,183 14
Cash Items, viz.: Bills and Checks on other Banks	$167,863 43
U. S. Treasury Notes	111,300 00 — 279,163 43
Stocks	316,650 00
Promissory and United States 7-30 Notes, and Indebtedness Certificates	171,628 87
Bonds and Mortgages	10,000 00
Loss and Expense account	4,312 71
U. S. 5 per cent. Legal Tender Treas'y Notes	229,152 00
Total	$2,387,219 26

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$450,000 00
Circulation Registered	$432,300
Less Notes on hand	3,111 — 18,300 00
Profits	34,549 26
Due to Banks	80,169 80
Due Depositors, on demand	1,156,232 83
Amount due, not included under either of the Above heads—Dividends Unpaid	1,194 00
Due Treasurer of United States	196,269 20
Total	$2,387,219 26

State of New-York, County of New-York, ss.—NATHANIEL HAYDEN, President, and O. H. SCHERMERHORN, Cashier, of the Chatham Bank, a Banking Association, located and doing business at New-York, in said county, being duly and severally sworn, each for himself saith, that the foregoing is, in all respects, a true statement of the condition of the said bank, before the transaction of any business on the morning of Saturday, the 26th day of September, 1863, in respect to each and every of the items and particulars above specified, according to the best of his knowledge and belief; and that the business of the said bank has been and is transacted at the location aforesaid.

NATH. HAYDEN, President.
O. H. SCHERMERHORN, Cashier.

Severally subscribed and sworn by both deponents, the 12th day of October, 1863.

JAS. WARD SMITH, Notary Public, New-York City.

WANTED, $30,000 TO $50,000 OF UNENCUMBERED land, suitable for building, within three or four miles of the City Hall, New-York, Jersey City or Brooklyn, in exchange for improved property of equal value. Address, with particulars, Box No. 3,751 Post-office, New-York.

WANTED.—A FEW HUNDRED DOLLARS OF the Receiver's Certificates of the People's Bank of Paterson, New-Jersey. Apply to

WM. H. MARSTON, No. 36 Wall-st.

CITY OF SAN FRANCISCO AND CALIFORNIA State coupons bought or collected at best rates

WM. T. COLEMAN & CO., No. 70 Wall-st.

DIVIDENDS.

CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO RAILROAD COMPANY.
OFFICE OF SECRETARY AND TREASURER,
CLEVELAND, OHIO, Sept. 22, 1863.

A DIVIDEND ON THE CAPITAL STOCK of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad Company of Four (4) per Cent, has this day been declared by the Board of Directors out of the earnings of the six months ending Nov. 1, next, payable at the office of Messrs. VERMILYE & CO., No. 44 Wall-st., New-York, on the 20th day of October next, free of Government tax.

The transfer books will be closed Oct. 10, at 3 o'clock P. M., and reopen Oct. 21, at 9 o'clock A. M.

All dividends not called for by the 20th of November next will be paid at this office in exchange for New-York, or current funds, at the option of the stockholder.

H. C. LUCE, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 53 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 7, 1863.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF FIVE Per Cent. has this day been declared, payable to the stockholders on demand.

J. V. HARRIOTT, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY,
No. 17 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 7, 1863.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF THREE Dollars per share, free of Government tax, has this day been declared, payable on demand. By order of the Board of Directors.

A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE, A TEAM OF MORGAN HORSES 15½ hands high, sound color, stepping hand 6 years old. Perfectly sound and kind. Just from the country. "Mansion Stables," Corner 42d-st. and 7th-av.

FOR SALE—A MAGNIFICENT PAIR OF DARK chestnut stallions, of the Kingsold stock; splendid action and carriage and well broke to drive together. They are both excellent either as roadsters, chargers, hunters or carriage horses. May be seen for a few days at A. S. CRAMPSHIN'S, No. 761 East 74th-st.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States, No. 1 Rector-st., Room No. 3, forty feet, over Park Bank.

AUCTION SALES.

ALL Orders Instantly.

AUCTION NOTICE.

We will open on
THURSDAY, Oct. 15, 1863, at 10 o'clock,
At the salerooms, No. 23 Murray-st. and No. 21 Warren.
LARGE SPECIAL AND ATTRACTIVE SALE
of
600 CASES OF BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS, &c.

The above goods are all unclaimed, and will be found worthy the attention of the trade.

CURTIS & CO., Auctioneers.

G. W. Nichols, Auctioneer.
W. R. BIGSHOW'S
GRAND AUCTION SALE
OF HORSES, CARRIAGES, HARNESS, &c.,
On THURSDAY, Oct. 15, 1863,
Commencing at 1 o'clock P. M., at
MESSRS. ALLERTON'S DROVE-YARD,
45th-st., and 10th-av., New-York.

In conformity with the request of many patrons, the subscriber will offer for sale, by auction, at the above grounds, an extensive variety of

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c.

the property of many private gentlemen wishing to dispose of their establishments without inconvenience or delay.

Mr. H. Bigsbee feels that the above sale will be productive of great benefit to the public by bringing together a large concourse of sellers and purchasers.

The trend of an opportunate place of easy access by City and country patrons by the City cars and omnibuses, is happily centered, is being on the main avenue and in the most fashionable part of the City, and having a beautiful improved driving and riding course one-quarter of a mile long.

Gentlemen wishing to sacrifice their horses, &c., for the above sale, can do so at my office, 9th-av., corner of 46th-st., at any time previous to the 14th inst., on which day catalogues will be ready for distribution.

N. B.—Should the weather prove unfavorable, the sale will be postponed to Saturday, 17th inst.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
PEREMPTORY SALE, BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS, OF VALUABLE PROPERTY IN THE CITIES OF
NEW-YORK AND BROOKLYN.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO.,
will sell at auction,
ON WEDNESDAY, OCT. 14,
At 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salerooms, No. 111 Broadway, New-York,
By order of George Hall, Esq., Executor of the estate of Abraham Brower, deceased, the

Following described property:

WAYNE-ST., New-Lots—The 2-story brick store, situated on the north side of Wayne-st., between Beekman and Dean-sts., in the Village of New-Lots, 20 feet in width, front and rear, by 50 feet 8 inches in depth on the north easterly and 48 feet 10 inches on the southwesterly side, be the said several dimensions more or less.

LAFAYETTE-AV., BROOKLYN—The 2-story brick house and lot, situated on the southerly side of Lafayette-av., 41 feet 8 inches westerly from Carlton-av., being 20 feet 10 inches in width, by 50 feet in depth, more or less. The house is built in modern style and with modern improvements.

Maps at the office of the auctioneers, No. 63½ Pine-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.
HORSES, CARRIAGES, HARNESS, &c.
HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, Oct. 15, at 12 o'clock, in front of our store, No. 23 Madison-st.

A roan mare, 15 hands 2 inches high, perfectly kind for single or double harness; sold for want of use.

An open two-seat wagon, with pole and shafts, together with set single harness, saddle, bridle, blankets, &c.

Also, a pair black ponies, about 13½ hands high, 6½ years old, very gentle and kind in all harness.

Also, a pair of bay horses, 15½ hands high, 6 years old, kind in single or double harness, and good saddle horses.

Also, on account of a gentleman leaving the country, white 14½ hands high, 6 years old, perfectly gentle and kind in double or single harness. Also, one set of double harness, one top buggy, two saddles and bridles, one of which is new.

THE LARGEST PUBLIC SALE OF BLOODED HORSES EVER HELD IN THE UNITED STATES.

Mr. A. MAILLIARD'S 6th (fourth) annual sale of STALLIONS, COLTS and FILLIES, consisting of 75 (seventy-five) THOROUGHBREDS and HALFBREDS, by SLASHER, HERMES and NERO, will take place at his breeding farm, BORDENTOWN, New-Jersey, on THURSDAY, Oct. 15, 1863, at 10 A. M. precisely, rain or shine.

Terms cash, in bankable funds.

Trains leave New-York, at 6 A. M., via Camden and Amboy; at 7 A. M., via Jersey City and Trenton.

E. H. Ludlow, Auctioneer.
HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, Oct. 15, 1863, at 11 o'clock, A. M., at No. 63 St. Marks-pl., the handsome household furniture, the entire contents of said house, consisting in part of carved rosewood parlor suites in brocatel, marble-top etagere, centre and fancy tables, rich brocatel curtains and cornices, walnut and mahogany French bedsteads, dressing bureaus, wardrobes, hair mattresses, feather pillows, hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, rosewood extension table, oak ash and dining chairs, velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil cloths, china, glassware, &c.

D. D. Cauldwell, Auctioneer.
AUCTION SALE
OF HANDSOME PARLOR FURNITURE, BRUSSELS AND THREE-PLY CARPETS, &c.
At public auction, THIS DAY, at 10½ o'clock A. M., precisely, at the store, residence, No. 1 Bleecker-st., near 5th-av., consisting of two elegant parlor suites, covered in brocatel and rope; marble-top tables, etageres, clocks, curtains, rosewood and mahogany bedroom suites, hair mattresses, sofa beds, tea tables, mirrors, shades, paintings, engravings, rockers, dining chairs, &c., &c., everything belonging to a first-class house. Sale positive.

ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.
EXTENSIVE SALE OF BROOKLYN LOTS.
A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, 8th Oct., at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales Room, 111 Broadway:

About 100 lots of ground, comprising a plot of about 15 acres, known as the "Bitmar Tract," lying between Hudson and Brooklyn-avenues, and on Sackett, Union, President, Carroll, Crown, Montgomery and Malbone-streets. The title is one of the oldest in Brooklyn. Terms accommodating. Maps in office, 1 from date, at the office of the auctioneers, 77 Cedar-st.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.
U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.
BY BURDETT, JONES & CO.

By virtue of a writ of vendition exponas, to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, on the 15th day of October, 1863, at 1 o'clock P. M., at Wheeler's Stores, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, the cargo of the prize sloop *Evening Star*, consisting of nine bales and part bales of cotton, and four round bales of loose cotton.

E. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.
U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.
BY BURDETT, JONES & CO.

By virtue of a writ of vendition exponas, to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, on the 17th day of October, 1863, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Southern Naval Store Yard, Brooklyn,

40 bbls. Spirits Turpentine, part cargo of the prize schooner *Nettie*.

E. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIER-GLASSES, EXTENSION DINING-TABLE, &c.—HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 14, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 34 East 26th-st. HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—The property of a family declining housekeeping, consisting of velvet and Brussels carpets, carved rosewood suite, covered in crimson and gold brocade; gilt frame French plate pier glasses, marble slaps and brackets; gilt cornices, marble mantels, inlaid centre-table, black walnut extension dining-table, marble and bronze twenty-one day clock, bronze ornaments to match; slab twenty-one day clock, elegant mantel vases, mahogany French bedsteads, mattresses, bolsters and pillows, mahogany marble-top dressing bureaus, washstands, iron sinks, window cornices, crimson and gold damask window curtains, mahogany rosewood chairs and rockers, in hair-cloth; rosewood marble-top centre-table, mahogany marble-top side-tables, elegant figured window curtains, chandeliers, air-pump, rosewood top full-stained hall-stand, hall-carpet, silver-plated stair-rods, oilcloth, &c. Also, china, crockery and glassware, with which the sale will commence.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.
MINER & SOMERVILLE WILL SELL at auction on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 14, at 10½ o'clock, on the premises No. 83 Liberty-st., near Broadway, to pay storage and charges: Two rosewood suites in brocatel, large Brussels carpet, McTeague patent hair spring beds, mattresses, bolsters and pillows, tables, chairs, office furniture, a number of counters of various sizes, dry goods, hoist baskets, trunks, slings, &c., &c., without reserve.

WM. KENNELLY, Auctioneer.
CHAMBERS-ST.—THE THREE-STORY BRICK house with extension and lot, No. 9 Chambers-st., will be sold without reserve, at auction, by WM. KENNELLY, on FRIDAY, Oct. 16, at 12 M., at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway. It is now rented. Being favorably located within half a block of the City Hall Park, it offers a fine opportunity for investment.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.
HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL, this auction, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 14, at 12 o'clock, in front of our store, No. 23 Nassau-st.:

A coach-horse, 7 years old, sound and kind.

Also, a pair of bay horses, 6 and 7 years old, sound and kind in harness.

Also, a set of double harness, in good order.

Also, a phaeton, in good running order.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, CORNER OF G AND 23D-STS., WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 22, 1863.

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION on the first, second and third WEDNESDAYS, 7th, 14th and 21st of October, at the corral near the Washington Observatory, a large lot of HORSES and MULES, condemned as unfit for public service.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

Terms cash, in Government vouchers.

CEAS. GARRETSON, A. Q. M.

AUCTION SALES.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MOST-LY MADE BY ROUX, HORSES, CARRIAGES, HARNESS, &c.—HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, Oct. 15, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 36 Lexington-av., elegant household furniture, mostly made by A. Roux & Co., to their order, comprising a large and valuable assortment of the finest description, consisting of carved rosewood marble-top for suite, made by Roux, covered in crimson brocatel, consisting of about 16 pieces, carved rosewood, mahogany marble-top centre-table, Wilton and Brussels carpets, elegant sash rods, window cornices, gilt frames, French plate pier mirrors, carved rosewood octave piano, made by Stodart; carved rosewood marble-top etagere, pier-mirror, pearl inlaid centre tables, Parian china vases and clocks, bronze figures, rosewood bedsteads, rosewood marble-top dressing bureaus, ormolu gilt clocks, rosewood marble-top washstand, hair mattresses, satin brocatel, window curtains, lace do., rosewood arch-top chairs, hair and feather pillows, bolsters, &c.

DINING ROOM—Velvet carpets, carved oak extension dining table, marble-top buffet do., elegant in carved morocco, oak dining room chairs to do., elegant china decorated dinner set, cost $400; cut glass ware, mantel mirrors, &c.

Also, rosewood marble-top billiard table, with marble bed, made by Phelan, with balls, cues, &c. Also, an elegant bowling plate.

Also, at 10½ o'clock, in front of the residence,

A black mare, 16 hands high, 6 years old, sound and kind, a good saddle beast.

Two gray carriage horses, 9 years old, 16½ hands high, good travelers.

Also, a close panel coach, made by Wood Bros.

Brougham, made by Brewster.

Elegant silver plated mounted double harness, nearly new, lady's side saddle, blankets, &c.

The above will be on exhibition on Wednesday, from 10 until 4.

P. Cozzens, Auctioneer.
MANUFACTURER'S STOCK OF RICH Cabinet Furniture to be sold at public auction, WEDNESDAY, Oct. 14, at the corner of Broadway and Eleventh-st.

P. COZZENS will sell by catalogue, THIS DAY, Oct. 14, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 616 Broadway, corner of Bleecker-st., the entire stock of rich cabinet furniture of Wm. Berg & Co., who are declining business. They are long and favorably known as extensive manufacturers and the stock is of the highest order, made of styles of rosewood, black walnut, mahogany and oak, of every conceivable description, such as carved suites of parlor furniture, in all the various coverings; others in smaller variety for choice of patterns; richly carved bedsteads and wardrobes, buffets, sideboards, library tables and desks, secretaries, extension tables, marble and wood top cabinet cases, centre, side and sofa tables, card tables, ladies' dressing tables, together with a great variety of other goods usually found among manufacturers. Also all the unfinished work; all the lumber, tools, furniture, stoves, &c., &c.

Catalogues will be ready on Tuesday, and the goods can be examined during that day and Wednesday morning.

N. B. Every facility for packing and shipping.

Also a fine lot of elegant extension tables.

DANIEL A. MATHEWS & CO., Auctioneers.
SPECIAL SALE OF SECOND-HAND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—DANIEL A. MATHEWS & CO. will sell, THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) at 10½ o'clock, at their salerooms, No. 56 Nassau-st., between John-st. and Maiden-lane, the entire contents of a private residence, removed for convenience of sale, the property of a gentleman leaving the country: Brussels and rope, centre tables, beaucaces, lounges, easy chairs, chamber suites, French bedsteads, dressing bureaus, washstands, wardrobes, curled hair mattresses, spring beds, palliasses, cottage chairs, extension tables, dining chairs, mirrors, matting, floor cloths, refrigerators, china, glassware, &c. Also, a large assortment of kitchen furniture, &c. Catalogues now ready.

HERBERT D. RIKER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st.
MINER & SOMERVILLE WILL SELL at auction, THURSDAY, Oct. 15, at 12 o'clock, in front of their salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., a beautiful black imported Welch pony, about 7½ hands, warranted sound and kind in every particular, can trot in 3½ minutes; is perfectly gentle, broke to single or double harness, and is very superior under the saddle.

HOTEL PROPERTY IN NEW-YORK.—The lease, business good-will, and furniture of the EVERETT HOUSE will be sold at public auction, on the premises, on the corner of 4th-st. and Union-sq., on WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of October next, at 12 o'clock M., by order of the Supreme Court. The Everett House fronts on Union-square, and in all its appointments is a first-class hotel. GEORGE R. FORSTER, Attorney, 32 Nassau-st., New-York.

EDW. PETTIGREW, Auctioneer.
METROPOLITAN POLICE AUCTION.—Sale of unclaimed property, TO-MORROW, (Thursday,) 15th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Police Headquarters, No. 300 Mulberry-st.

SAVINGS BANKS.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,
NOS. 472 AND 474 CANAL-ST., COR. VARICK.
Open daily from 10 A. M. to 2, and from 6 to 7 P. M.
NO. OF DEPOSITORS 3,000
ASSETS $851,554

Dividends have at least SIX PER CENT. on $500 and under, and FIVE PER CENT. on larger sums. Deposits on or before Oct. 20 shall bear interest from Oct. 1.

EDER V. SLAUGHWOUT, President.
JOHN McCLURE, } Vice Presidents.
GARDNER S. CHAPIN, }

THIRD-AV. SAVINGS' BANK,
CORNER 3D-AV. AND 27TH-ST.
CHARTERED 1854.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.

Deposits made on or before 20th October will draw interest from Oct. 1.

Bank open daily from 10 to 3 o'clock; also, on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings from 6 to 8 o'clock.

STEPHEN R. GREEN, President.
Aug. F. Lee, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
No. 171 Chatham-square, New-York.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.
MONEY DEPOSITED ON OR BEFORE OCT. 20 WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM OCT. 1.
This Dividend will be paid free of Government tax.
Bank open daily from 10 to 2 and from 5 to 7 P. M.
H. D. VAN PELT, President.
CHARLES D. BAILEY, Treasurer.
J. P. COOPER, Secretary.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST.—CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK, corner of Bowery and Canal-st., open every day from 9 to 3, and MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY EVENINGS from 6 to 7. Deposits made on or before Oct. 20 will draw interest from 1st inst. Bank-books in English, German and French.

GEORGE FOLSOM, President.
REVNOLD A. BURGE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE.—A COAL YARD, WITH ABOUT 600 tons assorted sizes, and sufficient sales of good quality, situated at the foot of 17th-st. and avenue C, East River, or will sell

MEDICAL.

CURE OF CHRONIC COMPLAINTS.—DR. WARD, graduate of the Medical College of Paris, and formerly connected with Dr. Ricord, No. 26 Liberty-st., New-York, continues to treat all cases requiring medical skill, at his office, No. 26 Liberty-st., New-York. Dr. Ward's long and extensive practice in the cure of the most obstinate and dangerous diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotence, Syphilis, Gravel, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Nervous Debility, and all those diseases of a delicate nature, arising from the vicious practice of young men, or the effects of youthful indiscretion, he can safely guarantee a speedy cure. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa and Gleet cured in from one to three days. Strictures of long standing, without cutting or caustic, in from one to three weeks. Private diseases, of whatever nature, however long standing or obstinate, cured in a few days. Dr. W. is the only person in this city who cures Stricture without cutting or caustic. Dr. W. is the only person who uses no mercury. Young men who have been led astray by evil companions, or by the fatal practice of self-abuse, are warned against the ruinous effects of the poisons then used, which ruin the constitution, and render marriage impossible. Dr. W. would warn young men who have been robbed of their manhood by quacks, that there is a certain cure for their complaint. Dr. W. would also caution those who have been ruined by quacks, that he can cure them. Dr. W. would also caution those who have been ruined by quacks, that he can cure them. Dr. W. would also caution those who have been ruined by quacks, that he can cure them

THE TRIP TO THE CHARITIES.

A Large Number of Foreign Guests.

This visit to the Institutions, by invitation of the Commissioner of Public Charities and Correction, came off yesterday, and was enjoyed by a large number of guests. The parties for whom it was specially intended were the officers of the different foreign ever-vessels in the harbor, the foreign Ministers, Consuls and other dignitaries in the City. Portions of the company, about 10 o'clock A.M., left Pier No. 1, East River, in the steamer John Rowe, and another portion joined them at Bellevue. Among those who availed themselves of the invitation were the British Admiral Milne, the French Admiral Rayneval, another officers of their fleets; Count de Sartorias, Commander of Moro Castle, Cuba; Count de Gasset Zuazaga, Minister, and Vice-Consul B. Kunz; Capt. Baz Sarro, Royal Italian Navy; M. de Coussan, Deputy French Consul at Boston; Chevalier Bonelli, Hayden Minister, and a number of other Foreigners. Admiral Farragut was present, as were a host of other prominent citizens.

The Russian Admiral did not join the party, nor did any of his officers. There were different reasons assigned for their absence, though it was generally understood that prior engagements were the cause.

The company reached Randall's Island about 11 o'clock, and were received by the juvenile brigade. A welcoming speech from the orator, Wm. Tenbrook, was made, and its drill witnessed. The buildings were handsomely decorated with the English, French and Russian flags. The French flag was presented to the boys by Prince Napoleon, on his visit to this country. A tour was taken through the various buildings, and then a visit to and thorough inspection of the House of Refuge. These visits were made with great interest.

The party then repaired to Blackwells Island, and inspected the various institutions. Commissioner Delafield led the party, in company with Admirals Milne and Rayneval, explaining to them the objects and workings of the institutions, and finally, conducted them to the house of Mr. Joseph Kent, the Warden, in the spacious dining hall of which was a well spread collation.

The Admiral said that he deeply felt the compliment paid to himself and his friend Admiral Rayneval, who desired him to respond in his behalf; he expressed the pleasure they had experienced in what they had seen, and of the courtesy they had received from Mr. Delafield and the gentlemen present, and regretted that a previous engagement for that evening would compel them to leave so early; he had hoped to be able to put off this engagement with his Consul and other friends, but, as the fleet would have to leave New-York on Wednesday morning, he had left Washington at 6 o'clock on Monday evening, in order that he should have the pleasure of passing a few pleasant hours that morning with his friend Mr. Delafield and the other gentlemen Commissioners. His warmest thanks were due for the kindness and courtesy they had met with on this pleasant trip. The most warm and hearty applause followed this brief and really eloquent little speech, and Mr. Delafield attended the Admiral to a steamer, and shortly returned, when toasts and speeches prevailed for some time.

Capt. Hayhoe, of the British ship *Immortality*, being issued, thanked the Chairman for the compliment. "My Commander-in-Chief has said already all that could be said in appreciation of the kind hospitality, but I cannot resist the opportunity of again conveying the thanks of myself and fellow officers of the British navy for the warm expressions of friendship and the hospitality we have received, both here and elsewhere, since we have arrived in New-York. I take pleasure in saying that I have met Americans in all parts of the world, both of my sister service and in mercantile life, and have always met them and been received by them in that kindly spirit which ought to exist between the mother and her sons. Again, gentlemen, allow me to thank you for the kind feeling you have shown to me and my brother officers—a feeling which I hope no circumstances will ever occur to give us cause for regret."

The party soon after paid a short visit to Bellevue Hospital. After which, they returned to the City.

A Deserter Shot Dead while Attempting to Escape.

CORONER'S INQUEST—THE PERPETRATOR ACQUITTED.

Considerable excitement was created yesterday morning about 6 o'clock in the neighborhood of West and Albany streets, by the fact that a soldier was shot dead while attempting to run away from the officers having him in charge. At the time of the occurrence the streets were filled with people, but no one else was injured. The soldier was shot through the heart, and died instantly.

The facts developed on inquest held by Coroner Collin yesterday afternoon, are substantially as follows:

On Monday night twenty-four deserters from Fort Trumbull, Conn., were put on board of a New-London boat to be sent to Governor's Island. They were placed in charge of Sergt. Wheatstone, of the Fifth Connecticut Volunteers, who, with three men under his command, was required safely to deliver them to the Commandant on Governor's Island. The fact that these deserters were desperate men appeared in the testimony. Before leaving Fort Trumbull, the Sergeant received express instructions to guard them well, and shoot down any first man who attempted to escape. While on the boat on the way here, some of the soldiers caused much trouble to the men having them in charge. They landed at Pier No. 39 North River, and marched down West-street, toward their destination. When they arrived at Albany-street, Lawrence Killoran, one of the most desperate of the deserters, broke from the ranks, and started on the run up Albany-street. The Sergeant in command three times called to him to halt. Killoran paid no attention, but kept on running. The Sergeant then ordered Geo. W. Butler, who acted as rear guard, to fire. He leveled his musket, and at a distance of ten or twelve yards, shot Killoran. The ball entered his body below the left shoulder-blade, passed entirely through the body, piercing the heart in its passage, and struck several yards beyond. Butler was immediately arrested and taken to the Twenty-seventh Precinct Stationhouse. After a thorough examination of the case by Coroner Collin, the jury rendered the following verdict:

"That the deceased, Lawrence Killoran, came to his death by a gunshot wound at the hands of George W. Butler, of the Nineteenth Connecticut Volunteers, and as the prisoner acted under positive military orders, we think he was fully justified in committing the act." Butler was thereupon discharged from custody. The deceased was a native of Ireland, aged about 25 years. He is said to have deserted several times before.

Trial of Galvin Concluded—Verdict, Guilty.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER.

Before Justice Barnard.

At the opening of the Court, District-Attorney Hall moved the Court that the indictments found by the Grand Jury on Monday last be transferred to the Court of Sessions, and that the prisoners be removed to that Court for arraignment. The Court granted the motion.

The trial of James Galvin, indicted for arson, was then resumed. Mr. Edward Blankman, who appeared for the defence, stated that he would dispense with a formal opening of the case to the jury, but would proceed at once to call his witnesses for the defence. The first witness called was

William Galvin, who testified that he was an uncle of the prisoner, that he lived on Ninety-fourth st.

Counsel for defence offered in evidence a Farmer's Almanac, (the almanac being the property of the witness) for the purpose of proving that there was no moon shining on the night of the alleged offence, in order to contradict the statement of Mr. Wilkinson, that she identified the prisoner at a distance of two hundred feet by his clothes and his face. The Court excluded the evidence, except for the purpose of fixing the date.

The witness then went on to testify that he had known prisoner from his infancy; that prisoner was now twenty-years old, and that his character for integrity was most excellent; that he was sober and steady in his habits and quiet and peaceable in his disposition. The only quarrel that prisoner ever had was one with a Central Park policeman.

Mary Sanders, sworn—Lives in Ninety-third-street; never knew defendant until the night of the alleged offence; Kelly Sullivan and defendant were at my house that night; they were drinking there; they were there for an hour or more; they had had a drink all round, when Sullivan propposed to go home; Galvin proposed another drink, when we heard the cry of fire; the cry came from Mrs. Wilkinson's, at the Eagle Hotel, opposite; they all left the place and went toward the fire.

Cross-Examined by District Attorney.—I keep a public house; I don't call it a house. My husband is a soldier in the army, and is now on Staten Island. I don't know Mrs. Murphy, but made her acquaintance at the Court-house, before Justice Dowling. I went there that morning to make a complaint against Mr. Sanders, for some of his short-comings, and not to testify for or against the prisoner.

John McQuade, Robert Thompson, Michael Sheridan, Rosanna Hancock, and James Crowley were sworn as witnesses to the prisoner's good character. All knew him to be a good, quiet, orderly and peaceable man. His mother was also sworn to show the same state of facts, and that he was a dutiful son and affectionate to his aged mother. The case having been summed up by counsel for the prisoner, and by District Attorney Hall for the people, the jury retired.

While the jury in Galvin's case were out, Thomas McCoosky, having plead guilty to riot, was brought up for sentence. The prisoner having been confined in jail ever since the riots, and having shown a grievous good character, was sentenced to two months in the Penitentiary.

The jury in Galvin's case now returned, and stated that they found the prisoner guilty of arson in the third degree, and asked the Court that the lightest possible punishment should be imposed upon him.

The prisoner, being brought up for sentence, declared that he was not guilty of the charges. The Court said that he had been convicted on a state of facts which would warrant the conviction, and sentenced him to four years' hard labor in the State Prison.

Naval Movements.

THE LIGHT DRAFT IRON CLAD GUNBOAT "CONOSE."

This vessel, which was commenced some weeks ago at Mr. Rowlands's yard at Greenpoint, is progressing rapidly. She was designed by Chief Engineer Seaver, U. S. N., and is intended for river and harbor navigation. She is 225 feet long, 46 feet wide, and 9 feet depth of hold. The Conose is of peculiar construction. There is an immense hull, outside of which there is another hull, the space between them forming water-tight compartments; outside of the outer hull is the wooden bulwarks and iron armor. The compartments are capable of being flooded and pumped out if necessary, so as to lighten her. The inner vessel is able to float without the aid of the outer hull, if it should be damaged by a ram or projectile. The internal sides are square with the bottom, which is perfectly flat the whole length and width of the vessel. The sides will be 6½ feet thick, including the compartments, timber and 3 inches of iron plating. The frame and inner hull are already completed. The revolving turret will be 20 feet in diameter and 9 inches thick of solid iron. The accommodations for the officers are forward, and those for the sailors are placed in juxtaposition. She will be driven by two propellers. Her ornament will consist of two 150-pounders. Her speed is expected to be 8 knots; it is probable that she may make 6 knots, which is very good speed for this class of vessels. The decks will be bomb proof—15 inches of solid timber with a coating of iron one inch in thickness.

THE STEAM FRIGATE NIAGARA.

This 40-gun steam frigate was put in commission yesterday, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Navy-yard in Boston, as we learned by a telegraphic dispatch. She is under orders to proceed at once to Gloucester, Mass., for the purpose of endeavoring to get some seamen to enlist for the navy. Her destination, after she has rendered some service there, is unknown. The following officers reported on deck when the flag was hoisted: Commodore Wm. Chauncey Ward; Lieutenant-Commander, J. S. Barnes; Surgeon, J. L. Fox; Paymaster, J. H. Watmough; Chief Engineer, Wm. Roberts; Chaplain, Wm. A. Hitchcock. Marine Officers: First Lieutenant, J. P. Baker; Second Lieutenant, L. P. French; Master, Wm. Watson; Acting Ensign, J. A. Stamm; Ensigns, R. S. Chew, W. R. Bridgman, A. S. Barker; Assistant Surgeon, C. J. T. Wells; First Assistant Engineer, O. H. Lechey; Second Assistant, F. E. Brown, J. Butterworth, W. R. Harris; Third Assistants, P. Schober, J. H. Diamond, G. McAllister, R. F. Edwards, E. F. McElhenell; Commodore's Clerk, S. B. Clark; Paymaster's Clerks, S. M. Coleman, F. H. Jarvier; Master's Mates, H. C. Leslie, E. N. K. Place, F. B. Atkinson, S. S. Jessurum; Boatswain, George Smith; Gunner, Eugene Mack; Carpenter, Nicholas Mayer; Sailmaker, A. W. Cassell.

THE LAUNCH THIS MORNING.

The Iron-clad *Manhattan* will be launched at 9½ o'clock this morning at the yard of the Messrs. Secor, in Jersey City. Tickets for the launch can be obtained of Mr. Barkuzer, the Superintendent.

A New Enrollment Ordered.

THE SECOND, THIRD, FOURTH, FIFTH AND SIXTH DISTRICTS.

A short time since it was stated in the Times that a reenrollment in those districts where only half the claimed quotas was drawn, would soon be ordered, and that the preliminary steps had been taken at Washington. This was denied in some of the papers, and in one on the authority of Col. Nugent. Yesterday, this gentleman issued orders, in pursuance of instructions from Washington, to the Boards of Enrollment of the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Districts to prepare forthwith to proceed with a reenrollment of those Districts. These are the ones to the enrollment and quotas of which Gov. Seymour made objections. On such objection the President assented to a reenrollment and directed only fifty per cent. of the quotas claimed to be drawn. The President also gave to Gov. Seymour the permission to select some one to see that the reenrollment was fairly and correctly made.

The Municipal Banquet.

Next Monday evening the Grand Municipal Banquet is given at the Astor House. The Admirals and officers of the Russian, English, and French fleets—if there be man-of-war of other nationalities in the harbor at the time, their officers also—the foreign ministers and consuls, the President of the United States, the members of the Cabinet, in short all the foreign and native notabilities who can be reached, it is proposed to invite. Some eight hundred guests will probably participate in the municipal cheer, and the occasion will be one for a grand gathering of those of the North and the East, the South and the West, and for a general mixing up of nationalities and hospitality.

The Banquet will be provided on a scale of liberality exceeding all previous efforts in such direction, earth, sea and air being ransacked for the bill of fare.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

Chess Matters.—The chess-playing season opens this month, and, from present appearances, there is going to be lively times in chess circles in this City this Winter. On Wednesday last the annual meeting of the Paulsen Club, of this City, took place, on which occasion the following officers were elected to preside over its affairs for the ensuing season: President, Eugene Bazinghen; Vice-President, D. Waterman; Secretary, F. Hallenbach; Treasurer, Mr. Wallack. On Wednesday evening next, Mr. Boscn, the noted German blindfold player, will attempt the difficult mental feat of playing ten games simultaneously, without seeing the men or boards. The games will be played at the rooms of the Paulsen Club, No. 180 Bowery, near Stanton-street, and on this occasion all chess players are invited to visit the rooms of the Club. The contestants against Mr. Bosen will be selected at the rooms at 6 P. M., from among those present. On Saturday last, the following officers were elected at the annual meeting of the Brooklyn Club: President, F. Perrin; Vice-President, E. Mathews; Secretary, Capt. Raymond; Treasurer, G. Baxter; Tournament Committee, Messrs. Thompson, Raymond and Hodges. The Club tournament will commence next month, and their new commodious chess rooms, place this season between the New-York, Brooklyn and Paulsen Clubs, which bid fair to be very interesting chess events.

Presentations.—On Monday evening last, a handsome sword was presented to Capt. Henry A. Howland, of Company G, Twenty-second regiment, N. G. S. N. Y., at the armory in Fourteenth-street, by the members of his company, as a token of the high esteem in which he is held by his command. The presentation speech was made by the Secretary, Mr. Joseph P. Jardine, on behalf of the company, to which the Captain handsomely replied. Sergt. Baxter and Private F. T. Johnson, who acted as Commissaries of the Company during the Pennsylvania campaign, were also the recipients of gifts, consisting of a large steel plate engraving to the former, and a photograph album to the latter.

On the same evening, the First regiment New-York Cavalry assembled at the Seventh-avenue Arsenal, and after inspection, were formed into a hollow square, and Gen. Sickles, on behalf of the members of Company C, presented Capt. Kendall with a handsome service of silver. Capt. Kendall responded appropriately. Adjutant F. Dwyer was then presented a silver pitcher by Lieut.-Col. Mizner, on behalf of Companies C, G and K, the German companies of the regiment.

Testimonial Benefit to "Cuyp," the Celebrated Cricketer.—Eleven amateur English cricketers will play a match against sixteen American cricketers, on Wednesday and Thursday, on the St. George's Cricket Ground, Hoboken, on which occasion it is expected that every lover of the noble game of cricket will be present. Professionals are barred, and the game will be the most interesting one of the season. It is not generally known that, in the earlier years of the New-York Club, "Cuyp" was its main stay, and by whose services in bowling, a respectable show could be made against the St. George's Club.

Two Men Killed.—Coroner Collin held an inquest yesterday on the bodies of two men, named Wm. Hart and John Coyle, who died from injuries received by the fall of a scaffold, on the corner of Forty-ninth-street and Sixth-avenue. The deceased were on a rope scaffold, engaged in painting a house. Unfortunately, the knot in the rope at one end of the staging gave way and precipitated the men to the ground, from about the third story. They were both so much injured that they died a few hours after. Hart was a native of England, aged 30 years; Coyle was 22 years old, and a native of this City.

The Morgan and Tammany Coalition.—The division of the spoils between the two factions have been agreed upon, the bond signed and sealed. It is as follows: *For Mayor*—Surrogate, Register, one Justice Superior Court, Judge Common Pleas, Judge Marine Court, nine Assemblymen. *For Tammany*—Justice Supreme Court, one Justice Superior Court, Supervisor, Mayor, Recorder, eight Assemblymen. This is the same division we, some days since, it was announced in the Times would be made. It is considered a fair arrangement, and was amicably concluded upon.

The Colored Orphan Asylum.—Elsewhere will be found an appeal in behalf of the Colored Orphan Asylum, which was destroyed by the mob on Monday of Riot week. Everything the building contained was lost, and the entire loss on building and property amounts to $95,000. The children, some 250, are now at Blackwell's Island; they are as well cared for as possible, but the Society appeal for money, clothing or food. Reference to the appeal, which certainly will not be allowed to go unanswered, will show where these can be sent.

Election of Directors, Erie Railroad Company.—At an election held yesterday for Directors of the Erie Railroad Company, the following were unanimously elected:—Samuel Marsh, Daniel Drew, John Arnot, William E. Seidmore, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Robert H. Berdell, Dudley S. Gregory, Ralph Mead, Nathaniel Marsh, Ambrose S. Murray, William Evans, J. C. Bancroft Davis, D. A. Cushman, Alexander S. Diven, Thomas W. Gale, and H. Phelps, Horatio N. Otis.

The Mayoralty.—Already two candidates in the field, placed there by the Constitutional Union General Committee, which met at the Sinclair House. All Wards, save the Fifth and Sixteenth, were represented. The State ticket, headed by Mr. St. John, was nominated, and then C. Godfrey Gunther, Esq., was, by resolution, declared the candidate for Mayor.

Sculling Match.—A sculling match at Hamilton Ferry, Brooklyn, 17 feet working boats, took place at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, to pull around Governor's Island, for $50 a side, and was won by Samuel G. Ness, late of Newburgh, one of Ward's pupils; time, 26 minutes. The losing boat was pulled by Richard Conness, of Brooklyn. His arm giving out, he gave up the race.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

The Last Attempt to Break Jail.—The attempt to break jail on Monday night, as has since transpired, was a regular plot laid by some of the worst characters now imprisoned and awaiting trial for various offences. A man named Spencer, who is charged with counterfeiting, is supposed to be the leader. Preparations had long since been made to overpower the keeper on the first opportunity that presented itself, break off the lock, or take the key and open the gate leading to the corridor, and when once in the yard to scale the fence and escape. Some fifty prisoners are confined on the corridor where the outbreak occurred, many of them desperate characters. All were in the secret, having communicated with each other through the sewer pipes which run from one cell to the other. Powers, McGarvy and Spencer made the assault on the keeper as soon as he opened the cell door to admit another prisoner. It was their intention to disable, if not to kill him. One of the party struck him with a bar of iron, and another attempted to choke him, by drawing a handkerchief across his neck. The handkerchief not being strong enough for the purpose, broke, and the keeper, although severely shaken, managed to seek safety in the cell his assailants had just vacated. May had taken the key of the outer gate from him, and also the keys of the cells. May then locked him in, and proceeded to release the other prisoners. A few colored men and boys refused to come out of their cells or to take any part in the master Isaiah Rynsky, condemned for the murder of Stoughton Fellows, the diamond merchant, also remained in his quarters, declining to aid the mutineers, but instead, succeeded in saving the keeper's life, and preventing the prisoners from escaping, by informing them that the jail was surrounded by policemen—that every passage outside was guarded,—and that it would be useless for them to get beyond the walls. One policeman having accidentally made his appearance at the gate, rendered Rynsky's statement plausible, and the prisoners at once decided. Had they known that there was no person there except that solitary policeman, they might have easily accomplished their purpose. After some delay several officers arrived, and the door being opened with a duplicate key, the imprisoned jailor was released, and the prisoners were confined in closer and more secure quarters. Mr. Isaac Mersereau, the keeper, was found to be seriously injured. Dr. Van Zandt was called to his aid, and bound up his wounds. He will doubtless recover, although he will necessarily be confined to his house for some time. The District Attorney intends to draw up new indictments against the single leaders of the revolt.

King's County Board of Supervisors.—The Board met yesterday afternoon and held a short session. Several reports were presented—one confirming the contract for the carpenter work of the new Court-house to Messrs. Cloes & Miller, for $1,600. A resolution was adopted directing the Volunteer Relief Committee to pay $3 weekly to every wounded or disabled soldier who may have been honorably discharged, provided he was a resident of Kings County at the time of his enlistment, whether he belonged to a regiment raised in Brooklyn or elsewhere. The following bills for military expenses were presented and ordered to be paid: Seventieth regiment, for services from July 29 to Sept. 18, 1863, $24,342 44; Thirteenth regiment, for services from Aug. 18 to Sept. 7, $7,116 96; Fifteenth regiment, $35,000. The County Treasurer was directed to pay the several sums to the Colonels of the different regiments.

Arrivals in the City.

Adjt.-Gen. Sprague and Hon. Chauncey Vibbard, Albany; Hon. S. Druliard, Buffalo; W. W. Rapley and wife, Washington; A. W. Mackey, New-Jersey; Wm. Jas. Roe, Newburgh; and B. F. Jones and wife, Chicago, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Hon. John Woodruff, Connecticut; Judge James Jones, Buffalo; and H. L. Foster and F. E. Jack, Philadelphia, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Hon. Lyman Tremain, Albany; Brig.-Gen. F. S. Nickerson and Capt. J. H. Metcalf, A. A. G., U. S. Volunteers; Col. S. H. Stafford, Fort Hudson, La.; Capt. James McMillan and lady, U. S. Army, and J. C. Caldwell and lady, Philadelphia, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel.

Col. P. R. Morgan, New-Jersey; Capt. Geo. W. Van Slyck, New-Orleans; Dr. Martin and E. I. D. Mitchell, Hilton Head; and W. R. Taylor, W. S. Nars, are at the Astor House.

Proof of Title in Actions of Trover.

SUPERIOR COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Before a Full Bench.

Calvin Huntington vs. Thomas and Charles Douglas.—This was an action of trover, to recover damages for the alleged conversion of a lot hardware which the defendants sold to the plaintiff for value, and contemporaneously received from him, as bailees, to sell on his account. The instrument showed the sale and delivery of the property, its value, the price paid for it, it, and the conditions and terms of the bailment. The answer put in issue the ownership of the plaintiff, and the conversion by the defendants.

On the trial no attempt was made by the defendants to prove fraud, accident or mistake, to avoid the effect of the written instrument, but proof was offered to show that the defendants were not the owners of the property at the time of their conveyance to the plaintiff; and, further, that the money consideration for the conveyance was not to be paid to one Harlow Huntington, the brother of the vendors, as the instrument expressed, but to themselves. The Court refused to admit such evidence, but gave the defendants' opportunity to prove that the consideration had never been paid.

The Court directed a verdict for the plaintiff, and the defendants appealed, claiming that to sustain the action, which in its nature was an action of trover at common law, the plaintiff must prove a title to the property, either general or special, with the right of its immediate possession, and a conversion by the defendants. This, it was claimed, they had not done.

The appeal was now argued and decision reserved.

Miller, Peet & Nichols for plaintiffs; Sylvester Lay and Thomas Nelson for defendants.

Notes of Prize Decisions.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

Before Judge Betts.

The United States vs. The steamer Kate.—This vessel was captured on Aug. 1, 1863, off New-Inlet, N. C., by the steamers Sequoia, *Mount Vernon* and Kingfisher, on the charge of the vessel in the cause. The proofs showed that the vessel was chased by the blockading squadron off Wilmington, and was driven ashore on July 12, where she was stripped of her lading, rigging and machinery by the rebels, and, being afterward found afloat, was captured by the squadron.

Vessel condemned and forfeited.

ADMISSION TO THE BAR.

Judge Marvin, who has been for so long United States District Judge at Key West, was this morning admitted to practice in this Court.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, OCT. 13.

Judge Betts announced to the Bar this morning that Judge Shipman would be here to hold the District Court on Tuesday next, the 20th, when the *Admiralty calendar would be peremptorily called.*

Additional notes of issue may be filed up to Saturday next.

(Advertisement.)

Grand Family Holiday at Barnum's.—Splendid performances at 3 and 7½ o'clock P. M. The Indians, the Giant Boy, the moving Wax Figures, and a multitude of other Novelties and Wonders at all hours. Surely the most captious cannot complain that this is a generous combination of novelties and amusements for a quarter.

(Advertisement.)

Veronica Quinquefolia.

This most powerful Blood Purifier, the most remarkable ever discovered in any age, is for sale by D. S. Barnes & Co., No. 202 Broadway, and Scott & Co., No. 363 Broadway, New-York.

(Advertisement.)

Herring's Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes, and Hermann's new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with Hermann & Hilton's Patent Crystallized Iron, the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

(Advertisement.)

Well Worth Knowing.—Parents wish to insure for their children all the advantages within their circumstances, that there is no other way, and whereby these ends may be so surely attained as by the aid of Phrenology and Physiology. By having their characters fully described and carefully written out in full, you will have a Chart which will serve to keep them in the right direction—to avoid the quicksands and the shoals on which too many unfortunate human barks founder and are lost. Examinations made daily by Fowler & Wells, No. 308 Broadway, New-York.

(Advertisement.)

Young men are fully qualified for the duties of the counting-room, at Gunsaulus's Commercial Institute, No. 756 Broadway, corner of Eighth-street. A good handwriting is guaranteed to ladies or gentlemen in ten easy lessons. Separate rooms for private instruction.

(Advertisement.)

The first premiums—silver medals—were awarded to Mme. Demorest, of No. 473 Broadway, N. Y., by the American Institute at their late Fair, held at the Academy of Music, for the best patterns of the fashions, for the best corsets, best shirts, best system of dress cutting, best braid and embroidery stamps, best ornamental dresses, best embroideries and needlework, best tucking attachment for sewing-machines; and also first premium awarded Mme. Demorest's new and improved 66 running-stitch sewing-machine.

(Advertisement.)

"Did you say the great Russian was in at Knox's?" "No, but I said there was a 'rush on' Knox for his elegant Fall Hats." I have no doubt, however, that from the severe handling of some of the Russian officers at Knox's on Thursday last, while satisfying the ladies on the line of the procession, these gentlemen will be obliged to get new caps from Knox before they leave our City. If they can be found anywhere they can be at No. 212 Broadway."

(Advertisement.)

A beautiful complexion, free from tan, pimples and freckles, may easily be procured by using the "BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS." For shaving it is unsurpassed—a single drop making fine lather. It is composed of palm-oil, honey and other valuable articles, highly perfumed by its own ingredients, and is used for washing night and morning, renders the skin soft and white, and free from blemish. For sale by all druggists.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

[OFFICIAL.]

STATED SESSION—Monday, Oct. 12, 1863.
Four o'clock P. M.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment, in their chamber, number sixteen City Hall.

Present—Morgan Cornell, Esq., President, in the Chair, and the following members:

Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Webster, Green, McConnell, Repper, Houghtaling, Haviland, Gaw, Murray, Cook, Briot, Russell, Joyce.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

Subsequently, Councilman Brandon moved that the vote on the approval of the minutes be reconsidered, for the purpose of allowing him to amend the same by striking out his name from a certain vote therein.

Which was lost.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Councilman Repper—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to John Roth to receive and deliver goods on the sidewalk in front of his premises number thirty-five Avenue B, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Repper—

Resolved, That a receiving basin and culvert be built on the southeast corner of Houston and Allen streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to Committee on Croton Aqueduct.

By the President—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Adam Bode to place a sign in front of his place of business, number sixty Nassau-street, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Repper—

Resolved, That Avenue B, from Houston to Fourteenth streets, be paved with Belgian pavement, the property owners to pay one half the expense and the City the remainder, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Belgian Pavement.

By Councilman O'Brien—

Resolved, That the salary of the Second Clerk of the Superintendent of Street Improvements be and the same is hereby increased to the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars per annum; the amount of such increase to be taken from the appropriation for City Contingencies, the same to take effect from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

Which was referred to Committee on Salaries and Offices.

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Resolution that the poll of the Fourth election district of the Eighth Ward be held at number nine Clark-street.

Which was concurred in.

Subsequently Councilman Sandford moved that such action be reconsidered.

Which was carried.

And the same was laid on the table.

Resolution that the poll of the Eighth election district of the Eighth Ward be held at number one hundred and forty Varick-street.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution that the poll of the Second election district of the Seventeenth Ward be held on the southeast corner of Third-avenue and Ninth-street.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution that the poll of the Eighteenth district of the Eleventh Ward be changed from number two hundred and seventeen Avenue C to number two hundred and one Avenue C, until otherwise ordered by the Common Council.

Which was referred to a Special Committee, consisting of the Councilmen representing the Eleventh Ward.

And subsequently Councilman McVay moved that the Street Commissioner be discharged from the further consideration of said resolution.

Which was carried.

The resolution was then concurred in.

Resolution that permission be granted to Abram Cohn at the southeast corner of Bowery and Grand-street, to place a sign in front of his premises during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Report of Committee on Fire Department, with resolution that the Street Commissioner be directed to advertise for proposals and contract with the lowest bidder in conformity to Ordinance, for the construction of a bell, one hundred and fifty-seven, for the construction of a new bell for the Essex Market Belltower, of the same size and dimensions as the bell at present on the said belltower.

Which was referred to the Committee on Fire Department.

Report of Committee on Salaries and Offices, in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Philip Maas for the sum of four hundred and fifty-five dollars and thirty-five cents, being the balance due on his salary for the month of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, to the fifth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, as Interpreter to the Third District Court, the amount to be charged to the account of City Contingencies.

Referred to the Committee on Salaries and Offices.

Report of Committee on Public Health, with resolution that the nuisance between One Hundred and Twelfth and One Hundred and Fourteenth streets, and First and Second avenues, be filled in forthwith, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Public Health.

Report of Committee on Public Health, with resolutions that the sidewalks of Broadway, from Forty-ninth-street to Fifty-second-street, be flagged and reflagged where necessary, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Preamble, with resolution that the Committee on National Affairs be requested to procure a Beechers memorial medal or standard for this corps, and present the same to them in behalf of the Corporation of the City of New-York, said color, in addition to the usual inscription in such gifts, to be inscribed with the record of battles in which the regiments have taken part.

Which was referred to Committee on Arts and Sciences.

RESOLUTIONS RESUMED.

By Councilman Murray—

Resolved, That West Nineteenth-street be renumbered, from Fifth-avenue to the North River, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted.

PETITION.

By Councilman O'Brien—

Petition of Hose Company number Thirty-nine for a new carriage.

Which was referred to Committee on Fire Department.

REPORTS.

Report of Committee on Sewers, concurring to extend contract for building sundry sewers.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement to pave Houston-street, between Lewis-street and the East River, with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Roads, concurring to regulate and grade Avenue A, from Eighty-fourth to Ninety-fifth streets.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement, to pave Sixth-avenue from Forty-second-street to Forty-ninth-street, with the Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Lands and Places, concurring to release certain premises heretofore donated to St. James' Church.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Roads, amending resolution of Board of Aldermen to curb, gutter, &c., Sixtieth-street from Broadway to Ninth-avenue.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Public Health, to fence vacant lot number five hundred and sixty-five Third-avenue.

Which was laid over.

RESOLUTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

By Councilman Russell—

Resolved, That Sixtieth-street, from Broadway to and across Ninth-avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Brandon—

Resolved, that the street on the easterly side of Gramercy Park be paved with Belgian pavement, the property owners to pay one half the expense and the City the remainder, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was received from the Comptroller, with statement of Treasury balance in October first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

Which was received and ordered on file.

MESSAGE FROM HIS HONOR THE MAYOR.

A message was received from His Honor the Mayor, returning unapproved preamble and resolution relative to the occupation of the public parks by United States military forces.

Which was received, laid on the table for ten days, directed to be entered at length on the minutes, and published in two papers designated by the Corporation.

Resolution that a ferry be established from the foot of Fourteenth-street, North River, to the foot of Montgomery-street, Jersey City, and that the Comptroller be directed to advertise for sale forthwith such ferry franchise from the foot of Fourteenth-street, North River, to the foot of Montgomery-street, Jersey City, or some other point adjacent thereto, at public auction, for a term of ten years, under the same conditions as the Desbrosses-street Ferry Company, so far as applicable thereto, and return the lease to the Common Council for confirmation.

Which was laid over.

Resolution that the salary of the First Messenger of the City Inspector's Department be increased to the sum of one thousand dollars per annum, the amount of such increase to be taken from the appropriation for "City Contingencies," such increase to take effect from the twelfth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

(In Board of Councilmen, September seventeen, motion made to amend by adding a proviso that the pay of the Assistant Messenger be fixed at nine hundred dollars, the increase in both cases to take effect from the first of January.)

Subsequently, a substitute was adopted for the whole matter, providing that the pay of the Messengers and Assistants in the City department be fixed respectively, at one thousand dollars for the Messengers and nine hundred dollars for the Assistants.

A motion to reconsider the vote on the adoption of such substitute was laid on the table.

Postponed (twenty-four the paper was taken from the table and laid over.

Which was lost for want of a sufficient number of votes:

Affirmative—Councilmen Sandford, Webster, McVay, Green, Deasy, McConnell, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Joyce—10.

Negative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, The President, Repper, Houghtaling, Haviland, Gaw, Murray, Russell—10.

Councilman Webster moved that such vote be reconsidered.

Which was carried.

Councilman Hayes moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was carried.

Whereupon the President declared that the Board stood adjourned until Thursday, the fifteenth instant, at four o'clock P. M.

JAMES M. SWEENY, Clerk.

Passengers Arrived.

Oct. 13—*In steamship Bremen, from Bremen, &c.*—F. M. Paull, C. J. Thode, C. F. Reagler and daughter, Miss McAndrews, Aug. Bullmann, Charles L. Richmann, Mr. Ziegler and family, Mr. Ludwig, Mrs. Prentice, J. F. Fleming, Mr. Bowman and family, A. Blanke and wife, Theresia Herzog, C. J. Hoeckman, F. Hermann, S. Sekstein, Sara Altschul and family, W. Lange, H. C. Greir, S. B. Perry, J. Bond, J. Abrens, W. P. Bunner and three children, E. Wenzy, wife and four children, J. A. Buddeiker, H. Cook, Sophie Langer, A. Frunel, Julia Lurey, Johanna Bowman and child, Anna Lehrs, C. Riegelmann, Caroline Pfennkuche, A. Wetzler, Marie Blase, Louise Strubker, J. A. Reitz and daughter, E. T. Hewitt, C. Pfeil, Mr. and Mrs. Marschlotz, H. B. Truesdale, W. N. Dubois, Mr. Holubeck, George Weterroth, Louis and Marie Suthmann, Mrs. Dudenhof and child, Miss Faunot, Andrew Brassard, Mr. Ernst J. Levy, J. B. Mayrier, J. Frances, C. Barthe, Mrs. Barstow, B. and H. Droste, Rosalie Schnell, Marie Fischer and son, P. Emrich, J. Albachten, W. Bichorn, A. Stuhrken, G. Mörts and wife, Amelie Jung, Otto Tellkamp, P. E. B. Riccio, H. Wisben and wife, Anna Sitz, A. Weber, G. Huller and sister, Linette Bosch, A. Bannsgarter, W. Alters, G. Halse, wife and child, L. Wiesymsky, and 227 in the steerage.

Oct. 12—*In steamship City of Baltimore, from Liverpool*—Mr. Charles H. Thomas and lady, J. A. Blaydes-haughe, Mr. Carter, Frederick Foster, Mr. Mason, lady, four children and nurse, John G. Barbek, Mr. Huggins, Mr. Hill and lady, C. L. Beaumont, E. Walker, A. M. Sturf